THE WEATHER.

Fair today and Monday; not much change in temperature; light variable winds.

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THRILLING RESCUE FROM THE RIGGING

Four Members of Crew of Wilmington-Bound Schooner Saved off Hatteras.

AFTER HOURS OF SUFFERING

Harry Prescott, a Total Loss—Revenue Cutter Itasca Stands by All Night—Heroic Work of Life Savers.

Although she had not passed in over Cape Fear bar at 10 o'clock last night, the United States revenue cutter Itasca, Capt. John G. Berry commanding, was hourly expected to arrive at Southport last night or early this morning, bringing four members of the crew of the Wilmington-bound schooner Harry Prescitt, which lies a total wreck on the treacherous shoals two miles east of Cape Hatteras, according to advices in marine circles here yesterday.

Capt. V. R. Philbrook, Mate T. S. Smith and Steward George O. Robbins, of the Prescott, were rescued by the life savers of Creeds Hill and Cape Hatteras after they had jumped overboard Friday noon and the four men now on board the Itasca, en route to Wilmington, were rescued at daylight yesterday morning after having been lashed in the rigging of the vessel for 36 hours in the face of a severe northwest wind and a temperature below freezing. The cutter is expected up to her station here today and the shipwrecked crew will be taken care of until arrangements are made for their return North.

Face to face with death for more than 30 hours, the four men gave up all hope of being saved at 8 o'clock Friday night when the life savers of Creeds Hill and Cape Hatteras made a final effort to rescue them and failed.

Their hopes were raised two hours later, however, when the revenue cutter Itasca, which had been summoned from Beaufort, N. C., by wireless, throwing the rays of her searchlight over the ocean located the men, clinging desperately to the masts of the ship, which many hours before had gone down, never to rise again.

The Itasca under forced draught hove in sight and made her way as close as possible to the imperiled men.

The seas were so rough, the tide so strong and the wind so high that the revenue cutter could not get close enough to the sunken vessel to take off the four men, who despite their awful plight, shouted to those on the Itasca their heartfelt gratitude.

The Itasca signalled life savers on the beach and the latter prepared to launch several lifeboats, to again go to the assistance of the four men.

With only the three masts of the sunken ship visible above the water, and the searchlight of the Itasca playing on the four men clinging to the rigging, the scene at Hatteras at 1 o'clock yesterday morning beggared description.

Try as they might, surf boats armed with life savers were driven back time after time when they attempted to draw near enough to the sunken schooner to take off the men clinging to her rigging. The schooner is sunk on the inner shoals, which made it that much more difficult for life savers to reach her.

A telegram from Norfolk states that the men were rescued at daybreak yesterday by the life savers of Creed Hill, Big Kinnaket and Cape Hatteras and a crew from the revenue cutter Itasca.

The men, despite their awful experience, slid down the masts to which they were sliding with the nimbleness of trained athletes, when the life boats reached them and they were told to come down.

Life savers had stood by the sunken schooner since Thursday night, when she was first sighted and after making a dozen attempts to rescue the four men were driven back by the high seas and swift running tide.

When the Itasca reached the scene late Friday night, the life savers, themselves exhausted, again went to the assistance of the men, but could not reach them. The Itasca stood by the sunken vessel all night and at daybreak life savers and a picked crew from the revenue cutter again started for the sunken schooner in life boats.

The weather was more favorable yesterday morning and after several attempts the men in the life boats reached the masts of the schooner which are the only portions of the ship visible above the water. The four sailors were told to come down, and they lost no time in obeying.

They were taken to the Itasca where Capt. V. R. Philbrook, Mate T. S. Smith and Steward George O. Robbins, rescued Friday from the sunken schooner, were being cared for. The Itasca left for Wilmington with the rescued sailors on board at once.

The schooner struck at 9 o'clock Thursday night. She began to pound heavily from the start and by 8 o'clock Friday morning her decks were covered with water, bar bains and railing torn away by the heavy seas. Her captain, mate and steward sought safety on the boom of the doomed vessel, while four members of the crew ran up her mast and tied themselves in her rigging.

Life savers, because of high seas, could not reach the men, and those on

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A SENSATION IN LORIMER INQUIRY

Wm. J. Burns, the Detective Worked Three Months Gathering Evidence.

WILL PRESENT IT THIS WEEK

Evidence Will be Used to Refute Testimony of a Lorimer Witness—Scope of Inquiry Widened Considerably.

Washington, Jan. 20.—Developments more or less sensational, about to take place in the Lorimer case, will disclose that William J. Burns, the detective who built up the evidence around the McNamara dynamiters, has been at work for at least three months gathering evidence to be presented next week to the committeee investigating the election of the junior senator from Illinois.

Detective Burns was employed for about a month by the Senate committee and later was engaged by the interests fighting to unseat Lorimer. The committee discontinued his services, according to the members today, because of the almost prohibitive expense. It is reported that the end sought by the anti-Lorimer interests is the impeachment of a certain witness, who gave testimony in Senator Lorimer's defense relating to the alleged statement of C. F. Wiehe, a brother-in-law of Edward Hines, that a "jack pot" fund of $100,000 was used "to put Lorimer over."

In substance, Burns is declared to have reported to the committee that he was prepared to offer evidence that one of the witnesses who testified in regard to this incident had confessed he was paid $1,500 to come to Washington. The photographic method by which Burns obtained the alleged confession is also said to have been laid before the committee. Burns came to Washington last Tuesday and remained until Wednesday night. His report was communicated to some of the members of the committee, and it is said was laid before the committee in executive session.

It is not claimed that the evidence Burns promises to produce is intended to establish whether or not there was a $100,000 jack pot fund or that Lorimer had knowledge of it. It affects solely the veracity of a witness called by the defense.

This new evidence will be laid before the committee after the cross examination of Senator Lorimer is finished next week. He will resume the witness chair on Monday afternoon, and probably will finish his testimony by Wednesday. It also become known that evidence in rebuttal will follow Senator Lorimer's testimony. The committee's process servers have finally produced a former member of the Illinois Legislature, whom they had not been able to find until recently. It is also the purpose of the committee to continue further its investigation into investments of money which certain members of the Legislature are alleged to have made shortly after May 26th, 1909.

These new developments have widened the scope of the inquiry considerably, and it will not be closed quite so soon as was expected. The investigating committee had intended to close the testimony next week.

DYNAMITE INVESTIGATIONS.

Result of Inquiry Will Be Made Known In Ten Days.

Indianapolis, Jan. 20.—The result of the Federal grand jury's investigation of the dynamite conspiracy is to be made public within ten days. It also was learned today that the government had secured "inside information which has considerably expedited the work of the investigators. What the character of this help was, the government officials refused to make known, but it was intimated that it came from persons who before had been expected to oppose the inquiry. Although the grand jury held no session today, attaches of District Attorney Charles W. Miller's office were occupied with going over certain facts relating to the presence in St. Louis in November, 1910, of O. A. Tveitmoe, an official of the California Building Trades Council, who is under indictment in California. Ortie McManigal said, soon after that time, on orders from J. J. McNamara, he went to the Pacific coast to do dynamiting.

TWO MEN INJURED.

Runaway Caboose and Box Car Crashed Into Train.

Charlotte, N. C., Jan. 20.—Two men, both from Charlotte, were injured, one fatally, early tonight, when a runaway caboose and a box car crashed into a through freight on the Southern Railway on a steep grade near here. L. D. Caldwell, superintendent of the power plant at Kings Mountain, was mortally injured, and J. R. Haring, flagman, was seriously hurt.

New York, Jan. 20.—The lull in aviation activities was broken by a remarkable flight by George W. Beatty on Long Island, late today. Carrying three men, Beatty flew for a distance of more than 16 miles, from Nassau Boulevard to Belmont Park and back. The combined weight of the four men was 544 pounds.

TAFT DENOUNCED JUDICIAL RECALL

President Spoke Before the Meeting of New York Bar Association.

CONCLUDED A BUSY EVENING

Taft Declared All People Are Not Fitted for Popular Government and He Was Not Afraid to Say So.

New York, Jan. 20.—With a feeling denunciation of the principle of judicial recall, delivered at the Bar Association of the State of New York at its banquet tonight, President Taft concluded a busy evening here which he employed chiefly in speech-making at three different functions.

After a plea for simplification of legal procedure, which he argued with much earnestness before the company of lawyers, Mr. Taft waxed even more incisive in coming to the topic upon which he evidently felt so deeply.

"We do not believe that all people are fitted for popular government," he said. "Some of us don't dare say so, but I do, and the question whether a people is fitted for popular self government depends upon the restraint that the minority can place upon the majority to see that justice is done.

"We of the bar are called upon to decide whether we are going to protect the institution of the judiciary and continue it independent of a majority during the time that it is deciding questions of law and justice.

"The judicial recall! The words themselves are so inconsistent that I hate to utter them. Are we going to make our constitution a liquid thing, so that a majority can flood the halls of justice, decide every action and override with popular passion and prejudice every principle of this government, the greatest God ever made?

"You must bear in mind that this matter of judicial recall is being agitated the country over; that the men speaking for it are many. What I call your attention to is that it is necessary that good people like you should speak the truth that's in you in favor of courts and their independence, and the restraints of the constitution that were imposed by the wisest ancestors any people ever had."

In reference to the simplification of legal procedure, the President said that he had had a feeling that the bar and the bench "owed to the people greater effort toward making the administration of law effective and just by expediting justice.

"I am glad to know," he said, "that there is now a profound effort to study where it is that we can shorten litigation so that delay won't make just judgment unjust."

President Taft visited New York tonight for the third time within a little over a month. He came from New Haven, Conn., where today he attended a meeting of the Yale Corporation. He was the speaking guest here tonight at three banquets. He dined with the New York State Bar Association, in company with Ambassador Jusserand, Senator Elihu Root, president of the association; Governor Dix, and nearly a thousand others at the Waldorf. The lawyers gave the President a round of hearty cheers.

After enjoying the feast he left the lawyers for a while and dropped in upon a gathering of 600 jewelers at the dinner of the 24-Carat Club, and then attended the dinner of the Society of the Gennessee, returning later to speak at the Bar Association banquet.

The nearest the President came to anything political in his early speeches, was in thanking the jewelers for a gold watch with which they presented him, and it was not certain whether his reference then to "difficulties in running" involved his avoirdupois or politics.

At the G. A. R. Association dinner Ambassador Jusserand spoke on the law's delay, and viewing the attempts in years gone by to simplify legal procedure. He was glad that at last members of the bar themselves were leading in the fight for humanity's sake to abolish the delays from which they do not suffer. His address was mainly of an academic nature.

Senator Root spoke of the principles of justice and declared that if they are to be subordinated to the majority, the liberty of the people soon would be lost. He said many of the old theories are being questioned these days and that the problems confronting the bar were more serious than lawyers ever had to consider before.

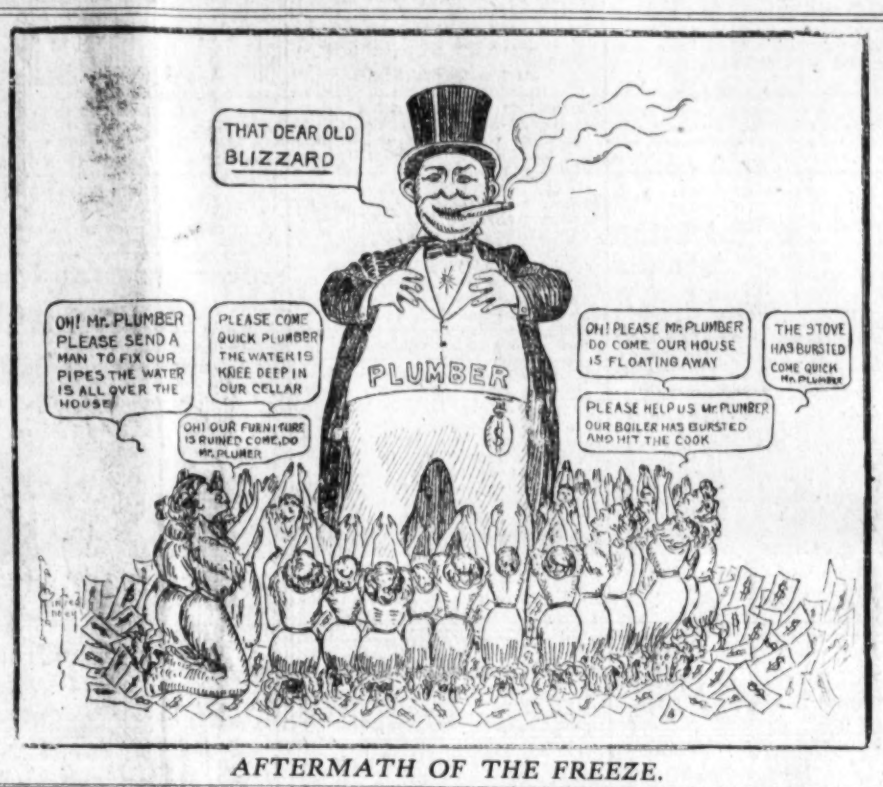
ROOSEVELT CLUB.

Chicagoans Favoring His Nomination Organize Committee.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—Chicagoans favoring the nomination of Col. Theodore Roosevelt for President, today formed a National Roosevelt Committee, which they said was organized to aid similar organizations in other States to promote "Roosevelt sentiment."

Chicago business and professional men are back of the movement, it was announced.

Possibility that the progressive Republicans, who are to meet in Springfield, Ill., next Saturday, in a State conference, may be divided into Roosevelt and LaFollette factions, caused some comment among politicians here today.


THAT DEAR OLD BLIZZARD
OH! Mr. PLUMBER PLEASE SEND A MAN TO FIX OUR PIPES THE WATER IS ALL OVER THE HOUSE!
PLEASE COME QUICK PLUMBER THE WATER IS KNEE DEEP IN OUR CELLAR
OH! OUR FURNITURE IS RUINED COME DO Mr. PLUMBER
PLUMBER
OH! PLEASE Mr. PLUMBER DO COME OUR HOUSE IS FLOATING AWAY
PLEASE HELP US Mr. PLUMBER OUR BOILER HAS BURSTED AND HIT THE COOK
THE STOVE HAS BURSTED COME QUICK Mr. PLUMBER

AFTERMATH OF THE FREEZE.

REPUGNANT TO BUSINESS MEN

Representative Bankers, Shippers and Cotton Dealers Denounce Liverpool Plan of Bills of Lading Valuation.

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 20.—Representative bankers, shippers and cotton dealers, whose interests extend throughout the cotton-growing States of the South, reiterated today that the so-called "Liverpool Plan" of bills of lading valuation, through the medium of a central bureau, is "repugnant to sound business principles," and refused to sanction the plan as originally drafted at the European Bankers' Conference or as amended several times as to details. Instead, a committee was appointed to meet with representatives of the European bankers and cotten men at Memphis Monday to arrange, if possible, another plan.

M. H. Kern, chairman of the Liverpool cotton bills of lading committee, J. Hope Simpson, secretary of the European Bankers' Committee, and Mr. Charles S. Haight, representative in the United States of the European cotton interests, who came to Memphis for that purpose, were the only advocates of the plan at today's conference. They explained the plan in detail, but at the end of their argument the Southern cotten men were unconvinced and after three hours' of spirited debate, adopted resolutions denouncing the proposal.

Sol Wexler, of New Orleans, suggested that a committee, to be named by the chairman of the conference, Mr. Elias Porter, of Memphis, confer further with the English delegation on

(Continued on Page Eight).

OUTLINES

It is possible that the foreign powers may take a hand in Chinese affairs if present conditions continue.

The United States now ranks second among the naval powers of the world, being slightly in the lead of Germany.

Shuster, deposed treasurer-general of Persia, declared yesterday that the British and Russian action had ruined the Persian nation.

The district attorney, who has charge of the prosecution of the Chicago packers, thinks the government has made a good case against them.

At a meeting of representative business men of the South in Memphis, Tenn., yesterday, the Liverpool plan of bill of lading valuation was denounced.

The finding of three lots of dynamite stored in Lawrence, Mass., yesterday lent weight to fears that destruction of the mill property by strikers would be attempted.

A sensation was sprung yesterday in the Lorimer investigation when it became known that Detective Wm. J. Burns had been working three months on evidence to refute a Lorimer witness.

After facing death 36 hours, lashed in the rigging of their ship, which had gone down on the treacherous shoals two miles east of Cape Hatteras, four members of the crew of the Wilmington-bound schooner Harry Prescott were rescued at daylight yesterday by a picked crew from the Revenue Cutter Itasca and life savers. They were brought to Wilmington on board the cutter.

New York Markets: Money on call nominal. Spot cotton closed quiet, 5 points lower. Wheat spot steady, No. 2 red 99 1-4 elevator, export basis and 1.01 1-2 f.o.b. afloat. Corn, spot firm, new 72 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin and turpentine quiet.

Remington typewriters, No. 6 and No. 7 models, $35 and $40, $5 cash and $5 per month. These machines are factory rebuilt and are guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction. Remington Typewriter Co., 107 Princess Bldg., phone 878. **

PERSIA IS A LAND OF CHAOS

Shuster, the Deposed Treasurer General, Declares That British and Russian Action Has Ruined the Nation.

Vienna, Jan. 20.—"The net result of the British and Russian action in Persia renders a nation, which was making progress towards peace and order, and was building up its finances for the establishment of a constitutional government, a land of chaos and anarchy, without prestige among its own people, and in addition, has meant the sacrifice of hundreds of innocent lives."

This statement was made today by W. Morgan Shuster, the American who was dismissed as treasurer general of Persia recently, and who has just arrived here.

"The Mohammedan people," he continued, "are further aroused against the Christian nations. Great Britain and Russia, far from being on a more solid basis of friendship, are now face to face on opposite sides of a disorganized territory.

"The Russian and British legations are the real governing forces in Persia. They are acting through a directory of seven Persians in order to avoid international responsibility, but morally, they are responsible for the destruction of Persian nationality, when it gave promise of establishing a stable constitutional government.

"The seven men who are nominally governing Persia are without character or reputation. They do not command the slightest respect of their countrymen and would not exist a day without the protection of the Russian and British legations.

Russian forces and influences are steadily advancing southwards, and unless there is a break in the present trend of events, the realization of Russia's dream of a warm water port is a matter of only a few years. Great Britain will then be confronted with a living Russian-Indian frontier problem.

"The past year's action of the European Nations in Morocco, Tripoli and Persia does not encourage the hope of international peace. The fact that the Mohammedans have been driven to the wall renders future retaliation inevitable. The most regrettable feature of Persia's dismemberment is the fact that it might have been entirely prevented had Great Britain frankly objected at the beginning to Russia's flagrant violation of the Anglo-Russian agreement, commencing with her claim last Summer of the right to veto appointments of Persian officials and culmination in the dispatch of her army into Persia on the false pretext that a Persian official had printed a pamphlet criticising Russia's previous action in Persia."

TRUST MUST DISSOLVE.

International Harvester Co., Will be Prosecuted by Government.

Washington, Jan. 20—Attorney General Wickersham told members of the House Committee on Rules today that it would not be necessary for them to recommend a Congressional investigation of the International Harvester Company, as his department was actively planning the dissolution of that corporation. On this information the committee agreed to delay action on the resolution of inquiry introduced by Representative Foster, of Illinois.

The Attorney General did not indicate the department's plans definitely, but members of the committee said they understood the Harvester Corporation had been flatly informed that it must voluntarily dissolve or be forced to dissolve by government suit. Officials of the corporation conferred recently with the Attorney General.

New York, Jan. 20.—The statement of the clearing house banks for the week shows that the banks hold $36,902,000 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is an increase of $7,843,750 in the proportionate cash reserve as compared with last week.

GOVERNMENT HAS GOOD CASE

District Attorney Thinks Substantial Progress Has Been Made in the Packers' Trial—Resume of Evidence Offered.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—United States District Attorney Wilkerson declares that the government, in the first six weeks of the trial, has made substantial progress in the offerings of evidence in support of its charge that the Chicago packers maintained a combination in restraint of trade.

When court adjourned today the government had examined 17 witnesses and offered in evidence 120 documents of various kinds bearing on the business methods of the men under indictment.

A summary of the government's evidence thus far presented, according to District Attorney Wilkerson, shows:

That the packers between 1894 and 1902 had a pool which met every Tuesday and divided territory, fixed percentages of shipments, agreed upon margins and followed a uniform system in figuring the test cost of beef.

That these weekly meetings stopped for a few months after the issuance of Judge Grosscup's injunction against the packers in 1902.

That these meetings were resumed at the homes of the members in the Summer of 1902.

That the Armour, Swift and Morris interests acquired by purchase on joint account the plants of eight competitors, and attempted to form a giant merger of the packing interests of the country with a capital of nearly a billion dollars.

That this plan was abandoned because of the inability of the promoters to finance it.

That the National Packing Company was forced in March, 1903, to operate the plants of the eight competitors and that its stock was divided between the Armour, Swift and Morris interests.

That since then the packers as directors and officers of the National Packing Company, have held weekly meetings at which the practice of dividing territory, fixing percentage shipments and agreeing on margins was continued throughout the period covered by the indictment.

That the system of figuring the test cost of beef, used, in one form or other by the members of the alleged combinations, was the basis used in fixing margins.

That the representatives of Armour, Swift, Morris and the National Packing Company in New York and Boston met in 1905 and 1906 daily, and exchanged figures on shipments, margins and selling prices.

That the packers sent weekly instructions to their branch house managers in every territory, giving shipments to be made and margins.

Counsel for the defense maintain that the evidense so far presented does not substantiate the charges in the indictment, and are prepared to call scores of witnesses who, they declare, will disprove the contentions which the government relies on in the case.

The defense lays special stress on the circumstance that practically all of the evidence thus far adduced refers to periods outside of the three years included in the indictment.

REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE.

Call Issued for Meeting in Raleigh, February 28th.

Greensboro, N. C., Jan. 20.—Republican State Chairman John M. Morehead today issued a call for a meeting of the State committee in Raleigh, Wednesday, February 28th. The object stated is "To designate the place and date for holding a State convention, to name delegates at large to the Republican National Convention, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the State committee."

INTERVENTION IN CHINA POSSIBLE

Foreign Powers Will Not Permit Latest Demands of Republicans.

CANNOT RESTRAIN MANCHUS

Manchu Soldiers Who Form Majority of Imperial Troops, Will Very Likely Use Their Arms—The Ultimatum.

Peking, Jan. 20.—It is unlikely that the foreign powers will permit the latest demands of the Republicans, which include the abdication of the throne and surrender of its sovereign powers, exclusion of the Manchus from participation in the provisional government, and Premier Yuan Shi Kai's elimination from the provisional government until the Republic has been recognized, to be fulfilled without protest. It is even possible there will be intervention.

Should the throne comply with the Republican ultimatum and abdicate without delegating any authority over the northern provinces, the foreign legations here fear chaos will ensue and that foreign lives will be endangered in the interim between abdication and the extension of the Republican administration to the North, supported by a sufficient army to suppress the Manchu troops and people.

The Chinese soldiers who, hitherto have remained loyal to the Imperial government, might transfer their allegiance, but the Manchu soldiers, forming a majority of the Imperial army, in and near Peking, may be expected to use their arms. Indeed, it is a question whether Yuan Shi Kai will be able to restrain them in the event of the abdication of the throne. The foreign legations have no desire to transgress neutrality. They seek only to prevent the Northern provinces being left to the mercy of the lawless soldiery.

The Republican ultimatum promises that President Sun Yat Sen will retire from his position and that Yuan Shi Kai, although he will not be permitted to have control of the provisional government, shall be nominated for permanent President of the Republic.

Battle Probable.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 20.—A dispatch from Kulja, Eastern Turkestan, says that the revolutionists have decided to send a detachment of 2,000 men with three guns on Monday to occupy Tolkina Pass, where they expect to meet the Chinese government forces which are advancing from Urumptsi north of the Tian Shan mountains. If the negotiations fail, a battle is inevitable.

To Send Relief to China.

New York, Jan. 20.—Steps to facilitate the sending of relief to the starving millions in China, sufferers from the war and flood conditions, were taken at a meeting of well known New Yorkers with Bishop Greer, of the Protestant Episcopal church, today. The bishop was authorized to appoint a committee of which he will be chairman, to visit Washington and consult with President Taft and officials of the American Red Cross Society to decide upon plans of co-operation by which relief can be brought about as quickly as possible. The committee is expected to visit Washington not later than next Wednesday.

PEACE TREATY SIGNED.

Argentina and Colombia Agree Upon Arbitration Treaty.

Washington, Jan. 20.—World peace was strengthened by the signing in Washington today of a general arbitration treaty between the Argentine Republic and the United States of Colombia. The treaty, which is almost exactly like those negotiated by the United States with Great Britain and France, was signed by Romulo S. Naon for Argentina and Geneari Pedro Nel Ospina for Colombia, ministers from those countries to the United States.

As neither country had a diplomatic representative in the capital of the other, the treaty was signed by their representatives here. The United States took no part in the negotiation.

In general, the pact, while following closely the lines of the pending treaties between the United States and Great Britain and France, is like the arbitration treaty signed between the countries of Italy and Argentina 15 years ago, and the one made by Argentina and Venezuela last October.

Practically every question involving rights in international disputes, except those which may conflict with provisions of the constitution of either country, may be settled by arbitration, under this treaty. A court consisting of a representative of each country and a neutral third person, mutually agreed upon, will constitute a permanent adjudicating body.

Washington, Jan. 20.—James W. Spencer, of Cleveland, an engineer who has watched the spoliation of Niagara Falls for many years, displayed photographs and diagrams before the House Committee on Foreign Affairs today, to show the steady encroachment on the scenic beauty of the falls, resulting from the diversion of water for power purposes.

MR. ARTHUR HAMME DEAD

End Came Suddenly Last Night at Home of Parents—Funeral.

Friends of Mr. Arthur Henry Hamme, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Hamme, will be deeply grieved to learn of his sudden death, which occurred at the residence of his parents, No. 106 North Fourth street, at 10:30 o'clock last night. The young man had been to the Y. M. C. A. where he had spent a busy hour in the gymnasium, and he was in the act of reaching up to turn on an electric light in his home when the attack came. He was ill only about 20 minutes and it is thought that he must have ruptured an artery or suffered some congestion following the vigorous exercise which he had been taking.

Arthur Hamme, who was 19 years of age on July 12th last, was a young man of powerful physique, and a very popular and manly young fellow. He was a graduate of the Wilmington High School, and was employed in the purchasing agent's office of the Atlantic Coast Line. He was a most faithful member of St. James' Episcopal church.

The deceased is survived by his father and mother, two brothers, Mr. Linwood Hamme, of Oxford, N. C., and Mr. Fred Hamme, in business with his father in this city, and one younger sister, Miss Nellie Hamme, 11 years of age, all of whom will have the sympathy of the entire community in the great loss sustained in their bereavement.

The funeral will be held from the home this morning at 10:30 o'clock. Rev. Wm. H. Milton, rector of St. James' church, will conduct the services and interment will be made in Oakdale cemetery.

ASSOCIATED OF CREDIT MEN.

Committees for the Year Announced by President Rogers.

Mr. L. B. Rogers, president of the Wilmington Association of Credit Men, yesterday announced standing committees for the year as follows:

Legislative—C. C. Covington, chairman; Hubert Ramseur, Fayetteville; M. M. Marks, Newbern; Rowland W. Wright, G. J. Boney.

Membership—Geo. V. Harrell, chairman; C. B. Newcomb, F. E. Hashagen, E. McD. Reynolds.

Bankruptcy Law—J. A. Taylor, chairman; A. S. Peatross, L. Bluethenthal, J. W. Brooks.

Credit Department Methods—J. B. Rice, A. B. McNair, E. L. Mathews, J. S. Funchess.

Mercantile Agency—B. O. Stone, chairman, Abe Schultz, J. M. Stevenson.

Credit CoOperation—L. E. Hall, chairman; John R. Hanby, W. E. Perdew, A. D. Wessell, Jr., J. E. Winstead.

Investigation and Prosecution—D. D. Barber, chairman; I. W. Cooper, L. W. Davis, D. McEachern, J. C. Heyer.

Fire Insurance—Eduard Ahrens, chairman; T. E. Cooper, John H. Rehder, J. M. Loasia, B. Solomon.

Business Literature—H. L. Hunt, chairman, L. A. Scott, S. R. Keyes.

Banking and Currency—E. T. Taylor, chairman; Claude Gore, Rockingham; L. Weil, Goldsboro; Geo. O. Gaylord and J. W. Yates.

Entertainment and Reception—Chas. N. Evans, chairman; T. D. Love, Emanuel Bear.

Negro Killed at Ivanhoe.

A report reached ... city yesterday that a negro who filled up on mean liquor and tried to shoot up the town of Ivanhoe, N. C., last night, was himself shot and instantly killed by a Mr. Corbett, a Pullman conductor, who was visiting his old home at Ivanhoe at the time. The sheriff and coroner of Sampson county were telegraphed for. Ivanhoe is on the A. & Y. railroad, between Wilmington and Fayetteville.

Funeral of Mr. B. F. Swann.

The funeral of Mr. Benjamin F. Swann, whose death occurred at the James Walker Memorial Hospital Friday night at 10:30 o'clock, will be held from his late residence, No. 612 North Fifth street, this afternoon at 2 o'clock. The services will be conducted by Rev. Thos. P. Noe, rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd.

RAILROAD CELEBRATION.

Prominent Visitors Arriving at Key West For The Occasion.

Key West, Fla., Jan. 20.—Everything is in readiness tonight for the celebration here Monday of the opening of the over-the-sea section of the Florida East Coast Railroad. The city is beautifully decorated. The water front also is gay with foreign and American warships, merchant vessels and private yachts.

The week's celebration will commence Monday with the reception by Mayor J. N. Fogarty of Assistant Secretary of War Oliver, as the representative of President Taft, and the other distinguished American and foreign visitors who are en route from Washington. The visitors later will inspect the railroad construction work and be entertained with a grand ball at the navy yard at night.

Tuesday will be set aside for a military and civic parade, with inspections of the naval and military reservations here. Receptions and other social features will mark the other days of the week.

Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. 20.—A distinguished party of United States Senators, Congressmen, army and navy officers, special representatives of President Taft and attaches of foreign powers, besides a score of other government officials, arrived here in a special train today from the national capital, en route to Key West, Fla., to be present at the celebration of the arrival of the first trains over the Florida East Coast railway to the island city. Tonight they were entertained at a banquet at a local hotel and tomorrow they will leave for Key West.

THE DANGER OF LA GRIPPE.

Is its fatal tendency to pneumonia. To cure your la grippe coughs take Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. R. E. Fisher, Washington, Kas., says: "I was troubled with a severe attack of la grippe and nothing I used did me any good and I was threatened with pneumonia. A friend advised me to use Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and I got some at once. I was relieved from the very first. By the time I had taken three bottles my la grippe was gone. I believe Foley's Honey and Tar Compound to be the best medicine I ever used and always keep a bottle with me." Robt. R. Bellamy.

..Theatrical..

The Academy's next attraction will be one of the popular price kind and it will be a splendid one, too. It will be the La Petite Viola Company, that will appear for two nights this, Wednesday and Thursday, offering the well-known dramatic success, 'Mary, of 3-Bar Ranch,".

The company is said to be agood one and the fact that it is playing at 10, 20 and 30 cents should attract large audiences. The play is a Western drama, filled with stirring incidents, and alive with the very best of comedy. It will be given a fine presentation with special scenery and effects by a competent cast. Seats for Wednesday night will be on sale at Plummer's Tuesday morning and the usual ladies' free tickets will prevail for the opening night, providing seats are reserved at Plummer's by 6 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

Three Twins" Saturday Matinee and Night.

"Three Twins," Joseph M. Gaites' successful musical comedy, the attraction booked at the Academy for next Saturday, January 27th, for an engagement of matinee and night, is full of interesting dramatic history. Mrs. R. Pacheo's famous farce comedy, "Incog," of wnich the musical

WALTER NEALE

play is an adaptation, was originally produced at the Bijou Theatre, New York City, February 22, 1892, with Mr. Charles Dickens, the adapter, in the star role. The play had a phenomenal run before it was finally taken off There are several bits of real life romance connected with "Incog," among them being the origin of the famous old saying, "It is to laugh." On the opening performance Louis Mann's (who was in the cast) dear little mother sat in the front row; and after the final curtain, Charles Dickson asked her opinion of the play. She replied in her quaint German way, "Ach' It is to laugh," and since then every German comedian on the stage has at one time or another used this sentence in his work.

Two seasons ago the idea was conceived of making a musical comedy version of "Incog," and when put into execution resulted in the "Three Twins." It was an instataneous success and especially was this through the catchy lyrics and the beautiful music. Every one of the numbers scored an individual hit and the press and public were unanimous in their praise of the striking melodies

Seats will go on sale Friday for both performances.

Shakespearean Productions.

E. H. Sothern, who appears here with Julia Marlowe in Taming of the Shrew at the Academy of Music, Wednesday night, February 21st, was lately interviewed on the controversy which has waged betweein Bernard Beerbohm Tree and George Bernard Shaw over the propriety of scenic elaborations in Shakespearean productions 'I might," caid Mr. Sothern, "go to one extreme and advertise to the pubic that I would give a performance of 'Macbeth' on the stage and without any other suggestion of scenery save such as might be found printed on placards stuck up about the stage: 'This is a desert place;' 'This is a blasted heath'; 'This is a cavern with a cauldron in the middle;' but such a presentation would be as disturbing to the faculties which Shaw insists should be directed to the lines and the acting as over-elaborate scenery and obtrusive scenic effects would be. I aim after the impression. My scenery I wish to be like my music, a hand-maid to the action and the poetry, never obtrusively evident, but neither obtrusively retiring. To see too much of scenery is to waste that much attention which should be devoted to the unfoldment of the drama. To see too little is to invite surprise and disconcerting speculation, robbing the action of as much attention as is lost in wonderment at too elaborate settings. The middle path is right."

Certainly, anyone who has been following the presentations of Shakespeare by Sothern and Marlowe can not but have been impressed with the discreet, tactful and withal beautiful background against which the plays are worked out.

At The Bijou.

Now for another big week at the Bijou. No sooner does one great week end in a blaze of glory than another commences. Such is the happy Bijou life for its hundreds and hundreds of devotees. Tomorrow will inaugurate a new week, and the initial bill is going to be of giant size that will appeal to all. Fun is going to be the principal ingredient, and this will prove decidedly magnetic, because folks like to laugh. Mirth is a great balm and it will act as a good tonic. One of the leading smile-pictures at the Bijou tomorrow will be "The Joke on the Joker." It is a breezy story about a breezy subject—the traveling salesman. This particular individual is always playing jokes on others, but finally the worm turns, and it does so, too, in highly amusing manner. "Who Got the Necklace," is another bunch of merriment. It tells of a married man who stops in a gambling joint while on his way to have his wife's diamond necklace repaired. He becomes so enthused over the game that he pawns the necklace and then passes a paste one off on his wife. The complications that arise are screams. "The Maid's Double" is another big film success, one of the best in the dramatic line, and the other films for tomorrow are also daisies. The music will be fresh and crisp, and will delight all.

At The Grand Theatre.

The Grand Theatre will as usual begin the new week with a big and extraordinary bill of high-class motion pictures. No matter what the weather, the theatre will be found comfortable and pleasant and it will be a real joy for everybody to visit The Grand. The two top-line pictures for tomorrow are the "Mission Father" (Melie's), the setting of which is in old California, when the Mexicans held sway, and "Pull for the Shore, Sailor," from the "Madonna of the Tubs," by Elizabeth Stuart Phelps. The "Madonna of the Tubs" is simply a washerwoman who lives on the outskirts of a country village with her husband and children. Henry leaves on a fishing voyage, the night before having been induced by his comrades to take a drink. He returns to his home and then follows a scene and finally the perils of a Northern voyage are told in pictures that fairly bristle with excitement and the grandeur of a storm at sea. Both these pictures will be found very pleasing and with a third that will be offered, there will not be a dull moment at The Grand tomorrow afternoon and evening. Mr. Harry Morgan will have a new song and the orchestra will be on hand as usual with sweet music to give charm to the performance.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Announcements by Wilmington Pastors for Pulpits Today.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Market and Seventeenth streets.—Services at 11 A. M. and 8:15 P. M. Subject of Lesson Sermon: "Life."

St. James' church, Rev. Wm. H. Milton, D. D., pastor.—Morning prayer and sermon, at 11. Evening prayer and sermon at 8 P. M. A cordial welcome to all, especially to visitors and strangers.

Bladen Street Methodist church, Fifth and Bladen streets, Rev. W. L. Rexford, pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school at 3:30 P. M., J. B. Taylor, superintendent. Quarterly conference next Wednesday night at 8 o'clock, and sermon by Rev. N. H. D. Wilson, presiding elder of the Wilmington district. All are invited.

Grace M. E. church, corner Fourth and Grace streets, Rev. J. C. Wooten, pastor.—Sermons by the pastor at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday-school at 3:30 P. M., L. B. Rogers, superintendent. The pastor will preach at the Wrightsville church in the afternoon.

St. John's church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector.—Service and sermon at 11 A. M. Special Sunday school missionary service, 4 P. M. Evening service and sermon, 8 P. M. There will be no early celebration of the Holy Communion.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, corner of Sixth and Market streets, Rev. W. A. Snyder, D. D., pastor.—English service at 11 A. M.; vesper service, 7:30 P. M. Sunday school, 3:30 P. M. Annual election of officers for the Sunday school immediately after the session. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

Brooklyn Baptist church, southwest corner Fourth and Brunswick streets, Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor—Services Sunday morning at 11; Sunday evening at 7:30. Subject of morning sermon: "Be Ye Doers of the Word, and Not Learn Only." Evening, "Forsaken." Sunday school at 3:30 P. M. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. B. Y. P. U. Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Hearty welcome to all.

Christian church, Dock street near Fourth, H. C. Bowen, pastor—Sunday school, 9:45 A. M. Preaching, 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. by the pastor. Christian Endeavor, 6:45 P. M. Prayer meeting, Thursday, 8 P. M. A warm welcome to all. Seats free.

Trinity Methodist church, corner Ninth and Market streets, Rev. E. C. Sell, pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school, at 3:30 P. M. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Epworth League meeting Friday evening at 8 o'clock. All the members are urged to attend. Strangers cordially invited. Everybody welcome.

St. Thomas' church, Dock near Second street.—Mass, 9 A. M. Instructions on Catholic doctrine and benediction, 8 P. M.

St. Mary's church, Fifth and Ann streets.—First mass, 7 A. M. Last mass and sermon, 10:30 A. M. Vespers, sermon, 7:45 P. M.

POLITICAL SITUATION.

Clark and Bryan Discussed Political Problems.

Washington, Jan. 20.—Speaker Champ Clark, candidate for the Democratic Presidential nomination, and Henry Watterson, of Louisville, discussed the political situation here today. Whether they discussed Presidential prospects neither would say.

"I don't think we talked about anything that would interest the general public just now," said Speaker Clark. "I learned nearly all I know about politics in the early days from reading Watterson's editorials. When I was a boy in Kentucky my father sent me to a farmer, 60 miles from Louisville, who could not read. One of my jobs was to read to the farmer at night. I used to read him Watterson's editorials and there I got my first political ideas.

"Years afterwards, when a young man, I introduced Watterson to an audience in my home town and we've been friends ever since. I always go to see him when he comes to Washington."

RAILROAD STRIKE.

Meeting Will be Held to Settle Harriman Road Strike.

Ogden, Utah, Jan. 20.—Persistent rumors that a meeting will be held in the East, probably in Chicago, within the next few days to settle the Harriman railroad strike, were current today, though they could not be verified, as the general strike situation is entirely out of the hands of the local railroad officials and under the jurisdiction of Julius Kruttschnitt, of the Harriman system.

It is understood the strikers will arbitrate, although the railroads so far have held steadfastly to their first stand in not recognizing the strike organization.

Hodeida, Arabia, Jan. 20.—The Italian gunboat Volturno today held up the British ship Africa, bound from Hodeida for Aden. Italian officers were sent aboard the Africa and removed twelve Turkish officers, including Colonel Riza Bey, the famous Yemen veteran.

"Our Personal Guarantee to all Skin Sufferers"

—Robert R. Bellamy.

We have been in business in this town for some time, and we are looking to build up trade by always advising our patrons right.

So when we tell you that we have found the eczema remedy and that we stand back of it with the manufacturer's iron-clad guarantee, backed by ourselves you can depend upon it that we give our advice not in order to sell a few bottles of medicine to skin sufferers, but because we know how it will help our business if we help our patrons.

We keep in stock and sell, all the well-known skin remedies. But we will say this: If you are suffering from any kind of skin trouble eczema, psoriasis, rash or tetter, we want you to try a full size bottle of D. D. D. Prescription. And, if it does not do the work, this bottle will cost you nothing. You alone to judge.

Again and again we have seen how a few drops of this simple wash applied to the skin, takes away the itch, instantly. And the cures all seem to be permanent.

D. D. D. Prescription made by the D. D. D. Laboratories of Chicago, is composed of thymol, glycerine, oil of wintergreen and other healing, soothing, cooling ingredients. And if you are just crazy with itch, you will feel soothed and cooled, the itch absolutely washed away the moment you applied this D. D. D.

We have made fast friends of more than one family by recommending this remedy to a skin sufferer here and there and we want you to try it now on our positive no-pay guarantee.

Robt. R. Bellamy, Wilmington N. C.

CLAIM DISCRIMINATION.

Attack Made Before Commerce Commission on Freight Rates.

Washington, Jan. 20—A vigorous attack was made late today before the Interstate Commerce Commission upon the existing freight rates on iron ore from lower Great Lake ports to points in the Pittsburg district, and upon existing freight rates on finished iron and steel products from points in the Pittsburg district to various cities in other States.

The attack was made by the Pittsburg Steel Company and other manufacturers of iron and steel in the Pittsburg district.

The complainants, who are manufacturers independent of the United States Steel Corporation, aver that they are being discriminated against by the railroads in favor of the United States Steel Corporation in the matter of freight rates on both iron and on the finished products of steel and iron.

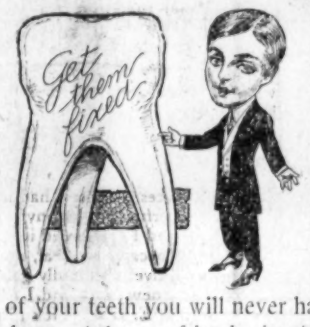
GOES TO SECOND PLACE.

United States Now Ranks Second Among Naval Powers.

Washington, Jan. 20.—The naval year book issued today under the auspices of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, gave the United States second place among the naval powers, this government having 37 battleships, one more than Germany. In armored cruisers Germany has 14 and the United States 12. The combined tonnage of battleships and cruisers shows the United States has 787,638 tons and Germany 768,241 tons.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 20.—Norman E. Mack, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, left Baltimore tonight to arrange for headquarters for the National Committee during the convention next June. While there, he expects to announce the sub-committee of ten, which will have charge of the arrangements for the convention.

A Tooth is as Big as a Man



and bigger — apparently —when it aches. If there is anything the matter with your teeth, get them fixed right away — the quicker the better for your own comfort. We are experts in the Dental line—in every branch of the profession — and if you will let us take care of your teeth you will never have much the matter with them. Ask your friends about us.

Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty.

All work Guaranteed.

Dr. Culbreth's Dental Parlors

RUBBER BOOTS

Big Lot Just Received.

Peterson & Rulfs

NEXT TO MURCHISON BANK.

Ja14-tf

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

A FULL dress suit, such as we'll sell you, will be one of your most serviceable possessions; and you'll spread the cost of it over so long a time that it won't amount to anything per year.

Hart, Schaffner & Marx make these goods for us; and they make them right in style, in quality, in tailoring. We guarantee a perfect fit.

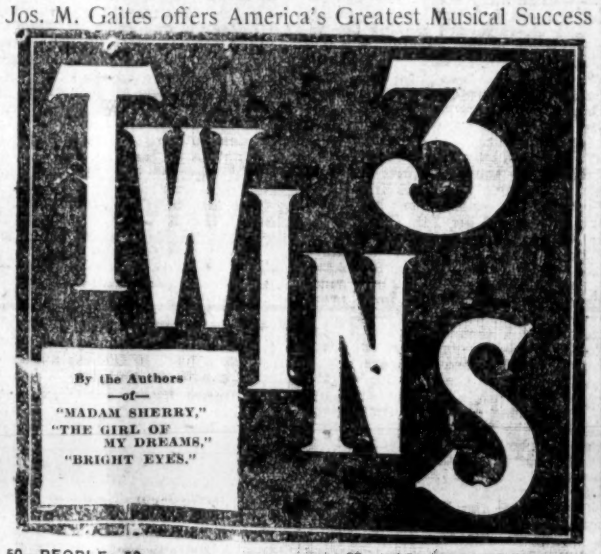
Dress Suits, $35 and up. Tuxedo Coats to match, $20 and up.

This store is the home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

THE A. DAVID COMPANY

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, SAT., JAN. 27
MATINEE AND NIGHT.

Jos. M. Gaites offers America's Greatest Musical Success



50—PEOPLE—50 20—PRETTY SONG HITS—20
30—DAINTY DANCING DARLINGS—30.
Including
THE WORLD FAMOUS YAMA YAMA GIRLS.

PRICES—Matinee $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c; Night, $1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c.
Seat sale opens A. M. at Plummer's.

FREE ADMISSION
To the Aviation Grounds

With every purchase of $10.00 worth or more of goods from our store, for spot cash, on Friday, Saturday or Monday, forenoon, by one person, we will give free one admission ticket to the great Aviation Meet on January 1st, at Highwood Park, upon the following conditions:

Upon entering the store, the purchaser must present the attached coupon. Unless coupon is presented, properly filled out upon entering store, ticket will positively not be given.

Name .....

Address .....

I do
I do not subscribe to The Morning Star.

Tickets presented with purchases not transferable.

Wilmington Furniture Co.
Wilmington's Great Furniture Store.

The Greatest Sale of Season

J. M. Solky & Co.

One and two of a kind SUIT SALE

We will put on our counters about 100 odd suits that have been left from this season's styles of Strouse & Bros. and B. Kuppenheimer Co. makes, in order that we do not want to carry them over we have reduced them to a price that is without a doubt a bargain to any one.

One lot of boys' long Pants Suits at one-half price, only a few, so don't delay. Men's Suits cut to the following prices:

A SUIT— { $ 7.50, $10.00 / $12.00, $15.00 / $16.50 } A SUIT

Every garment will bear inspection and it is now left with you to secure a suit that is worth double the money and we are a security to you. If you buy or not we would like you to call and see for yourself.

J. M. Solky & Co.

One-Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

'PHONE 617. MASONIC BLDG.

Members of the Trade Extension Association.

POCAHONTAS Steam COAL

Thacker Lump Coal. Wood, All Cuts. Lime, Cement, Plaster, Walrus Roofing, Shingles, Brick, Pipe, &c

Your orders Respectfully Solicited.

W. B. THORPE & CO.

PHONE 789

Call on us for up-to-date

Station Wagons

Surreys, Buggies and Carriages.

City Livery Company

Phone 15.

Tax Controversy---Damage by the Freeze—Theatrical Attractions—Other Items.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, U. C., Jan. 20.—Since the report has been circulated that the sheriff was to be restrained from collecting any more taxes in Lumberton until the tax rate was adjusted, taxpayers who have not paid their taxes for last year are wearing real sunny smiles, and do not dodge around a corner when they nappen to see the sheriff coming their way.

An old fashioned covered wagon, drawn by a yoke of oxen, created much attention here yesterday afternoon. The team was passing through town and had hitched to the back end of the wagon four or five head of cattle. Old people were carried back in their minds to the days when oxen did much of the hauling in this country.

"Paid in Full" was the attraction at the opera house last night, and notwithstanding the terrible condition of the streets, was greeted by a large and appreciative audience, many of whom declared it the best show ever seen here. The play is presented by an exceptionally good company, composed of some of the finest theatrical people that have ever visited Lumberton. The next attraction will be "The Third Degree" on February 1st.

The Robesonian Baby Contest has caused many people to get busy clipping coupons. In addition to the coupons in the paper the Pastime theatre is now giving a coupon good for 100 votes to every person paying 10 cents to go in to see the pictures. But aside from helping some little one to win a prize good pictures are being shown, and all visitors to the show are well repaid for the money spent.

The graded school has been suspended all this week on account of the cold, disagreeable weather. It seems to us that those in authority showed wisdom in pursuing this course. School will re-open Monday and it is hoped that every child enrolled will be present on that day.

Squirrels, rabbits and birds have fared badly in this section during the recent snow. More birds have been killed than during any like period for the past several years. The snow seemed to give some people license to shoot robins right in town, regardless of the consequences. It is surprising that people with hearts in them will try to destroy the birds entirely.

Our hat is off to the town officials for the dam built across the street at the theatre yesterday evening. Without the work being done people attending the show last night from the east side of Elm street would have been forced to wade through mud several inches deep. But with a few days of sunshine everything will be in good shape again.

Among the boys who have enjoyed skating on the ice during the week none seemed to enjoy it more than did Mr. G. E. Rancke, Sr., Mr. Rancke is several years past three score and ten, but he is one of the boys yet and when it comes to the young folks having a good time he is generally around to join them.

Rev. Father Gallagher, of Wilmington, will conduct services for the Catholic congregation at the Opera House tomorrow morning at 7:30. In the afternoon at 3:30 he will deliver a lecture on "The Real Presence or the Lord's Supper From the Catholic Standpoint." Public is cordially invited to attend these services.

There will be a meeting of the white public school teachers of the county here next Saturday. An interesting programme will be arranged and all the teachers in the county are expected to be present.

It is a great relief to see the mails get to running almost on time once more, for they have been running late for some time.

If some of the newspapers don't stop borrowing from us without giving due credit we'll do the same thing when we see something we like. Better let up. They want to write their own stuff or give credit. It's absurd to clip a half column and reproduce it without giving somebody credit for it.

Workmen engaged yesterday in removing the old Pope & McLeod safe from the second floor of the Bank of Lumberton building to the National Bank building. Twenty-five and thirty years ago that old safe was the resting place for many thousands of dollars. There was no such thing as a bank in the county in those days and many people used the old safe as a place of security.

Mr. I. E. Pool, formerly cotton inspector for the Lumberton, Dresden and Jennings Cotton Mills, who left last Summer, and was succeeded by Mr. Galloway, returned yesterday from Nashville, N. C., and resumed his old position. Mr. Galloway succeeds Mr. Pool at Nashville.

We regret exceedingly to report the serious illness of Mrs. Lucy Lewis, one of Lumberton's oldest and most highly esteemed ladies.

We use the telephone a good deal at times, and it is our opinion that during the past ten days there has been marked improvement in the service here.

Yesterday was fair and warm enough to leave off overcoats, making people almost forget what they had endured only a short time before, but this morning everything was frozen up again.

"Paid in Full" left here this morning for Laurinburg, but not a piece of their scenery could be carried as it was longer than the dinky baggage car.

Miss Janie VonGlahn and nephew, Welt Wishart, left this week for Richmond, Va., where they will spend some time visiting relatives.——Mr. E. G. Parmele has been confined to his room for the past two or three days on account of sickness.——Among the visitors from Wilmington this week were Messrs. Joe Jacobi and Henry Bonitz. Mr. Jacobi has for several years been considered almost a citizen of Lumberton, but this was his first visit in over a year.

We have been told by a gentleman who travels over the county a good deal and should know what he is talking about, that we are off the track when we advocate a bond issue for road improvement. He says the roads are bad enough now, simply terrible, but it would only make matters worse to work on them. He says the roads need being given a new cover. Smaller counties than grand old Robeson are voting good roads bonds and all we want to do the same thing is a chance.

Either from a bursted pipe or some other cause, the basement of the Presbyterian Church was flooded this week to a depth of two or three feet. The court house also came in for its troubles. It is said that some one turned the water on in the basement at night and that everything was flooded. Several months ago there was some electric wire trouble at the Court House and there was much gossip about who did and who did not do the job. Wonder who will be accused of this latest piece of deviltry, if such it can be called?

Mr. N. T. Humphrey, who mysteriously disappeared from his home near Tolarsville, this county, on the morning of the 6th, is still missing, nothing having been seen or heard of him since that day and his family is naturally greatly distressed over his continued absence. Mr. Humphrey is about 50 years old and has a wife and two children. If anyone can give information as to his whereabouts it will be appreciated if they will write to George F., or Stinson Humphrey, at St. Paul, N. C., or 'phone 2205. Mr. Humphrey is a brother of Mr. H. B. Humphrey, of Lumberton.

The agent of the "Arrival of Kitty" company arrived this evening from Marion four days late. This attraction will appear at the opera house next Wednesday. Those who have seen the show say it is good. There were more people on the streets this afternoon than on any one day since Saturday before Christmas.

In a magistrate's court a few miles from town yesterday a young Croatan was charged with breach of promise. He acknewledged, it is said, everything testified to by the wronged girl as being true. The justice required bond for the defendant's appearance at court when the young fellow walked off a few feet to a point where he had previously concealed a gun. Producing the gun he began backing off toward the road when the officer who had him in custody drew his pistol, but before he could do anything more the Croatan had raised his gun as if to shoot the officer and while he kept his gun in position to shoot, backed off about 75 yards, when he turned again and appealed to jeg bail, making his escape.

PROBABLE CAUSE FOUND

James Halsey Charged With Burglary. Other Cases Yesterday.

James Halsey, colored, was given a hearing in the Recorder's Court yesterday morning on a charge of burglary, and probable cause being found, he was sent over to the Superior Court without bond. Halsey is charged with entering the home of Mr. N. E. Farrow, No. 202 North Seventh street, some weeks ago. The negro was arrested during the campaign that was waged against the vagrants of the city before the holidays and being convicted on this charge was sent to the county roads. Detective S. L. Branch and several local policemen have been at work on the case ever since, and last week secured permission from the county authorities to bring the negro to the city from the convict camp and see if Mrs. Rena Workman, who makes her home at Mr. Farrow's residence, and whose room the burglar entered, could identify him. The lady declared positively as soon as she saw the negro that he was the man who had entered her room, and the charge of burglary was formally lodged against him.

Mrs. Workman testified in court yesterday that Halsey came into her room about 4 o'clock on the morning of December 15th last, and that she saw his face very plainly under the

Police Frank George testified that he saw Halsey in the neighborhood of Mr. Farrow's residence on the night of the burglary. In the light of these circumstances, Substitute Recorder George Harris, who presided, found probable cause, and decided to send the man over to the Superior Court without bond.

William Johnson, colored, was charged with an assault with a deadly weapon upon Charlotte and Martha Davis, colored. The man plead guilty in both cases and a fine of $50 and costs was imposed, whereupon he took an appeal to the Superior Court through his attorney, Wm. J. Bellamy, Esq.

William Harris and Baxter Lewis, small colored boys, were charged with disorderly conduct. It seems that the pickininnies became involved in an altercation and used sulphurous language, shocking in ones so young, and thereby disturbed the neighborhood in general. Judgement was suspended against each on condition that the parents administer a liberal application of corporal punishment.

WANTED FOR ARSON.

South Carolina Officer Gets His Man In This City.

Sam Robinson, a big ginger-cake colored, negro, was arrested early yesterday morning by Policemen Wood and Smith on a warrant from Florence county, South Carolina, charging him with arson. The man was taken back to Florence yesterday afternoon by Sheriff T. S. Burch and Mr. E. E. Herbert, who accompanied him to identify the prisoner.

Sheriff Burch and Mr. Herbert arrived late Friday night with the warrant for Robinson's arrest. The sheriff has been working on the case since the barn and stables of the Winona Company, a combined farm and mercantile business, was burned December 10th. He got a clue which led him to believe that Robinson was implicated in burning the barn and he traced the man, first to Rocky Mount, later to Navassa and finally here, where he was found working with a wrecking crew on the Coast Line. Robinson denied all knowledge of the crime.

The genial sheriff of Florence county, S. C., is known all over the South as one of the most relentless manhunters of the present day. He seldom fails to bring his man to book, and he is tireless in following up even the slightest clue. There are very few South Carolina negroes, it is said, who do not know and respect Sheriff Burch.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH.

Congregation Especially Urged to Attend Services This Morning.

Rev. Dr. Wm. H. Milton, the rector, urgently requests all the congregation of St. James' Church who can possibly get out to be present at the morning service today. The subject of his sermon is one that he especially desires to bring to the attention of the whole congregation. It is once more possible to make the church building comfortable, and the fear of discomfort need keep no one away. Until further notice, the theme of the sermon at the evening service will be "Charactr Studies from the New Testament." The subject tonight will be "A Study of Religious Doubt—Its Causes and Its Cure." The especial object of the sermon at these night services is to attract and help those who are not regular attendants at any morning service, whatever be their church membership, and every effort is made to make them feel welcome, and to induce them to come again. No seats are assigned to any one at night, and members and strangers alike are absolutely free to sit where they choose.

Needs a Laxative

It is natural for a child to laugh and play and when it sulks drowsily or cries you may depend on it something physical is the matter. If you see no evidences of a serious ailment you will not be wrong if you quietly give it a dose of mild laxative that evening on putting it to bed.

The remedy most generally recommended for this purpose is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, which mothers throughout the country have been giving their children for a quarter of a century. Today thousands of families are using it where hundreds used it then, and there must be good reason for this word of mouth recommendation.

It is admittedly the perfect laxative for children, women, old people and all others who need a gentle bowel stimulant and not a violent salt, cathartic pill or doctored water. Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin will act gently, and when taken before retiring will bring complete satisfaction in the morning. After a short use of this remedy all forms of outside aid can be dispensed with and nature will again act alone.

All classes of good American people keep it in the home for ills of the stomach, liver and bowels, and among the thousands who have written the doctor that they will never be without it are Mrs. J. W. Brooks, Durham, N. C., and Mrs. C. M. Branch, Apex, N. C. A dose of it has saved many a person from a serious illness.

Anyone wishing to make a trial of this remedy before buying it in the regular way of a druggist at fifty cents or one dollar a large bottle (family size) can have a sample bottle sent to the home free of charge by simply addressing Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 405 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. Your name and address on a postal card will do.

Blood Poison

If you're troubled with any form of blood poisoning, you surely sufier intensely. You want relief, but to get quick relief you should not take a medicine containing injurious minerals or other harmful properties. K. E. B. P. gives prompt relief and if used persistently, effects a permanent cure. At the same time it leaves no bad after effects, since it contains no minerals or injurious drugs. Note what one man says about

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BLOOD PURIFIER

(K. E. B. P.)

He writes: "After I had used only one bottle of K. E. B. P., its quick and wonderful action convinced me that I had struck a blood purifier sure enough, and I continued its use. The pains ceased, swellings subsided, my joints became natural, my kidneys relieved, my appetite returned, skin became active. I rapidly gained strength and after using seven bottles, I feel like a new man, and I am pronounced cured."

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$1.00 at all druggists

Overcoats $10 to $25.00

Suits.... $10 to $25.00

Shoes for the whole family.

Sox and Stockings from 10c to $1.00.

Sweaters for Men, Boys, Ladies and Children.

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J. W. H. FUCHS

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have you strength for the up-stream pull of life—are you gaining, just holding your own, or do you feel yourself being swept back by the current of circumstances? Strength is what you need—the strength that comes from good red blood.

You can buy strength

Read these extracts from letters of gratitude from those who did:

My general health and strength have also improved and I attribute this to the use of Milam.—W. E. Griggs, Danville, Va. Gained 40 pounds of solid flesh.—Harvey Dingess, Fernesburg, W. Va. Have taken only a few bottles of Milam but feel stronger and better, more active and able to stand up under my work.—Rev. H. D. Guerrant, Danville, Va. I gained 9 1-2 pounds on 1 1-2 bottles of Milam.—T. B. Stallsker, Charleston, W. Va. My strength has returned and I feel better than I have in 20 years, thanks to Milam.—Bennie Jones, Newport News, Va. Took six bottles of Milam, feel like a new man.—Claude Curling, 549 E. Main St., Norfolk, Va. Am on my fourth bottle of Milam and can now eat all I can get, and weigh more than I ever did in my life.—J. M. Roark Radford, Va. After using seven bottles I find myself in perfect health, fine appetite and feeling better than in 20 years.—Mrs. H. Reynolds, Crits, Va. I have taken six bottles of Milam and can truthfully say I am feeling better than I ever remember before.—Myrtle I. Schofield, with Wemple, Ellerson & Co., Washington, D. C. Milam benefitted me in almost every way, it is a magnificent tonic.—Harry W. Holland, Imp. Tobacco Co., Danville, Va. I believe Milam to be the greatest medicine yet discovered for nervous and run-down systems.—T. Shep Brown, Norfolk, Va.

Ask your druggist about the guaranteed remedy.

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Prime White, and other off grades 150 deg. Fire Test Oils (State Test) will Not Do the Trick.

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DEPARTURES	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS
No. 90, † 8:40 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 2:35 P. M. and Richmond 4:10 P. M.)	No. 91, † 1:00 A. M.
No. 51, 5:35 A. M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 80, *11:50 P. M.
No. 64, † 5:50 A. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 65, † 6:50 P. M.
No. 48, * 8:40 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49, * 6:15 P. M.
No. 53, * 8:45 A. M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52, * 8:00 P. M.
No. 55, * 3:15 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway (!) Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.	No. 54, 1:40 P. M.
No. 62, * 3:25 P. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 63, *12:50 P. M.
No. 59, † 6:30 P. M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate Stations.	No. 60, †10:15 A. M.
No. 42, * 7:00 P. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman and Dining Car Service. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	* No. 41, * 9:45 A. M.
No. 57, † 7:30 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway and Intermediate Stations.	No. 58, † 8:30 A. M.

* Daily. ! Daily except Sunday. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT DECEMBER 4, 1911.

Winter Park, Wrightsville, Wrightsville Beach and Intermediate Points.

EAST BOUND.			WEST BOUND.		
Leave Wilmington for Winter Park	Leave Wilmington for Wrightsville	Leave Wilmington for Wrightsville Beach	Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville Beach for Wilmington
*6:30 A.M.	*6:30 A.M.	*6:30 A.M.	*6:25 A.M.	*6:15 A.M.	----------
*7:00 "	*7:00 "	----------	†7:40 "	†7:30 "	----------
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*8:00 "	*8:00 "	----------	*8:40 "	*8:30 "	----------
†8:00 "	†8:00 "	†8:00 "	†9:10 "	†8:55 "	†8:45 A.M.
*8:30 "	*8:30 "	*8:30 "	*9:40 "	*9:25 "	*9:15 "
†9:30 "	†9:30 "	----------	†10:15 "	†10:00 "	----------
10:00 "	10:00 "	10:00 "	11:10 "	10:55 "	10:45 "
11:30 "	11:30 "	11:30 "	12:40 P.M	12:25 P.M.	12:15 P.M.
¶1:00 P.M.	¶1:00 P.M.	¶1:00 P.M.	2:10 "	1:55 "	1:45 "
2:00 "	2:00 "	----------	2:40 "	2:30 "	----------
¶2:30 "	----------	----------	¶3:10 "	----------	----------
3:00 "	3:00 "	3:00 "	¶3:50 "	----------	----------
¶3:30 "	----------	----------	4:10 "	3:55 "	3:45 "
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7:10 "	7:10 "	7:10 "	8:10 "	8:00 "	7:50 "
8:30 "	8:30 "	8:30 "	9:40 "	9:25 "	9:15 "
10:00 "	10:00 "	----------	10:40 "	10:30 "	----------
11:00 "	11:00 "	----------	11:40 "	11:30 "	----------

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS.

Leave Wilmington every half hour from 2:00 until 5:30 P. M.

Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 until 5:45 P. M.

Cars marked * do not run on Sundays.

Cars marked † run Sundays only.

Cars marked ¶ supereceded by half hour schedule Saturdays and Sundays.

Cars marked § leave at 1:10 P. M. on Saturdays.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.

Daily Except Sunday.

Leave 9th and Orange streets 3:00 P. M.

Freight Depot open from 2 to 3 P. M.

SEABOARD

Air Line Railway

SCHEDULE

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office, 'Phone 1294, or Office of Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel, 'Phone 178.

Trains Leave Wilmington, Effective Nov. 26th, 1911.

No. 45—5:00 A. M.—For Hamlet, and intermediate points, to Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 66, for Raleigh and points North.

No. 39—3:25 P. M.—For Charlotte, connecting at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York, and trains in all directions. Arrive Hamlet 7:40 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 10:50 P. M.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington:

No. 40—12:30 P. M.—From Charlotte.

No. 44—12:10 A. M.—From Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 65, for all points North; at Monroe, with No. 53, for Atlanta.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41, for Atlanta, Birmingham and Memphis; No. 84, for Washington and New York; No. 32, for Portsmouth, Norfolk, and No. 43, for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

Pullman Car service will be maintained between Wilmington and Charlotte on trains 39, 40, 45 and 44.

Sleeper on No. 45 open for occupancy at 10 P. M.

CLAUDE MURRAY, Union Ticket Agt. 'Phone No. 1294.

F. A. FETTER, Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel. 'Phone No. 178.

H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

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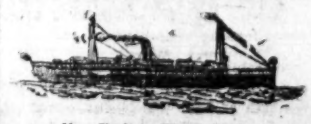

New York to Wilmington.

Steamship "Carib," Friday, Jan. 12, 1912

Steamship "Navahoe," Friday, Jan. 19, 1912

Wilmington to New York.

Steamship "Navahoe," Saturday, Jan. 13, 1912

Steamship "Carib," Saturday, Jan. 20, 1912

Wilmington to Georgetown.

Steamship "Navahoe," Monday, Jan. 8, 1912

Steamship "Carib," Monday, Jan. 15, 1912

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Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one months, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates, or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Sunday, January 21, 1912.

A wise one hath said: "No man understandeth a woman." Yea, verily, even women seem to misunderstand each other.

If any man is a candidate for Vice President on the Democratic ticket he is in a bomb-proof. He will be safe till he shows his head.

The Chicago Democrats who have succeeded in putting the world's most ancient monarchy on the run will be pretty apt to conduct about as good a government as the Manchus.

If Governor Harmon doesn't carry on any more conversations with his wife than he is doing in public with reference to the Presidency, Mrs. Harmon is having a mighty dull time.

Senator Heyburn is always jumping on somebody when he's down, but he jumped on Gompers under the impression that he was down. Judgment should be suspended on Gompers till there is a true bill in his case.

Says a contemporary: "Five persons who were on their way to church were run down and killed." However, the overwhelming number who went to church didn't happen to be run down The chances now and hereafter, favor the big majority who always go to church.

In Washington there seems to be a belief that the Watterson attack on Woodrow Wilson was a "frame up." The apparently spontaneous interview fired into the Associated Press from all over the country at the psycological The apparently spontaneous interviews occurred, has led to the impression that they were "planted." The circumstances are suspicious. If there is a conspiracy to beat Wilson, what will be thought of the Southern newspapers which have been mislead in expressing their virtuous indignation over so called ingratitude to Harper's Weekly, a publication which until recently has never lost an opportunity to misrepresent and belittle the South?

Collector B. F. Keith deserves credit for his efforts to bring the Farmers' Union central warehouse to Wilmington. This is the logical place for it and the business men of Wilmington should make it a point to meet the Unions' representatives next Tuesday when they visit our city If the Farmers' Union is really going to establish a warehouse, and it must be admitted that it is a reasonable proposition on their part, they certainly will want it located where they will get the benefit of water and rail distribution. We don't think the Farmers' Union will look any further when they look into the advantages of a warehouse at Wilmington.

Probably the only solid Taft delegations at the Chicago convention on the 18th of June will be those sent up by Southern Republicans. Owing to Taft's attack on North Carolina Republicans five years ago, their loyalty in the time of his distress would be peculiarly pathetic, if the question of "pie" were not the controlling motive However, we do not think "pie" controls the majority of North Carolina Republicans, for they have been perniciously loyal to their party when there was neither pie nor popularity in it for them. Anyhow, we always play on the soft pedal when it comes to 'pie," for if there is anybody who loves pie better than a Democrat it is the balance of us Democrats. Our idea of a Republican and a Democrat who wants an office is that they would chew up the pie counter if they could't get the pie. The best thing about a Republican is that he will vote for a Democrat who gives him credit for wanting to do right.

eligibles is not at all edifying. It might be sensational, but it is a hurtful pastime. Some editors appear to be as reckless with the reputation of an upright and patriotic man as they are with the character of a defendant in a police court. To expose a really vulnerable man sometimes becomes the duty of a newspaper, but when the press aims to do hurt and makes an attack with design, based upon flimsy reasons and absurd pretexts, the assault assumes almost the character of libel. That is one reason that the press is largely losing its power. People lose confidence in it and are heedless of the worst things some classes of newspapers can say. A common scold among newspapers even gets in bad with the balance of the press.

"Bull-ragging" and "brow beating" can be carried to such extent by newspapers that they make no impression even when they are bringing in a true bill. Frequently they make more friends for the object of attack than they do harm to his cause. In South Carolina Tillman was elected Governor, in spite of the fact that every paper in the State was opposed to him. Blease was elected Governor with every newspaper engaged in the fight for his defeat.

Why was it? For some reason or other the people have lost confidence in the press and pay no attention to the small things which they attempt to magnify into "charges". We have wondered what has become of the influence of the press, and we believe it can be traced to injudicious, sensational, and reckless journalism. A few newspapers of that character do injury to the whole, and it gets so nobody pays any serious attention to the fulminations of newspapers which acquire reputations for being unscrupulous and unfair.

The press in New York has at different times been almost solidly opposed to candidates and yet they have been elected like a flash. The reason is that even metropolitan newspapers harp from day to day on something that strikes the average reader as absurd. They lose their power, because the people have lost confidence in what they say. They have ceased to play for a square deal, and slip up in endeavoring to control public opinion by methods that are unworthy of a reputable newspaper.

At the same time the newspapers do wield a big influence, some guiding correctly and others misleading and creating a false impression about a man or his cause. We do not see why an editor should seek to do injustice to a candidate because he is opposed to him. Differences can be discussed, but the impugning of motives on very little or no grounds, and vicious personal attacks generally help the other fellow. Be it said to the credit of he North Carolina press, that during the last campaign, not a single newspaper assailed the character of the Republican leader, the Hon. John Motley Morehead. Mr. Morehead was a man with an unassailable reputation and not an editor attempted to besmirch it. The fight was along political lines and Morehead was defeated on a square deal in which it was the interest of the people not to let him get hold of the stakes.

Editors must stand for a square deal, but not like Roosevelt's misconception of a square deal. When Teddy first promulgated his square deal idea we admired him for it, but he fell right down on the square deal when he insisted on dragging defendants from Indiana and New York to Washington to be tried instead of in the jurisdiction where it was their constitutional right to have their case heard in their country's courts. It took a Federal judge to point out their rights against the contentions of a President whose main idea was not to give them the square deal, but to give them the devil.

That is where Teddy lost out with us on the square deal question. That and other incidents convinced us that Roosevelt had no more conception of the meaning of a square deal than a billy goat has about propriety. Some editors are also a little short in their conception of a square deal for men whom they should be defending instead of assaulting.

THE CUBAN CRISIS.

There really does not seem to be any reasonable ground for a crisis in Cuba. We have on the Star's exchange list the Havana Post, a very excellent and level headed newspaper, and its discussion of the present disturbed condition in the Island Republic is both calm and wise.

Instead of invading Cuba, the United States might diplomatically suggest to the President of Cuba that the Cuban veterans have good grounds for protesting against an executive decree prohibiting army officials from attending the meetings of the veterans' organization. The officers are members of the organization, which is something like the organizations of the Grand Army of the Republic and the United Confederate Veterans.

The Cuban veterans have been protesting against giving official positions to those who were opposed to the Cuban cause during the war for independence, and so long as they do not organize a revolution they have good cause to protest against such a poor recognition of patriotism and loyalty before the United States interferes again in Cuban affairs we should first intimate to President Gomez that a grateful Cuban Republic should recognize the claims of the patriot before all others.

We do that in the United States as far as we can, and the man who would be opposed to giving the Confederate or Union veterans the preference, when all other qualifications are even, would be considered guilty of treason. The present trouble in Cuba is a question of "pie", or official patronage, and it is quite reasonable for the veterans to insist that they should be considered first in the distribution of government favors.

We cannot very well see why there should be any friction on that point. A reasonable concession to the Cuban veterans would make them loyal supporters of their government, and we cannot see how the Cuban government would lose any of its dignity in meeting the patriots in a spirit that will unite the people of Cuba in a policy to make it a Republic of free and happy people.

If the Cuban veterans will be diplomatic they will be sure to win their contentions. They will gain nothing by revolution, but by making their contentions an issue in their next campaign for President and Congress they doubtless will carry the country. By submitting their problems to the will of the people at their elections they will demonstrate their capacity for self-government. Let the ballot box take the place of the cartridge box. If the veterans will pursue a pacific course in their very reasonable contention, either towards President Gomez or the next government, they will accomplish more than by bringing about a state of disorder and second intervention by their friends in the United States.

We shed our blood for Cuban independence and we want the Cubans to be independent as long as it is their desire. When our Cuban neighbors want to come into the United States as a State with the full rights of other States, we will welcome them if they should submit that question to a vote of their people, but we neither desire the forcible annexation of Cuba nor the annoyance and expense of intervention. The people of the United States simply want to see Cuba independent and happy and to be the friends of a brave people who love liberty and have made so many terrible sacrifices to gain independence.

The United States government ought to go slow on its threat or intentions in the matter of second intervention in Cuba. By diplomacy we can avoid intervention. We should first give the Cubans an opportunity to settle their differences after we have done our best to aid them to come to an amicable understanding in order to maintain the integrity of their Republic.

ABOUT THE PRICE OF BUTTER.

Being a butter consumer we do not care how hard they hit the Elgin Board for putting up the price of butter. However, we thought everybody knew all about the Elgin Board. The Elgin Board consists of the representatives of the different cold storage companies which buy butter cheap in the Summer, store it away and keep it off the market until butter is scarce, long about mid-Winter. When the time comes to get a good price for butter, which happens when the supply is slim and the demand is great, the board agrees on a price at which the cold storage supply can be put on the market. All butter barons stick to the price and so we have to buy it at their price or else sop our bread in gravy.

The butter makers do not benefit by the profits of the cold storage people. The scoop is wholly on the part of middlemen and so the middlemen are diabolically restraining trade when they combine and squeeze the balance of us. At the same time, what do we suppose they are in business for?

By George, we hope the Butter Trust will keep on squeezing us till we get enough sense to see that we can make money or save money by producing our own butter. About the best thing that could happen to the South would be for cotton to go down to five cents a pound, corn to $1.50 a bushel and flour to $10 a barrel. We would then begin to realize the value of producing our own supplies. People who live in as fine a producing country as this should get soaked for every dollar they are worth by the butter makers, the meat producers, the corn raisers, the flour makers and the hay raisers.

By the way, while good butter is selling at from 40 to 60 cents a pound, what is the matter with keeping money at home by buying a lot of Jersey cows? However, if any Jerseys are brought to this country, it is to be hoped they will not be turned loose in the piney woods to forage for sustenance, and acquire ticks. Cultivated pastures and improved stock is what we want in this country.

When we get to the point where we will fence up our stock in good cultivated pastures and quit fencing in the crops, we will begin to realize ourselves. What is the matter with this country, anyhow?

Criticism often turns out to be a tribute of respect.

if awful, Mabel, how some Southern editors can conjure up any virtuous indignation over alleged "ingratitude" to such an old South hater as Harper's Weekly?

We are glad that former banker Morse was pardoned from the penitentiary for the sake of his devoted and loyal wife, because we pitied him in his condition and because he was made the scape-goat while others went safely to cover.

Oh, you, Woodrow Wilson! You didn't hedge an inch. When the question was asked if you thought a Pierpont Morgan owned paper injured your candidacy for President, you faced the music and took the consequences. You said "Yes." Woodrow Wilson is made of the stuff which never evades the main question. Wherefore nobody need doubt where Wilson stands. He was asked for the truth and it came right out the muzzle without equivocation. Many a man would have dissembled. Not Woodrow Wilson!

When the Democrats of this country have a chance to nominate a man of the big brow and clean character of Woodrow Wilson, or any other man of his calibre and reputation, they had better not be influenced by the flimsy pretexts by which it is sought to defeat his nomination. Democrats are fighting the real power which is interested in undoing Woodrow Wilson but a great many well meaning people are being unwittingly lead into doing the very thing which that power aims to accomplish. They are working for the interests without any wages.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Governor Harmon says the past, at least, is secure, but it is not. Somebody may make public a letter written years ago, and change the record of the past.—Rock Hill Herald.

Platt published his book in 1909 telling certain stories on Roosevelt. It is only when Platt is dead and Roosevelt is again wanting votes that the denial comes. Meantime, Odell is a witness and he was once the friend of Platt and the enemy of Roosevelt—has he been squared by way of a deal?—Jacksonville Times-Union.

Governor Wilson is an optimist. He has the firmest faith in popular government. He believes that the people are the best and only guardian of their affairs. He believes that their will, as expressed through the agencies of government, will prevail. He knows that they are dissatisfied with the administration's policy toward the tariff and the trusts. When he says that the tariff and the trusts will be the leading issues in the coming campaign he only foresees the inevitable result of Mr. Taft's neglect as President to make the best of his opportunities.—New York World, Dem.

From Col. Watterson's account of the Wilson-Harvey incident it appears that Governor Wilson's assertion that the support of Harper's Weekly was doing him more harm than good was not volunteered by the New Jersey man, but came in response to a direct question from Col. Harvey. It also appears that nothing of a discourteous nature, even of an unfriendly nature, passed during the interview. The worst that can be said of Governor Wilson, then, is that he was willing to be frank at the expense of hurting his friend's feelings. The Watterson account lends additional weight to the suggestion made in this column yesterday that Mr. Wilson is perhaps one of those men who by reason of certain deficiencies on their personal side are thereby made more capable and efficient public officers.—Baltimore Evening Sun.

Col. Henry Watterson has weighed Governor Wilson in the balances and found him wanting. Mr. Watterson knows. He has been a Democratic journalist for half a century, including the time he spent publishing a paper inside of the Confederate lines. He is from Kentucky. He knew Tilden and agreed with him and he knew Cleveland and disagreed with him. He is the mentor and sage of the Democratic party. He can tell a Democratic candidate as far as he can see him, though his foresight as to Democratic majorities is less accurate. Governor Wilson, Col. Watterson concludes, "is rather a schoolmaster than a statesman." What does Mr. Watterson expect of a man who has taught all his life? Governor Wilson's "manner," it appears, is "autocratic, if not tyrannous." Col. Watterson had better go to Princeton, resume the diligent search for facts of the reporter and ask a few questions. He will learn much.—Philadelphia Press (Rep.)

"When Col. Harvey, apparently overcome by Governor Wilson's austerity, put the direct question to Governor Wilson whether the support of Harper's Weekly was doing him an injury and received from Governor Wilson the cold rejoinder that it was, I was both surprised and shocked."—Henry Watterson. The World is surprised, too. But we cannot bring ourselves to say that we are shocked. For a Presidential candidate to tell an influential supporter more than five months before the nominating convention and over nine months before the election that his support is no longer desired is surprising. For a man to tell an intimate friend that his loyal and long-continued work in his behalf is no longer a service but an injury is painfully unpleasant. But we can see nothing shocking in giving this frank answer to a plain question. Presumably, Col. Harvey wanted the truth when he asked the question. Presumably, Governor Wilson believed he was telling the truth when he answered.—New York World.

THE LONELINESS OF OLD AGE.

(Exchange.)

Deal gently with the old man who has lived out his four score years. However much he may try, it will be hard for him to make himself congenial with those now associated with him. He is one to himself. Those who began life with him are all gone.

They dropped out by the wayside. He trudges along his weary way and often longs for a word of tenderness, a warm grasp of the hand, a God bless you! The voice that once used to thrill him is now silent, songs that once inspired him have lost their melody, and the tender hand that touched him is vanished. His world is out of sight and there is not much in the world where he now lives. Sometimes he starts up and tries to be cheerful, but strange sounds greet his ears and a strange life is whirling past him. There are no faces now that look familiar to him. He is a lonely old man, regardless of the fact that he tries to conceal the knowledge of it from himself.

Oliver Wendell Holmes gives us a graphic picture of the old man and how stealthily his age comes upon him. "At 50 your vessel is staunch, and you are on deck with the rest, in all weathers. At 60 the vessel still floats, and you are in the cabin. At 70 you, with a few fellow passengers, are on a raft. At 80 you are on a spar, to which, possibly, one or two or three friends of about your own age are still clinging."

Therefore, be kind to the old man. Tell him an anecdote once in a while and laugh with him. When he looks depressed take him by the hand and tell him you are glad to see him, and when the tears dim his old eyes brush them away and help him to be glad. Make him think he is still worth something to life, and that is a benediction to us all.

MR. S. G. BATSON DEAD.

Passed Away at His Home Near Kirkland Yesterday Morning.

Many friends in the county will be pained to learn of the death of Mr. S. G. Batson, which occurred yesterday morning at 6 o'clock at his home, about two miles from Kirkland, this county, on the Scott's Hill road. Mr. Batson was about 40 years old and leaves a wife and three children, these being Messrs. Wm. and Forest Batson and Miss Daisy Batson, who will have the sympathy of a great many friends in their bereavement. Mr. Batson was a successful farmer and a good citizen and will be greatly missed in the community. The funeral will be held from the Baptist church at Holly Ridge this afternoon and the interment will be in the family burying ground.

Outing for The Woodmen.

Postponed two or three weeks ago on account of unfavorable weather, the annual oyster roast and outing of Live Oak Camp, Woodmen of the World, will be held at the Lighthouse, Wrightsville Sound, tomorrow night, and it promises to be a most enjoyable event. Members will meet in their hall in the Odd Fellows' building, at 7:30 o'clock, and at 8 o'clock they will board a special suburban car at Third and Princess streets and go to the Sound, where the oyster roast will be served. Visiting Woodmen are cordially invited to join Live Oak Camp for the outing.

Even a college education doesn't hurt a sensible young woman.

BETTER THAN SPANKING

Spanking does not cure children of bedwetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Summers, Box W, Notre Dame, Ind., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment, with full instructions. Send no money, but write her today if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chances are it can't help it. This treatment also cures adults and aged people troubled with uring difficulties by day or night.

Woodmen of the World

Oyster Roast at Lighthouse, Monday Evening, January 22nd.

The members of Live Oak Camp are requested to meet at hall, Odd Fellows' Building, Monday evening, January 22nd, at 7:30.

Special car will leave Third and Princess at 8 o'clock sharp. Visiting Woodmen are invited.

By order of Camp.

GEO. C. JACKSON,
Clerk.

ja 20-2t.

Crawford Shoes

$3.50, $4 and $5.00

Kirschbaum Hand-Tailored Suits Clothing and Overcoats. Wright's Health Underwear,

Carhartt Overalls, and the Best Work Gloves for Men, and many other brands of high grade Union Made Goods. Some Special Offerings for the week in all the above named goods.

Also Blankets and Comforts, Cloaks and Sweaters. Plenty Rubber Shoes and Rubber Boots on hand.

We close evenings at 6:30.

J. H. Rehder & Company

DECIDE NOW. IT'S NOT TOO LATE!

During the Month of January the systematic, thrifty man lays his plans for the year. Have you made yours? Have you decided how much you can afford to spend each week?

Make a Liberal allowance for necessary expenses, and Save the balance.

Better start now before another year of wasteful extravagance is begun.

This bank invites accounts, small or large, and pays Four Per Cent. Compound Interest.

HOME SAVINGS BANK
115 N. Front Street—Orton Bldg.

A. D. BROWN Dry Goods Co.
"The Modest-Price-Store."

Just received, our Spring line of Novelty Wool Dress Goods. We have them in all the newest weaves and shades, including Serges, Voiles, Plain and Fancy Mixed Suitings, Challies, Etc.

NEW COLORED WASH GOODS.

We are showing in a beautiful range of colors Wash Silks 36-in. wide; also Cotton and Silk Mixtures, Silk Stripe Voiles, Silk and Cotton Crepes, Plain Voiles, Crepes, Batiste, Lawns, Linen and Ginghams.

Sole Agents American Lady Corsets, Black Cat Hosiery and Butterick Patterns.

Oliver Plows

We are unloading today, January 20th, the Second Car Load of GENUINE OLIVER TURNING PLOWS. Also their Sulky Plows. Have the Third Car Now on the Way. Now, we think this is some Plow business. We also unloaded a Car of Boy Dixie Plows and Castings yesterday (Friday). We now have One Car each Wire Fencing and Wire Nails on the Way, to Arrive Within the Next Ten Days.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.
Purcell Building. Wilmington, N. C.

The Murchison National Bank

Capital and Surplus $1,300,000
Deposits 3,500,000
Assets 6,000,000

H. C. McQUEEN, Pres. J. W. YATES, V.-Pres.
J. V. GRAINGER, V.-Pres. C. S. GRAINGER, Cash.

Sorosis Plan School Gardens and Will Offer Prizes to Householders for Greatest Improvement In Yards.

The regular monthly meeting of the Civic Department of Sorosis was held Tuesday afternoon and despite the weather there was a fine attendance. Short sketches on School Gardens were read, showing how cities had been improved and property values increased by unsightly bare spaces converted into attractive and beautiful plats, especially in Minneapolis. Plans were discussed whereby Wilmington could be made more beautiful by following the example of Minneapolis and other cities adopting this method of of transformation.

It is the purpose of this department to encourage the school gardens project during the coming spring and to pay a personal visit to the schools with the intention of interesting the children in this enterprise and organizing the rooms into companies, alloting each company a plat in which to garden and invite competition among the room entering the contest for the prizes. Each school room will be organized into a branch of the Junior Civic League having its own officers. Prizes will be offered to all the rooms in each building, showing the best display of flowers, bulbs, etc., in window boxes. Each child will be asked to contribute a penny toward purchasing bulbs for the rooms. All Audubon societies already formed will be requested to work along with the Junior League. Girls' Tomato Clubs and Kitchen Garden Clubs will be organized also in each room and prizes ouered for the best exhibition of tomatoes, parsley and other kitchen garden products grown by the girls in their yards.

Already one grade has organized and more than 20 girls will try their luck at kitchen gardens and more than 30 boys and girls have given their names as anxious to take part in this school garden work. The other grades will be organized into companies next week.

Two hundred and fifty dollars in prizes will be offered to contestants in the city and suburbs for the most improved yards as the result of planting grass, vines, bulbs, flowers, shrubbing of all kinds and the most artistic and best kept yards, cottage gardens, etc. The time is now at hand for residents of Wilmington to put forth one mighty effort to improve the appearance of the town. The new administration has proved its willingness to do everything in its power to improve the sanitary conditions and it now remains for each resident to prove his faith in Wilmington and character of his citizenship and do his part toward making this a city beautiful. If for no other reason than a selfish one try it. Your yard neatly turfed or planted in flowers, bulbs, shrubbery, will increase in value in proportion to its added attractiveness. Mr. McFarland, in his lecture here last winter gave many instances where property values increased one hundred per cent after being beautified. The most beautiful street in Rochester was made so by the double rows of Chinese magnolias extending its length and now property has soared so high as to make it almost beyond purchasing on that street.

With the improvements being made on the streets and sidewalks it is the proper time for yards to be improved. If this were done, Wilmington could take its place among the beautiful cities in the South for nature has endowed it with far more than it has others.

March 10th will be observer all over the country as National Civic Day. It is set apart for the observance of important civic events and tree planting. It will be observed here as Arbor Day. The Holland Nursuries have advertised stocks of trees ready for the trade and can furnish any kind. This department hopes that each householder will not allow his or her premises to be without shade in front any longer. The Pin Oak is especially recommended by horticulturists as one of the best for quick growth and shade. A city is often advertised through its trees, and to continually put out trees is a healthy sign in a community and one that pays dividends in many ways in return for the money expended.

The Home Science Department had an unusually interesting meeting Friday afternoon. The feature of the afternoon was splendid paper on "Medieval Furniture," by Mrs. Adolph Goodman. Many other articles bearing on this were read and discussions were held on important housesold topics.

The Music Department met Wednesday of the past week, having for its subject the very interesting composer Hayden. Mrs. Boylan, as leader, had arranged the following enjoyable programme:

Paper—"Hayden," read by Mrs. J. W. Powell.

Duet, second movement from Ninth Symphony, Mrs. Fetter and Mrs. Floyd

Song—"My Mother Bids Me Find My Hair," Miss Bulluck.

Piano—"Minuet," Mrs. Grady.

Song—Selection from 'The Creation," Mrs. Longfellow.

Talk—"Instrumental Music After Bach'", Mrs Boylan.

Duet, Sixth Symphony, Mrs. French, Miss Post.

The department has studied German composers entirely this winter beginning with composers as early as the Fifteenth Century and up to modern writers, such as Meyerbeer, Weber Spoler and others. Germany has been called the foremost of all musica creators and its love for music seems stronger than that of any other nation. For centuries they have been distinguished for their devotion to music of the highest order. The master singers and premier singers which originated in Germany at the beginning of the Fourteenth Century, Wagner has immortalized in his operas "Tannhauser" and the "Weistersinger." Few masters have created such a school or have had so many imitators as Wagner. The Mountainluger altitude of the German masters and the great number of incomparable composers who have been born on German soil or who have worked out their life problems in Germany must give the Fatherland the undeniable title of "The Home of Music."

Robert Hennegan, Colored, Led Attack on Jailor John Branch Yesterday Afternoon—Outbreak Was Not Successful.

Only the prompt action and forethought of Jailer Branch and the ready assistance rendered him by one of the negro prisoners, prevented yesterday afternoon the probable escape of 25 men confined in the county jail awaiting trial in Superior Court, which convenes tomorrow. The attempt was made about 5:45, and though the struggle was over in a few moments, quite a crowd was attracted to the jail. Jailer Branch suffered no injuries other than some painful bruises and scratches.

Robert Hennegan, a big negro being held on a charge of store-breaking, was the leader in the attempted delivery. Jailer Branch had gone to the big cage in the upper story of the jail, where 26 men are confined, to get the pans in which the food is served the prisoners. The cells are inside the cage and during the day the doors of these are opened and the men are allowed to come out into the cage where they can get exercise. The cell doors had not been closed and the men were out in the cage when Jailer Branch went to get the pans. It was dusk outside and inside the cage it was almost dark. The pans were in a basket just inside the door and as the jailer unlocked the big door and swing it open the huge form of Hennegan loomed up out of the semi-darkness and sprang at him. Hennegan caught Mr. Branch about the throat and attempted to pull him into the cell, where he could, with the assistance of the other men crowding up, take the officer's keys and revolver away from him.

Though taken completely by surprise Mr. Branch acted simultaneously with the negro and managed to shove his assailant away from him long enough to clasp the door and swing it between him and the negro. The jailer realized that if he allowed Hennegan to get him in the cell the pack would have him at its mercy. He braced his hands and knees against the door and resisted with all his power, at the same time calling to Jim Sanders, a big yellow negro in the cage whom he knew well, to come to his assistance. There are three negro sailors confined in the cage also and believing that they would side with him the jailer also called on them for help. Sanders responded, but the other three men did not. However, with the assistance of Sanders, Mr. Branch was able to break Hennegan's hold and to close and lock the door. The struggle was over in a few seconds, but had the other men in the cage followed the action of their leader the outcome would probably have been different. They crowded up around the struggling men, but lacked the courage to interfere, or to attempt to aid the negro.

Mrs. Branch, on the ground floor of the jail, had heard her husband call for help, and she immediately sounded the alarm. Several people on the streets came running in and word of the struggle soon reached the police station. Chief John Fowler and several officers immediately rushed to the jail, but the outbreak had been subdued by the time they arrived. Mr. Branch was complimented for his quick work in preventing the delivery.

Sanders was taken out of the big cage and put in a solitary cell after quiet had been restored, as Mr. Branch did not think it would be safe to leave him with the other men, who might resent the assistance he had rendered the officer and attempt to do him bodily harm.

Robert Hennegan, who attacked the jailer, is wanted here for breaking into a pressing club at Front and Wooster streets over a year ago and stealing a number of suits of clothes. He was arrested at Goldsboro for some offense and was given a road sentence there. When his time expired, about two months ago, Constable W. B. Savage went to that city and brought him back here.

BUILD ADDITION TO THE ORTON

Mr. J. H. Hinton, the Owner, to Add Another Story, Giving 25 More Rooms for Popular Hostelry—Plans Accepted.

Mr. J. H. Hinton, the popular owner of The Orton, one of the leading hostelries of the State, made the pleasing announcement yesterday that plans have been drawn and accepted for another story to be added to the present building on the Front street side, directly over the office and main entrance to contain 25 rooms, which will give the hotel a total of 180 rooms and will make it one of the largest commercial hotels in North Carolina.

Mr. Hinton stated that the plans would be placed in the hands of various contractors tomorrow and bids will be called for to be received within ten days, shortly after which time the contract will be let. The work is to be done right away. The addition is made necessary on account of the ever-increasing patronage of the hotel. It has been Mr. Hinton's policy to add to the hotel building from time to time as the business demanded and since he has had the building he has already added 80 rooms. His decision to build an additional story to contain 25 rooms is in keeping with his well established and progressive policy. With the erection of the addition the hotel on the Front street side will be five stories in height, and the fifth story will not only add to the accommodations of the hotel, but will add to the appearance of the building. Twenty of the 25 rooms will be provided with baths and all will have steam heat and will have local and long distance telephone connections.

The people of Wilmington as well as the traveling public will learn with interest and pleasure of the purpose of Mr. Hinton and will congratulate him upon his enterprise and desire to ever keep abreast of the requirements of the public in the way of hotel accommodations so far as his hostelry is concerned.

Arctic Explorer Made Good Impression on Majority of Audience at Academy of Music—Lecture Very Interesting.

"No observation can be made which will determine the exact position of the Pole, and that applies to all explorers, past, present or future," said Dr. Frederick A. Cook, of Brooklyn, N. Y., in his lecture to a large audience at the Academy of Music last night, "yet when I made this statement in an article in Hampton's Magazine it came out under a heading, 'Dr. Cook's Confession'."

And the majority of people in the audience who heard those statements and the other made by the man who has been accused of being the most colossal fakir of an age that is perhaps famous for its fakirs went away from the opera house last night, if not convinced that the speaker has been done a great injustice, at least with a doubt in their minds as to whether he has not been as near the North Pole as any other man.

The impression made by Dr. Cook was undoubtedly favorable to himself. He was applauded a number of times and each time more heartily than the previous one. Speaking of his trip to the Pole and the horrors of the long days of toil and privations that tried men's souls, his voice was that of one tired, very tired, weary with fighting an uphill battle against tremendous odds, but when he came to speak of Mr. Peary's part of the polar controversy his voice rang with righteous wrath, or an exceedingly clever imitation of it, the voice of a man who rallies and comes back strong after each defeat.

There were no preliminaries to the lecture. Dr. Cook came on the platform unannounced and began his lecture in a matter-of-fact way. The lights of the house were turned off and the lecture, or that part of it touching on the trip to the pole and the return to the point from which they start was made, was accompanied by stereopticon views. The views were very interesting and some of them were very beautiful. Dr. Cook told of the start on the long polar journey and of the fine sport with the various specimens of big game; how the members of the party lived on game exclusively until the barren wastes were reached, where no wild life flourished. He told how near the 83rd parallel the party was reduced to two men besides himself and 26 dogs, for the final dash to the pole; of the endless toil and hardships, with no food except the frozen pemmican, with never a break in the maddening monotony of the same horizon, and how his two faithful Esquimaux at last broke down at the 88th parallel, but were cheered up when he told them that the goal lay only five days journey ahead.

The speaker then told of coming to the place where the human shadow was the same size and length at every hour of the day, which, he said, indicated that the pole had been reached, though it was possible that they were not on the exact center of the axis of the world. When the slide showing the American flag waving at this spot was thrown upon the screen the speaker was applauded for the first time. He stated that at that season of the year the stars were not visible and that no land could be seen. The only means whereby an observation could be taken was the sun and this was so low as to render those taken possibly inaccurate. The party spent two days at the pole and then began the long journey southward. Dr. Cook said. He told how they were carried far out of their course by the floating seas of ice and how they were forced to make a great detour in order to reach their starting point.

They finally had to abandon their dogs and then came to open water. After 1,000 miles of travel in a little canvas canoe 12 feet long they came to the Atlantic side of Baffin Bay, only 300 miles from their starting point, but Winter was at hand and they had to give up travel. They spent the long dark four months in a little cave subsisting for the most part on the raw flesh of the musk ox, of which animals they had killed a number with lances and bows and arrows fashioned from the woods of the sleds, as their ammunition was almost expended. With the coming of Spring they resumed their journey on February 7th, 1909. Drawing one of the sleds themselves, with food enough to last them only 150 miles, they started their journey, which was at least 300 miles long. At the end of 30 days their food gave out, with their goal still 150 miles away. A polar bear was sighted and with one of the remaning cartridges the animal was killed. Several times they were only saved from starvation by similar lucky happenings. They were forced again to alter their course, but at last they reached their starting point and here Dr. Cook bade his two faithful followers farewell and started home. The speaker paused here to give the two Esquimaux boys as much credit for the success of the long journey as he took for himself.

Taking up the so-called polar controversy, the speaker then touched in strong terms on the conduct of Commander Peary in the matter. He stated that Peary bribed his companion, who had been left to guard his (Cook's) cache at the starting point, to betray the location to him, and that he took all the food supplies, as well as vast quantity of valuable furs, amounting in all to about $35,000. He also charged that Peary secured a copy of his report made from the telegraph station at Labrador, and disappeared for a week, reappearing and filing a report which he declared was admitted by all scientific men to be an exact duplicate of his own and naval officer had made his own report from the speaker's data. He also declared that for years Peary had been making Arctic explorations on funds furnished by the government and the public and that he had made seevral millions of dollars for himself and his friends by trading in furs with this money. He stated that Peary left two of his own children, illegal, but nevertheless, flesh of his flesh and bone of his bone, abandoned in the bleak rocks 25 miles from Eetah. He charged that Peary was upheld by the navy and the government and that every base method possible was used to discredit his own claims; that the Peary interests bribed the man who had climbed Mount McKinley with him to deny that they had reached the top, and he declared that he had legal papers to prove every charge against Peary that he made. Furthermore, he said, he was ready to meet Peary with his evidence, his money or his fists if necessary. This statement was greeted with the warmest applause that he received.

Dr. Cook closed his lecture by stating that every charge that had been brought against him was a lie—a lie with a purpose and a lie sanctioned and endorsed by the United States government. The Copenhagen University, he said, had reported that his data did not conclusively prove that he had been to the North pole, but that it did not necessarily imply that he had not been there, but the naval and Peary press bureaus had sent out their reports written in such a manner as to convey this impression. The speaker declared that time would bring the truth to the surface and that he wanted no financial reward; no military or naval honors, or anything of the like, but that he did want plain American fair play and the credit that belonged to him and which was his by right of risking his money and his life in his successful endeavor to carry the American flag to the top of the world. He was heartily applauded as he bowed himself off the stage.

It is safe to say that since his lecture Dr. Cook probably will have many more sympathizers in Wilmington than heretofore, and there is no denying that his lecture was a most interesting one and was heard with genuine pleasure by the audience.

LUTHERAN LAYMEN

General Convention of United Synod of South at Salisbury.

The Lutheran churches of Wilmington will be represented by 20 or more delegates at the first general convention of the Laymens' Missionary Convention of the United Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in the South, at Salisbury, February 7, 8 and 9th. Mr. J. H. Rehder, of this city, is a member of the executive committee, and Mr. C. W. Polvogt, also of this city, has been invited to deliver one of the principal addresses at the convention

The delegates will probably be selected this week by St. Paul's and by St. Matthew's Lutheran churches. The pastors of the two churches, Rev. Dr. W. A. Snyder, of St. Paul's, and Rev. H E Beatty, of St. Matthews, as well as a number of prominent laymen of each, will likely attend. The laymens' missionary movement has a number of enthusiastic champions among the Lutherans of Wilmington, and as many as possible will attend the meeting at Salisbury.

The convention promises to be the largest gathering of Lutherans ever assembled in the South. The committee in charge of arrangements expects fully 1,000 men, chiefly from North Carolina, Virginia, Tennessee, Gebrgia, Florida and Alabama. The committee has secured speakers of unusual strength and wide reputation and the prospects are good for a big convention.

The first session will be held at 3.30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, February 7th, and the convention will continue its sessions through Friday.

The program has been arranged by the committee with a view of making it worth while for all the men to reach Salisbury in time for the opening and to stay for the last. One of the most prominent speakers from the North who had expected to be at the convention only long enough to make his address was so much impressed with the copy of the tentative programme sent him that he wrote that he could not afford to miss any of it, and accordingly had called in other engagements to remain in Salisbury throughout the convention.

The railroads in the Southeastern Passenger Association have granted a special rate of one and one-half fare, plus 50 cents for the round trip, on the certificate plan. Delegates are instructed to pay full fare going and have the railroad agent give them the official certificate. The certificate is to be deposited with the committee at convention headquarters upon arrival at Salisbury. It will be properly signed and retured to the delegate. The return rate will be one-half fare plus 50 cents. If one travels on more than one road he should get certificate from each road. Tickets will be on sale from February 3rd to 9th and the certificate will be good for returning until February 12th.

The executive committee of the convention is composed of Geo. B. Cromer, LL. D., chairman, Newberry, S. C.; O. B. Mayer, Newberry, S. C.; J. E. Copper, Winchester, Va.; C. M. Efird, Lexington, S. C.; J. H. Rehder, Wilmington, N. C.; W. P. Houseal, recording secretary, Columbia, S. C.; Kenneth Baker, treasurer, Greenwood, S. C.

Fifth Street M. E. Church.

Fifth Street Methodist Church: The pastor, Rev. G. T. Adams, will preach at 11 A. M. on "God's 'How Much More'," at 7:30 P. M., the subject will be, "What Will You Do With Jesus?" Sermon to Junior congregation at 10:15 A. M. Sunday School 3 P. M. W. H. Schaefer, superintendent. The public cordially invited to all the services of the church. Good singing. Comfortable church.

For the Woman That's Fat.

A Detroit physician says that the cheapest and safest mixture a fat woman who wants to get thin can use is ½ ounce Marmola (get it in the original ½-ounce package), ½ ounce Fluid Extract Cascara Aromatic and 3¼ ounces Peppermint Water. The proper amount to take is a teaspoonful after meals and at bedtime.

These ingredients may be obtained from any druggist at small cost, and make a combination that is not only excellent as a fat reducer, being able, it is claimed, to take off a pound a day without causing wrinkles, but is also a splendid help to the system as a whole, regulating the stomach and bowels (where the fat person's troubles begin), and clearing the skin of pimples and blotches. No exercise is required to help the remedy in its work and best of all, no dieting is necessary while taking it—you can eat what you like.

Charles Durham, Lovington, Ill., has succeeded in finding a positive cure for bed wetting. "My little boy wet the bed every night clear thro' on the floor. I tried several kinds of kidney medicine and I was in the drug store looking for something different to help him when I heard of Foley Kidney Pills. After he had taken them two days we could see a change and when he had taken two thirds of a bottle he was cured. That is about six weeks ago and he has not wet in bed since." Robt. R. Bellamy.

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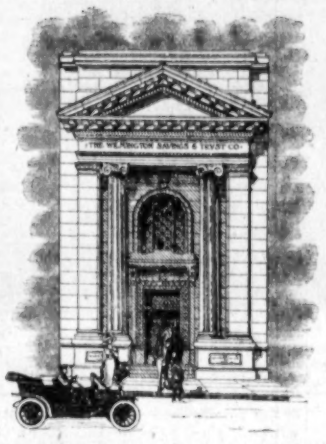

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Call and let us show you our thoroughly modern vault and equipment. Glad to see you, whether you have business, or not.

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

110 Princess Street

OLDEST, LARGEST, STRONGEST North Carolina Savings Bank.

$30 Per Month

is what the property rents for and it can be bought for $2,850.00. This is better than a 12 per cent. investment and it is located in the most rapidly developing section of Wilmington. Corner lot and room for at least two more houses. The proposition is a good one and we can negotiate a satisfactory loan on the property.

Wilmington promises to advance steadily and now is the time to buy if you wish to take advantage of the increment.

D. R. FOSTER & CO. "WE SELL THE EARTH"

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy."

WHITE SALE CONTINUES

On account of the Inclement Weather during the past week, we will continue the Low Prices This Week, on

LADIES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR,

LONG CLOTH AND NAINSOOK

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES

WHITE GOODS AND WASH GOODS

Special This Week

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.

We offer this week Five Hundred Ladies' Taffeta and Messaline Silk Underskirts, Worth $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00—this week only,

$2.50 Each

New Spring Mattings and Crex Rugs have arrived.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

Mrs. Hattie Hollie and little daughter, May Pet, of Rose Hill, N. C., were in the city yesterday shopping. Mrs. Hollie is a daughter of Mr. I. P. Alderman, of Rose Hill, N. C., who is so well known in Wilmington.

* * *

Mrs. W. H. Johnston, of No. 407 Chesnut street, has been called to the bedside of her father, Mr. John L. Andrews, who is critically ill at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Samuel D. Hancock, at Winston-Salem, N. C.

* * *

The annual meeting of Cape Fear Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, will be held Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the W. L. I. armory. Reports of the officers for the past year will be received and the newly elected officers will be installed. A full attendance is desired and members are urged to be punctual.

* * *

The annual meeting of the Whatsoever Circle of the King's Daughters and Sons will be held at the home of Mrs. C. J. Kelloway, No. 106 North Sixth street, Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock. The officers recently elected for the year 1912 are as follows: Leader, Mrs. James Howard; assistant leader, Mrs. Bertram Quelch; treasurer, Miss Margaret Pearsall; secetary, Mrs. C. J. Kelloway.

* * *

Yesterday marked the 60th anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Munroe, a most esteemed couple living on Nort.. Second street. Mr. Munroe is 86 years of age and his wife 85, and they have hundreds of friends both in the city and surrounding section. Many called yesterday to congratulate them on the happy anniversary of their wedding and to wish them many happy returns of the day.

* * *

Members of Norta Carolina Sorosis are offering for sale tickets to a benefit to be given at the Grand Theatre Thursday, January 25th, afternoon and evening. It is hoped to sell quite a large number in order to aid the work of the club. Those ladies having tickets to sell will please make return to Mrs. E. Y. Wooten before next Tuesday afternoon so that the committee will know what number has been disposed of.

* * *

A most enjoyable social event is promised in the silver tea to be given by the Hospital Circle of the King's Daughters and Sons at The Orton Tuesday, February 6th, from 4 to 6 and from 8 to 10 P. M. The parlors of the hotel will be in service and tea will be served to those who attend. No charge for admission will be made, but a silver contribution will be received, to go into the working fund of the Circle. Some form of entertainment will be provided and fancy work and candy will be placed on sale. A cordial invitation is extended the public to be present.

* * *

Clarkton, N. C., Jan. 20.—Friday evening in the K. of P. hall, the Clarkton Book Club gave an enjoyable reception in honor of Mr. Clarence Clark and bride, Mr. Snowden Singletary and bride and Miss Cromartie and Mr. Isaac A. Singletary. The simple but tastefully arranged decorations, the well arranged programme and the delicious refreshments helped in making the social function one of the most delightful. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Snowden Singletary, Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Stegall, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Harrington, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Cox, Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Currie, Mr and Mrs. George Currie, Mrs. Joe Russ, Mrs. M. B. McAulay, Acme, N. C.; Misses Laura Dell Clark, Rosalie, Amanda, Annie N., and Katie Clark, Edna and Isabel Cromartie, Amelia and Ida Wooten, Emma and Eva Kelly, Bessie and Annie Belle Russ, Margaret Baldwin, Maxton; Susie Dixon and Bessie Blue, Raeford; Myrtle MacRae, Monroe, N. C.; Miss Stone Davidson, Miss Cocran, Charlotte; Messrs. E. C. Clark, O. L. Clark, Sr., and Jr., Frank Dixon, Robert Craven, Howard, Lennon, Little, Clarence and Alex. Stephens, Isaac Singletary and Dr. Evans.

* * *

SOROSIS WERE HOSTESS TO TEACHERS OF COUNTY.

One of the most charming and pleasing events of the season in social circles was the entertainment given in the Pythian Hall yesterday afternoon by the Literature Department of North Carolina Sorosis in honor of the school teachers of the county. It was without a doubt one of the greatest events of the year in the club and the afternoon proved highly enojyable to each of the 200 ladies in attendance. Nearly all the county teachers were present and a goodly number of the members of Sorosis and invited guests.

A feature was an illustrated lecture on "Astronomy and Mythology," by Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster, pastor of the First Baptist Church. He showed the plan of salvation as revealed by the stars and the lecture was indeed a rare treat. It was a revelation as well as an inspiration to those present and many expressions of appreciation were heard at its conclusion. A rising vote of thanks was tendered Dr. Foster by his hearers. Those who were so fortunate as to be present will never cease to think of the wonderful lesson the lecture contained. Dr. Foster was introduced by Mrs. Richard Price, the chairman of the Literature Department, in her charming style. The success of the afternoon was largely due to Mrs. Price's energy and effective planning.

Another feature was a number of toasts proposed by members of the club. Mrs. A. J. Howell delightfully presided as toastmistress. Her remarks interspersing the toasts containing many pleasantries, added enjoyment to the occasion. The toasts spiritedly responded to were:

"Our Guests," Mrs. J. G. Barrentine. "Our City," Miss Ruth Shaw. "Our Club," Mrs. Adolph Goodman. "Man," Mrs. M. L. Stover. "The Literature Department," Mrs. E. L. Prince. The last mentioned was an especially deserved tribute to the department and its able chairman, Mrs. Richard Price, who has made the work so interesting and instructive and attractive to the members.

The department feels indbted to the Pythians, who tendered the use of the hall, those who took part and helped to make the occasion the grand success that it was.

First Week Will Be Featured By Consideration of "Blind Tiger" Cases—Murder Cases—Many Witnesses Subpoenaed.

With Judge Garland S. Ferguson, of Waynesville, presiding, and Solicitor Henry E. Shaw, of Kinston, looking after the interests of the State, the regular January term of New Hanover Superior Court will convene tomorrow morning. The term is for two weeks and for the trial of criminal cases only.

There are on the docket about 140 cases, the largest number for any term of Superior Court in the last two or three years; due largely to the activities of the last grand jury, which brought 75 or 80 indictments, the major portion of which charge violations of the prohibition law.

Greatest interest this week will center in the trial of the whiskey cases, of which there are 62. The State believes that it has ample evidence to secure conviction in each case, while on the other hand the defendants feel confident of their ability to secure acquittal. It is understood that the tentative motion lodged at the last term of court by Assistant City Attorney Geo. L. Peschau, for a change of venue, will not be renewed unless it is shown, after trial of two or three of the cases, that the sentiment against the enforcement of prohibition is so strong here that a conviction is well nigh impossible. In such event it is certain that the attorneys appearing with the solicitor in the cases will ask that the cases be removed to another county. The attorneys seem to prefer that the cases be tried here if they can be disposed of. A mistrial is what is feared most of all, and it is not improbable that if removal is sought that one of the reasons will be the failure to secure a verdict of any kind in New Hanover county.

Many Citizens Summoned.

Although such action must have been expected in view of the publicity given the matter at the time the names were secured by detectives, the service of subpoenas on a number of prominent citizens to appear in court this week as witnesses in the "blind tiger" cases, created a sensation yesterday. Judging from reports as to what was to happen there was a general exodus of people last night, fearing that if they should remain in the city they would be summoned to give testimony in the whiskey cases. A common interrogation yesterday afternoon when a person met a friend or acquaintance was: "Have they got you yet?" Some times the answer was in the negative and some times the reply was in the affirmative, and it was pathetic the way they said it. Some even vowed that they would not tell anything they might know about the sale of whiskey in Wilmington, but the attorneys for the State believe that a majority of those summoned are men who can be relied upon to tell all they know about the transactions. The attorneys feel that it will no doubt go against the grain with some who are summoned, but that as they must testify or run the risk of being attached for contempt and sent to jail they will tell the truth rather than a falsehood. Of course, there are probably some on the list who will be unable to throw any light on any transactions of the kind, although they may have made several business visits to the different places under suspicion.

It is understood upon pretty good authority, that between 200 and 300 names of persons seen to enter places under suspicion at various times have been furnished the prosecuting attorneys. Subpoenas for some of these were issued yesterday and others will be issued tomorrow and fro mtime to time during the week as they are needed, so it was said last night.

The State hopes to be able to show that the men indicted have United States whiskey licenses; that at the time they secured the license they made affidavit that they intended to engage in the sale of spirituous liquor; that shipments of whiskey in large quantities have been received by them; that whiskey and beer have been found at the different places by police officers, and, finally, they hope to show by such men as have been summoned the actual sales of whiskey. This, in brief, seems to be the evidence upon which the State will rely, although nothing official has been given out regarding the matter.

The whiskey cases, the cases against women of the underworld, and the cases wherein several fish dealers are charged with violating the anti-trust law and the jail cases will most likely take up most of the time of the first week of the term, leaving the three murder cases on the docket to be considered the second week. One of the cases, the one in which J. C. Holly is charged with the murder of Edward Cromwell by poisoning, about two years ago, will take a big portion of a week unless better progress is made than at the first trial about a year ago. Holly is also charged with arson. He was convicted of the murder charge some months ago and sentenced to be electrocuted, but the Supreme Court granted him a new trial. C. D. Weeks, Esq., and Wm. J. Bellamy, Esq, represent the defendant, having been appointed by the court

The other two murder cases are, one against Philister King, colored, who is charged with the killing of Abraham Foard, and one against Policeman A. A. Nelms, who killed a negro said to have been resisting arrest and fighting the officer desperately in the northern part of the city a few months ago. The coroner's jury exonerated Mr. Nelms and the first grand jury found "not a true bill," but the recent grand jury found a "true bill." The officer was arrested but was released under $10,000 bond with Councilman B. C. Moore and Mr. C. C. Covington as sureties.

A capital case was docketed in Superior court yesterday, having been sent up from the Recorder's court. This is the one in which Jim Halsey, colored, is charged with burglarizing the home of Mr. N. E. Farrow Some weeks ago.

—At St. Paul's Lutheran church today Dr. Snyder will preach on "Overcome or Overcoming" in the morning, and on "Real Religion" at night Both services are English services.

—Mrs. Rogers, for $10 and other considerations, tract in Harnett township, containing about one acre.

—The newly elected officers of the Knights of Columbus will be installed tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock at the hall on Third street. Dr. Thos. B. Carroll, district deputy, will officiate. After the installation ceremonies, a collation will be served.

—Betsy Mills, a colored woman, was arrested last night by police officers for an assault with a deadly weapon upon Ed Neal, colored. The woman struck the negro with a pair of metal knucks, inflicting a cut upon his head. Neal was sent to the hospital.

—The Gem Cafe, recently opened at 215 Princess street, is making a specialty of excellent Sunday dinner menus, and give their bill of fare for today in the Business Local column. This new eating house is rapidly getting a good patronage and promises to be very successful.

—The funeral of the late John J. Geyer, whose death occurred at an early hour in this city Friday evening, will take place at St. Mark's Episcopal church, this afternoon at 3 o'clock, of which he was for many years one of the prominent officials. He had attained the patriarchical degree in Odd Fellowship and will be buried with the honors of that order.

—The hookworm campaign in New Hanover county closes tomorrow. It was to have closed Friday, but Dr. Pridgen, who is in charge of the work, decided to continue for one day longer, owing to the fact that a number were prevented from being examined last week on account of the weather. Dr. Pridgen may be seen either at the Court House or the Colonial Inn.

—Rev. J. A. Smith, who has worked in season and out of season to have the United States Government establish a National Park at Fort Fisher, will leave this week for Washington, where he will appear before Congress in behalf of the measure. Chairman Hay, of the House Committee on Military Affairs, has promised to introduce the bill again at this session and Mr. Smith will remain there several days in thit interest.

—The many friends of Mr. E. S. Hancock, who for the past six years has been identified with the Wilmington Furniture Co., will be interested to learn that he has severed his connections with them and hereafter will be with Messrs. A. C. Sneed & Co. Mr. Hancock has had many years' experience in this business and the Sneed Company is indeed fortunate in securing him, as he has many friends who will no doubt call to see him at his new stand.

—Patrolman Leon George left last night for Boston, where he will be a witness for the State in the suit brought by the Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children to prevent Gussie Greer, of this city, obtaining possession of her children, which have been under the care of the society for some months. The society alleges that the character of the woman is such that she is not a proper person to have charge of the bringing up of the children.

—Mr. T. W. Wood, a well known business man of the city, has a proposition that may result in another fine commercial hotel for Wilmington. He proposes to erect the hotel on his property on the west side of Front street, between Chesnut and Grace, provided other business men of the city will subscribe half of the amount necessary, probably about $125,000, the other half of which he will furnish himself. The lot is 56x144 feet in size and would make an ideal location for a modern hotel.

NEW SETTLERS ARRIVE

One Family From Florida, and Another From New Jersey

During the past week a number of home-seekers arrived here and have purchased farms at one of the colonies of the Carolina Trucking Development Company. Two arrived yesterday, one from Florida and the other from New Jersey, and both have purchased farms at New Berlin.

Mr. B. G. Householder and family left Nebraska some time ago to settle in some Southern State, and they went to Florida. Not finding the opportunities there as great as he expected for a man of moderate means, Mr. Householder made an investigation of lands in a few other Southern States and concluded that the best place for him and his family to locate permanently was at New Berlin. He and his family and his father-in-law will move to New Berlin within the next few weeks.

It is expected that a great many people from the West and Northwest who have settled in Florida will soon be seeking lands in this section as the opportunities are greater for the thrifty farmer of moderate means.

Mr. Boekholt, of Patterson, N. J., was the other person to arrive yesterday. He is one of a family of 10 who will move to New Berlin this spring. Mr. Boekholt will remain at New Berlin and begin to get his farm in condition for cultivation.

Death of Mrs. Brinson.

Mrs. Elizabeth J. Brinson, widow of the late W. R. Brinson, died last night at 11:30 o'clock at the home of her son, Mr. J. P. Brinson, 13th and Wooster streets. The deceased was 70-odd years of age and in addition to her son, is survived by two daughters, Mrs. C. J. Malpass, and Mrs. M. S. White, both of Montague, N. C, all of whom will have the tenderest sympathy of many friends in their bereavement. The remains will be taken to Montague, the family burying ground, on the 8:45 train tomorrow, and the funeral will be held there tomorrow morning.

SECRET OF WOMAN'S BEAUTY.

There is no secret about a woman's beauty. It all lies in the care she devotes to herself and keeping at bay those fearful female diseases. No woman can be beautiful who suffers from aches and pains, "the blues," dizziness and irregularities.

Intelligent women now feel free to acknowledge that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound overcomes the multitude of painful ailments peculiar to women and restores the system to a normal healthy condition, and your druggist will tell you that he sells more Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound than all other medicines for female ills put together.

—Mr. Sol. Cone, a prominent cotton mill man of Greensboro, was a visitor to the city yesterday, leaving in the afternoon for Charleston, S. C.

—Rt. Rev. Mgr. Kieran, of Philadelphia, will deliver a sermon Sunday evening at 7:45 o'clock to the Knights of Columbus at St. Mary's Church.

—Among the guests at The Southern yesterday were L. Hearn, East Arcadia; T. H. MacRae, Durham; R. D. Pridgen, Currie; A. T. Clark, Bolton; N. A. Rouse, Swansboro; B. Hollingsworth, Roseboro; G. D. Futch, Rocky Point; S. W. Owen, Clarkton.

—Mr. A. W. Green, president of the National Biscuit Company, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon in his private car "Independence," accompanied by his wife and daughter, a grandson and his manager. He will spend today in the city and probably Monday. Mr. Green and his party will attend High Mass at St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral this morning.

SITE FOR BEAR BUILDING.

Board of Education to Hold Special Meeting Wednesday Afternoon.

J. O. Carr, Esq., chairman of the County Board of Education, yesterday morning issued a call for a special meeting of the board at the Court House Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock for the purpose of selecting the site for the school building to be given by Mr. Samuel Bear, Jr., and to be known as the "Isaac Bear Memorial School." Formal announcement of the gift of the building was made by Mr. Carr Friday night at the gathering at the High School and this news was most joyously received by the people of the community.

The call for the meeting as issued by Chairman Carr, copies of which were sent to Mr. Chas. E. Taylor, Jr., and Mr. J. G. L. Gieschen, the other two members, read as follows:

"January 20th, 1912.

"Gentlemen:—I hereby notify you that a special meeting of the Board of Education of New Hanover county is called to be held in the office of the Board at the Court House on next Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, January 24th, for the purpose of deciding upon a site for the 'Isaac Bear Memorial School.' The building has been donated by Mr. Samuel Bear, Jr., and you may notify anybody that the public will be invited to make any suggestions as to the location of this building, and the purchase of a site for same. "Yours respectfully,

"J. O. CARR,

"Chairman Board of Education."

Mr. Carr, when seen yesterday afternoon, made the following statement with reference to the meeting:

"The congestion in the schools of the city of Wilmington can be relieved by placing the school building in the northern part of the city, in the southern part of the city, or in the eastern part of the city, and the location will depend largely upon the desirability and price of the site which can be obtained. The location of this building in a community will aid largely in the development of that community, and it will be to the interest of the public to aid us in obtaining a desirable location at the least possible cost.

"The public is invited to attend this meeting and any offers or suggestions as to a site will be seriously considered. If a site cannot be obtained by agreement, it is likely that the Board will decide upon a location and institute condemnation proceedings to obtain a title for same."

YOKE FELLOWS' BAND.

Report of the Work of the Organization for Past Year.

General Secretary Huntington, of the Y. M. C. A. has just made out the report of the Yoke Fellows' Band for the past year and it makes a splendid showing for the organization. The Yoke Fellows, an organization of the Y. M. C. A., has been doing fine work in Wilmington during the past three years, but the work the past year establishes a record in several particulars. The following is a summary of the work by the Yoke Fellows' Band and salaried force of the Y. M. C. A.:

Meetings held by the Yoke Fellows' Band on Sunday and during the week in city and county, 48; total attendance, 15,857. Yoke Fellows' monthly meetings, 12; total attendance, 168. Religious meetings conducted by the religious work committe for men only, 48; total attendance, 4,171. Meetings conducted by the association officers in city churches, 43; total attendance (estimated), 3,736. Meetings held in the building for boys, 5; total attendance, 109. Meetings for men at A. C. L. shops, pastors of city speaking, 53, total attendance 1,832. Special prayer services, two; total attendance, 55. Bible classes for young men, 60; for young boys, 22; total attendance, 1,578.

Officers Stonewall Lodge.

At the regular meeting of Stonewall Lodge, No. 1, Knights of Pythias, on Monday night, the following officers for the ensing year will be installed by Lodge Deputy J. W. Little: Chancellor Commander, T. Y. Morris; Vice Chancellor, D. G. Vafiadi; Prelate, George F. Lucas, Jr.; Master of Work, T. E. Cooper; Keeper of Records and Seals, W. C. Smith; Master of Finance J. D. Kelley; Master of Exchequer, Claude Murray; Master at Arms, T E Davis; Inner Guard, A. L. Scott; Outer Guard, J. H. Holmes.

Special Vesper Service.

There will be a special vesper service this evening at 7:45 at St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral for the Knights of Columbus. The Knights will assemble at the Rectory at 7:30 p. m., and march in a body to the Cathedral. The public is cordially invited to attend the service.

The Master Cure for RHEUMATISM

Dr. Muller's Famous Prescription 100384

Used by Specialists and known since 1861 as the one good medicine for deep-seated and apparently hopeless cases. A safe, speedy and satisfactory treatment. Don't waste time with compounds, cure-alls and liniments. Insist on having Muller's Famous Prescription and success. Cures Rheumatism and Gout at any age or condition.

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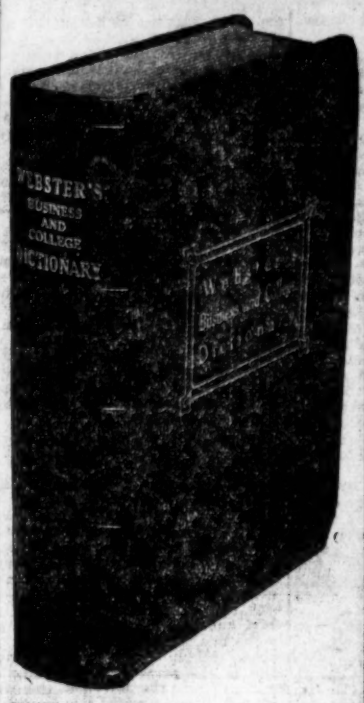

Reduced Illustration of the Book.

Having arranged with the publishers for a limited number of these Dictionaries, The Star takes pleasure in announcing to its readers that until further notice a copy of the book will be given absolutely FREE WITH EACH $6.00 PAID ON SUBSCRIPTION, delivered to the subscriber without cost for postage or packing.

Short Time Payments.

To those who do not care to invest in a year's subscription at one time, we will state the book may be had by paying $1.50 for three months subscription and 50 cents additional; or $3.00 for six months subscription and 25 cents additional. No strings tied to the proposition and no coupons required to be clipped. Just send along the required amount and the Dictionary will be delivered at the earliest possible moment.

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Completely revised, enlarged and brought "up to the minute" by that leading authority, Prof. Chas. M. Stevens, Litt. D. A handy size for Instant Reference.

Refer to such new words as Aeroplane, Aviator, Banzai, Biplane, Camorra, Carborundum, Chassis, Escalator, Limerick, Limousine, Marconigram, Suffragette, Taximeter, Teleautograph, etc.

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ADDRESS ALL ORDERS TO

WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY

WILMINGTON, N. C.

—Secretary Huntington will speak at the Y. M. C. A. meeting for boys in the rooms of the Association at 10 o'clock this morning. The boys are becoming very much interested in this work. All boys are cordially invited.

—Sheriff S. P. Cowan stated yesterday that the tax list had been made up for publication and that those who are in arrears and who do not care to see their names published, had best act promptly and settle.

—Miss Sue Corbett, of Wilson, is visiting Mrs. M. G. Saunders, corner Fourth and Nun streets.

—Mr. W. I. Snaw, of Ivanhoe, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

Removal Notice!

J. W. Murchison & Company, Wholesale Dealers in Hardware, will on January 1st, 1912, move their business from their old location, 109-110 North Front Street, to their new and modern building, located at the corner of Chestnut and Water streets, where they will conduct a wholesale hardware business. They will be glad to see any and all of their old friends at their new location, and will be pleased to serve them in their line at all times.

The firm of J. W. Murchison & Company has assigned and set over to Peck & Holloway their retail hardware business, heretofore conducted at 109-110 North Front street, and bespeak for the new firm the good-will and patronage of the friends of the old firm for their retail business. The new firm of Peck & Holloway will not conduct a wholesale business.

With thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on this firm during the past, we wish our numerous friends a Happy and Prosperous New Year.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.

CHESTNUT AND WATER STREETS.

Financial and Commercial

COTTON WENT DOWN A LITTLE

The Market Was Nervous and Unsettled Owing to Weakness in Liverpool and Increased Offerings.

New York, Jan. 20.—The cotton market was nervous and unsettled today, with prices lower, owing to weakness in Liverpool and reports of increased Southern spot offerings. The close was barely steady at a net decline of 8 to 13 points.

The opening was steady at a decline of 4 to 11 points, under liquidation by yesterday's buyers and local bear pressure. Weakness in Liverpool appeared to confirm the predictions that the settlement of the Lancashire labor troubles had been discounted while the character of the private advices received from the English marke suggested heavier offerings of actual deliveries on an easier basis. A good demand was again encountered around 9.50 for May, and for a time this seemed sufficient to sustain the market, but offerings continued large, with the South a seller here. Buying orders were gradually filled up and the market later broke to 9.44 for May or about 16 points net, lower. The close was 3 or 4 points up from the lowest on covering for over the week-end. Private cables attributed the decline in Liverpool to liquidation and heavy American selling in addition to the freer Southern offerings, and with the weather in the South more favorable much of the day's selling here was probably based on expectations both of an increased movement and of greater pressure, to sell spot supplies in the interior next week. There seemed to be little improvement in the New England labor news and further nervousness was felt regarding the threatened strike of British coal miners. The main factor, however, was considered the better weather and the talk of an easier spot situation. The Southern selling here appeared to come chiefly from Memphis and New Orleans, while much of the buying on a scale down was said to be on old resting orders. Foreign houses were large buyers of October. A prominent statistician reiterates his estimate of 13,300,000 bales for the world's requirements of American cotton this season.

Receipts of cotton at all ports today, 49,874 bales, against 35,476 last week, and 29,238 last year. For the week, 300,000 bales, against 289,791 last week and 218,717 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 14,401, against 6,769 last year and at Houston 10,123, against 7,701 last year.

Spot closed quiet, 5 points lower; middling uplands, 9.50; do. gulf, 9.75; sales, none.

Futures closed barely steady.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Jan	9.20	9.24	9.20	9.23
Feb	....	....	....	9.26
Mar	9.36	9.36	9.29	9.34
Apr	9.39	9.39	9.39	9.40
May	9.50	9.53	9.44	9.49
June	9.56	9.56	9.56	9.54
July	9.67	9.65	9.57	9.61
Aug	9.65	9.65	9.64	9.63
Sept	9.70	9.71	9.70	9.67
Nov	....	....	....	9.76
Dec	9.80	9.81	9.80	9.81

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Steady, 10; net receipts, 17,977; gross receipts, 17,977; sales, 1,130; stock, 362,754; Great Britain, 15,958; continent, 214; coastwise, 1,553.

New Orleans—Steady, 9⅝; net receipts, 14,401; gross receipts, 13,011; sales, 2,275; stock, 275,288; coastwise, 477.

Mobile—Net receipts, 2,515; gross receipts, 2,515; stock, 65,491; continent, 5,818; coastwise, 10.

Savannah—Quiet, 9 5-16; net receipts, 8,095; gross receipts, 8,095; sales, 3,714; stock, 257,604; coastwise, 684.

Charleston—Steady, 9¼; net receipts, 262; gross receipts, 262; stock, 34,533.

Wilmington—Nominal; net receipts, 1,529; gross receipts, 1,529; stock, 23,367; coastwise, 200.

Norfolk—Steady, 9⅝; net receipts, 2,211; gross receipts, 2,211; sales, 2,432; stock, 4,642; coastwise, 303.

Baltimore—Nominal, 9⅝; stock, 8,833.

New York—Quiet, 9.50; gross receipts, 5,891; stock, 188,520; Great Britain, 219; continent, 1,324; coastwise, 4,543.

Boston—Quiet, 9.50; net receipts, 48; gross receipts, 4,083; stock, 12,654.

Philadelphia—Quiet, 9.75; stock, 5,656.

Brunswick—Stock, 14,022.

Guilfport—Stock, 3,680.

Texas City—Net receipts, 2,761; gross receipts, 2,761; stock, 11,924.

Jacksonville—Net receipts, 75; gross receipts, 75; coastwise, 75.

Total today, at all ports—Net, 49,874; Great Britain, 16,177; continent, 29,366; stock, 1,310,768.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 49,874; Great Britain, 16,177; continent, 29,366.

Total since Sept. 1, at all ports—Net, 8,210,515; Great Britain, 2,598,522; France, 793,884; continent, 2,620,456; Japan, 260,400; Mexico, 4,397.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, 9⅝; net receipts, 10,123; gross receipts, 10,123; shipments, 8,103; sales, 901; stock, 160,484.

Augusta—Steady, 9⅛; net receipts, 881; gross receipts, 988; shipments, 1,645; sales, 1,661; stock, 87,478.

Memphis—Steady, 9¾; net receipts, 925; gross receipts, 2,143; shipments, 3,907; sales, 3,258; stock, 178,809.

St. Louis—Quiet, 9¾; net receipts, 233; gross receipts, 2,443; shipments, 2,254; sales, 295; stock, 26,780.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 1,346; gross receipts, 1,346; shipments, 596; sales, 300; stock, 9,880.

Little Rock—Quiet, 9⅝; net receipts, 543; shipments, 336; stock, 35,550.

Total today—Net receipts, 14,051; gross receipts, 17,588; shipments, 16,934; sales, 6,407; stock, 507,990.

NAVAL STORES.

New York, Jan. 20.—Rosin and turpentine, quiet.

Savannah, Jan. 20.—Turpentine, 49c. bid and refused; sales, none; receipts, 491; shipments, 2,051; stocks, 32,522.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 4,200; receipts, 2,890; shipments, 7,059; stocks, 128,428. Quote: B, 6.47½; D, 6.52½@6.67½; E, 6.57½@6.70; F, G, H and I, 6.62½@6.72½; K, 7.20; M, 7.45; N, 7.50; W G, 7.60; W W, 7.80.

Charleston, Jan. 20.—Turpentine, firm, at 40¾@50.

Rosin—Firm. Quote: A, B, C, 6.77½; D, 6.82½; E, 6.87½; F, G, H and I, 6.92½; K, 7.20; M, 7.45; N, 7.60; W G, 7.60; W W, 7.80.

Why Is Sugar Sweet?

If sugar did not dissolve in the mouth you could not taste the sweet, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC is as strong as the strongest bitter tonic, but you do not taste the bitter because the ingredients do not dissolve in the mouth but do dissolve in the acids of the stomach. Is just as good for Grown People as for children. The First and Original Tasteless Chill Tonic The Standard for 20 years, 50.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Wilster (Br.), 1,763 tons, Eggert, Nordenhamn, Heide & Co.

Cleared.

Str. Bound Brook (Nor.), 829 tons, Pedersen, Norfolk, Heide & Co.

Schr. Eliza A. Scribner, 250 tons, Dodd, New York, C. D. Maffitt.

Str. Carib, 2,089 tons, Hale, New York, H. G. Smallbones.

Exports—Coastwise.

New York—Schr. Eliza A. Scribner, 229,000 feet kiln dried lumber; cargo by Wiley-Harker Lumber Co.; vessel by C. D. Maffitt.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Wilster (Br.), 1,763 tons, Eggert, Heide & Co.

Str. Remembrance (Br.), 2,286 tons, Nesbit, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Quarrydene (Br.), 1,822 tons, Prideaux, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Drumgeith (Br.), 2,472 tons, Robertson, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Schooners.

Schr. Edna P. Pendleton, 821 tons, Coombs, C. D. Maffitt.

Stephen G. Loud, 40 tons, Hart, C. D. Maffitt; in distress.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at Port of Wilmington.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 20.

Atlantic Coast Line—1,484 bales cotton; 3 barrels rosin; 9 barrels tar; 1 barrel crude turpentine.

Seaboard Air Line—45 bales cotton.

Quinn's Flat—80 barrels rosin.

Str. Whitlock—6 casks spirits turpentine; 28 barrels rosin.

Str. Lisbon—6 barrels rosin; 14 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—1,529 bales cotton; 6 casks spirits turpentine; 117 barrels rosin; 9 barrels tar; 15 barrels crude turpentine.

Total Last Year—910 bales cotton; 7 casks spirits turpentine; 112 barrels rosin; 41 barrels tar; 24 barrels crude turpentine.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

New York, Jan. 20.—Flour quiet and steady. Spring patents, 5.10@5.40; Winter straights, 4.15@4.25; Spring clears, 4.20@4.40.

Rye Flour—Steady, 4.70@5.20.

Buckwheat Flour—Quiet.

Corn Meal—Quiet.

Rye—Quiet.

Wheat—Spot, steady; No. 2, red, 99¼, elevator, export basis, and 1.01¼ f.o.b. afloat; No. 1, northern Duluth, 1.20½ f.o.b. afloat. Options, ¼c. net higher.

Corn—Spot, firm. New, 72 f.o.b. afloat. Futures, nominal.

Oats—Spot, steady; standard white, 53½, elevator; No. 2, 56. Futures, nominal.

Pork—Steady.

Beef—Steady.

Cut Meats—Steady.

Lard—Easier.

Tallow—Steady.

Wool—Steady.

Rice—Firm.

Molasses—Firm.

Sugar—Raw, firm.

Coffee — Futures, steady, net 7 to 16 points lower; spot, quiet; Rio, No. 7, 14. Santos, No. 4, 15¾. Mild, quiet. Cordova, 15½@17¼, nominal.

Cabbages—Firm, unchanged.

Potatoes—Firm and unchanged.

Freights—Unchanged.

Peanuts—Unchanged.

Butter—Irregular.

Cheese—Steady.

Eggs—Steady.

Cotton Seed Oil—The cotton seed oil market was quiet, but a little steadier on commission house buying. The close was unchanged to five points higher. Jan., 5.30@5.36; Feb., 5.39@5.40; Mar., 5.45@5.57; Apr., 5.49@5.51; May, 5.55@5.57.

Prime crude, 4.27@4.40; prime Summer yellow, 5.30@5.40; prime Summer white, 5.50@5.80; prime Winter yellow, 5.50@6.25.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 20.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady, 48¾ cents.

ROSIN—Steady, $6.20.

TAR—Firm at $1.80 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Firm, $3.50 per barrel for hard; $4.50 for dip, and $4.50 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin, nothing doing; tar, firm, $2.60; crude turpentine, firm, at $4.50@$6.00.

Receipts:

Spirits Turpentine	6
Rosin	117
Tar	9
Crude Turpentine	15

Receipts same day last year, 7 casks spirits turpentine; 112 barrels rosin; 41 barrels tar; 24 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Steady, 9.

Same day last year, nothing doing.

Receipts, 1,529 bales; same day last year, 910 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Jan. 6.)

CORN—Firm; .85 to .87½c. per bu.

PEAS—White, $2.50 per bu.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, new crop, 80c. per bu.; yams, 60c. per bu.

BEEF—On foot, dull, .03@.04 per lb.

PORK—7c. to 9c.

WOOL—Burry, 11@.12c. per lb.; free of burr, 17 to 18 per lb.

HIDES—Green, .08 to .08½ per lb.; dry, 14 to 15c. per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old, 20c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 14c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm; 27 per lb.

TALLOW—Firm; .04½@.05 per lb.

POULTRY — Turkeys, 18c. on foot. Chickens, grown, 40 to 45 per head; chickens, spring, 20@40c. per head. Geese, 65 to 70c. per head.

SHEEP—No sales.

Eggs—Fair demand, 24@25 per doz.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Jan. 9.

Market, steady on all grades of North Carolinas, Spanish and Virginias.

North Carolinas—Farmers' stock: Prime hand-picked, $1.35; machine-picked, $1.30.

Spanish—Prime hand-picked, 90c.; machine-picked, 85c.

Virginia—Prime hand-picked, 75c.; machine-picked, 70c.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Jan. 20.—Spot, quiet; prices, unchanged. American middling fair, 6.04; good middling, 5.66; middling, 5.40; low middling, 5.16; good ordinary, 4.82; ordinary, 4.60.

The sales of the day were 5,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 4,600 American. Receipts, 11,000 bales, all American. Futures opened steady and closed weak. Jan., 5.17; Jan. and Feb., 5.17; Feb., 5.17; Feb. and Mar., 5.20½; Mar. and Apr., 5.23½; Apr. and May, 5.25½; May and June, 5.27½; June and July, 5.29; July and Aug., 5.30½; Aug. and Sept., 5.30; Sept. and Oct., 5.28; Oct. and Nov., 5.27; Nov. and Dec., 5.27; Dec. and Jan., 5.27; Jan. and Feb., 5.27.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, McCabe & Co.)

Petersburg, Va., Jan. 18.—Spanish—Firm; small Spanish, 90c. per bu.; Jumbo Spanish, 85c. per bu. Virginias—Firm. Fancy Jumbo, 4c. to 4¼c. per lb.; Fancy Hand-Picked, 3¾c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3½c. per lb.; Prime, 3½c.; Machine picked, 3c. to 3½c. per lb.; Shelling stock, 2½c. to 3c. per lb.

"The Mission Father."

Quaint and tragic story of old California when the Mexican was in control at The Grand Theatre tomorrow. **

MARKET STRONG AND ACTIVE

The Brief Session of Yesterday's Market Was Noteworthy For Its Activity and Strength—Buying Movement.

New York, Jan. 20.—For a half holiday, and taking the recent dullness into account, today's brief session was rather noteworthy for its activity and strength. The buying movement which began yesterday in the Hill issues, later spreading to more active stocks, was resumed in a moderate degree today, general advances marking the operations of the first hour. To what extent the business represented real or investment buying and to what degree it mirrored short covering, are matters of more conjecture. It is clear, however, that a rather large bear interest has been pretty well eliminated by the rise of the last two days.

There has been no news of a definite character to account for the sudden change in the market sentiment, aside perhaps from the increasing ease of the money market and the apparent scarcity of stocks.

Certain phases of the situation, however, are obviously of a manipulative character, particularly the movement in the coal issues. Reading was again the leader today.

The bank statement furnished something of a surprise in that actual loans expanded over $28,000,000.

The bond market was active, with further price improvement. Total sales, par value, $3,500,000. Panama 3s advanced 1-8 on call during the week. Total sales of stocks today were 378,300 shares.

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers, pfd	6
Amalgamated Copper	65¾
American Agricultural	61
American Beet Sugar	58⅛
American Agricultural	62
American Can	12⅝
American Car and Foundry	53¼
American Cotton Oil	47½
American Hide and Leather, pfd	20½
American Ice Securities	18⅝
American Linseed	10½
American Locomotive	34¼
American Smelting and Refining	72¾
Amer. Smelting and Ref., pfd	1.03½
American Steel Foundries	29½
American Sugar Refining	115
American Tel and Tel	141½
American Tobacco, pfd	107½
American Tobacco, com., ex-rights	480
American Woolen	27
Anaconda Mining Co	35⅝
Atchison	106⅛
Atchison, pfd	103¼
Atlantic Coast Line	138
Baltimore and Ohio	100⅛
Bethlehem Steel	31¼
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	78
Canadian Pacific	231⅜
Central Leather	19⅝
Central Leather, pfd	86½
Central of New Jersey	350
Chesapeake and Ohio	71⅝
Chicago and Alton	24
Chicago Great Western	18½
Chicago Great Western, pfd	36½
Chicago and North Western	141½
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	108½
C., C., C. and St. Louis	60
Colorado Fuel and Iron	26¾
Colorado and Southern	48
Consolidated Gas	141⅝
Corn Products	11
Delaware and Hudson	172½
Denver and Rio Grande	21⅝
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	45⅝
Distillers' Securities	30⅝
Erie	31⅜
Erie, 1st pfd	52
Erie, 2nd pfd	42
General Electric	150½
Great Northern, pfd	129½
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	41½
Illinois Central	141
Interborough-Met	18½
Interborough-Met., pfd	58
Inter-Harvester	108¾
Inter-Marine, pfd	20⅝
International Paper	9½
International Pump	31¼
Iowa Central	13
Kansas City Southern	28
Kansas City Southern, pfd	63⅞
Laclede Gas	108
Louisville and Nashville	153½
Minneapolis and St. Louis	24½
Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie	133
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	28½
Missouri, Kansas and Texas, pfd	63
Missouri Pacific	40½
National Biscuit	118
National Lead	53⅞
Nat. Rys. of Mexico, 2nd pfd	36⅝
New York Central	108⅝
New York, Ontario and Western	38⅛
Norfolk and Western	100½
North American	76⅝
Northern Pacific	118⅝
Pacific Mail	31½
Pennsylvania	123½
People's Gas	106⅝
Pittsburg, C., C. and St. Louis	101
Pittsburg Coal	17⅝
Pressed Steel Car	32⅜
Pullman Palace Car	160½
Railway Steel Spring	30
Reading	158
Republic Steel	25⅞
Republic Steel, pfd	85¾
Rock Island Co	24½
Rock Island Co., pfd	50⅜
St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd	41½
St. Louis Southwestern	28⅝
St. Louis Southwestern, pfd	68
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	45
Southern Pacific	110⅞
Southern Railway	28½
Southern Railway, pfd	70½
Tennessee Copper	38
Texas and Pacific	22½
Toledo, St. Louis and Western	13½
Toledo, St. L. and Western, pfd	34⅝
Union Pacific	168½
Union Pacific, pfd	92
United States Realty	68¼
United States Rubber	47
United States Steel	67½
United States Steel, pfd	111½
Utah Copper	56¼
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	54⅝
Wabash	7
Wabash, pfd	18¾
Western Maryland	37
Westinghouse Electric	73¼
Western Union	84⅜
Wheeling and Lake Erie	4½

THE MONEY MARKET.

New York, Jan. 20.—Money on call, nominal. Time loans, very soft and active. Sixty days, 2¼@2½; ninety days, 2¼@2⅜; six months, 2¾@3¼. Prime mercantile paper, 3½@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange, firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.84 for sixty day bills, and at 4.8720 for demand. Commercial bills, 4.83¼. Bar silver, 57¼; Mexican dollars, 47.

THE DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Jan. 20.—Cotton drills, twills and ducks have been advanced. Prices on outing flannels and domestics will be made by leading houses on Monday. Trade for the week was of a conservative character, but very steady. Linens are higher, with buyers showing a disposition to operate on late deliveries. Burlaps are in fair inquiry, with a light business passing.

$100 Per Plate

was paid at a banquet to Henry Clay, in New Orleans in 1842. Mighty costly for those with stomach trouble or indigestion. Today people everywhere use Dr. King's New Life Pills for these troubles as well as liver, kidney and bowel disorders. Easy, safe, sure. Only 25 cts. at R. R. Bellamy.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

January 21, 1912.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 31 degrees; at 8 P. M., 45 degrees; maximum, 50 degrees; minimum, 31 degrees; mean, 40 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00 inch; for the month, 3.77 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 9.4 feet.

Weather Report.

Fair Sunday and Monday; not much change in temperature; light, variable winds.

Port Calendar—Jan. 21.

Sun rises	7:16 A. M.
Sun sets	5:32 P. M.
Day's length	10 hrs. 18 min.
High water at Southport	9:10 P. M.
High water at Wilmington	32:10 A. M.

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

January 20, 1912.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature Highest Today	Temperature Lowest Last Night	24-Hour Precipitation 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	52	28	.0
Asheville	clear	44	22	.0
Atlanta	clear	50	28	.0
Augusta	clear	54	38	.0
Birmingham	clear	52	26	.0
Boston	clear	26	18	.0
Charleston	clear	54	42	.0
Charlotte	clear	42	28	.0
Chicago	clear	22	2	.00
Galveston	pt cldy	52	42	.0
Jacksonville	cloudy	64	46	.0
Memphis	clear	46	28	.0
Mobile	clear	60	36	.0
Montgomery	clear	56	30	.0
New Orleans	pt cldy	54	38	.0
New York	pt cldy	26	16	.0
Palestine	clear	48	28	.0
Oklahoma	clear	40	28	.0
Pittsburg	clear	28	10	.0
Raleigh	pt cldy	44	26	.0
Savannah	pt cldy	58	42	.0
Shreveport	clear	50	30	.0
St. Louis	clear	32	16	.0
Washington	clear	30	22	.0

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—Wheat traders today showed themselves responsive to confirmed reports of famine prices prevailing throughout large districts in Russia and making virtually certain that exports from the Czar's country will run light for months to come. Accordingly, the close was ⅛ to ⅜ over last night. Corn finished ¼ to ½ up, oats, unchanged to ⅜ up, and hog products 2½@10c. lower.

Wheat—No. 2, red, 97@98; No. 3, red, 95@97; No. 2, hard, 99@1.03; No. 3, hard, 95@1.00; No. 1, Northern, 1.00@1.11½; No. 2, Northern, 1.06½@1.10; No. 3, Northern, 1.05@1.08; No. 2, Spring, 99@1.07; No. 3, Spring, 95@1.07; No. 4, spring, 90@1.03; velvet chaff, 99@1.05; durum, 99@1.05.

Corn—No. 3, 62¾@63½; No. 3, white, 63¾@64; No. 3, yellow, 63@63½; No. 4, 61@62; No. 4, white, 62¾@63; No. 4, yellow, 61¾@62½.

Oats—No. 2, white, 50½@51; No. 3, white, 49½@50½; No. 4, white, 49@50; standard, 50¼@51.

Wheat:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Jan	96	96¾	95⅞	96⅛
May	1.00⅝	1.00⅝	1.00⅛	1.00⅝
July	95	95¼	94⅝	95¼
Corn:				
Jan	....	....	....	63⅜
May	66¼	66⅝	66	66½
July	66¼	66⅝	66	66⅜
Sept	66¼	66⅝	66½	66⅝
Oats:				
Jan	49½	....	....	49¼
May	49⅝	49⅞	49⅜	49⅞
July	45¼	45⅜	45¼	45⅜
Sept	40½	40⅝	40½	40½
Mess Pork, per bbl.:				
Jan	15.50	15.50	15.47½	15.50
May	16.17½	16.20	16.05	16.10
July	16.35—	16.35½	16.25	16.25
Lard, per 100 lbs.:				
Jan	9.10	9.10	9.07½	9.07½
May	9.35	9.40	9.32½	9.35
July	9.47½	9.50	9.47½	9.47½
Sept	9.62½	9.62½	9.60	9.60
Short Ribs, per 100 lbs.:				
Jan	8.42½	....	....	8.42
May	8.70	8.72½	8.65	8.65
July	8.75	9.77½	8.70	8.70

His Criticism.

An old man stood on the street corner in Cherryvale when the trolley stopped and let off a woman passenger. She had on a linen dress, a Panama hat, champagne-colored hose and strapped pumps. "Gosh!" exclaimed the old man. "I'd spend less money on my bonnet and buy some socks."—Cherryvale (Kan.) Journal.

Seasonable Thought.

Very frequently the person who never changes his ideas has none to change.

If Your Head Aches

You should Take the Sure Remedy

Hicks' CAPUDINE

There's a cause for every headache—**Capudine** reaches that cause quickly, whether it be heat, cold, gripp, or stomach troubles—and cures, even though it be sick or nervous headache.

Capudine is the surest remedy for Colds and Gripp. Feverishness, Aches and Nervousness disappear and normal conditions are restored.

Capudine is liquid—easy and pleasant to take—acts immediately.

10c, 25c and 50c at drug stores.

Peruvian Guano

UNADULTERATED.

and the only Natural Guano sold anywhere. We also have the Peruvian Mixed Guano, which is something new. Ask for prices.

THE STONE CO.

Sole Distributors.

CAN YOU

Foretell a Tornado, sell your house and leave town with all your belongings before tthe dreaded event occurs?

If you can, you dont need Tornado Insurance, but if you can't, you need to carry the policy in which we would like to interest you today.

J. VAN B. METTS,

'Phone 162. 114 Princess St.

VOICE AND LEADER OF THE WORLD

As long ago as the last half of the eighteenth century it was the press that molded public opinion. The famous "Letters of Junius" started the wave that finally resulted in widespreading reforms in England. The "Rights of Man" and other pamphlets had a prodigious circulation and exerted an immeasurable influence toward the same ends.

A little book, "Common Sense," set the colonies on fire for independence, and the printing of Patrick Henry's and Samuel Adams' speeches, of Franklin's and other papers and of Thomas Paine's "Crisis" was a powerful aid in the American Revolution.

It was the writings of Voltaire and Rousseau and the news of our own war for independence that brought on the revolution in France. "Uncle Tom's Cabin," which was first published in a newspaper, had tremendous influence in freeing the slave.

IN THE PRESENT DAY AN ALERT, VIGOROUS AND COURAGEOUS PRESS WILL BE FOUND BEHIND EVERY POLITICAL UPRISING, EVERY ADVANCE MOVEMENT.

WHO CAN MEASURE THE POWER OF A GREELEY? At one period the London Times swayed the diplomacy of Europe. The American newspapers and magazines are largely responsible for the present transformation of political thought in the United States.

The press, which was a power 150 years ago, has become all potent today. IT IS THE VOICE AND LEADER OF THE WORLD. Only by following it can one keep abreast of the movements of our own time.

TAKE THIS NEWSPAPER.

Asthma! Asthma!

POPHAM'S ASTHMA REMEDY

gives instant relief and an absolute cure in all cases of Asthma, Bronchitis, and Hay Fever. Sold by druggists; mail on receipt of price $1.00.

Trial Package by mail 10 cents.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio

N & W Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and North west.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rail.

Schedule in Effect February 12, 1911:

Lv Norfolk	8:30 a m	8:00 p m
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a m	10:40 p m
Lv. Durham	7:00 a m	6:30 p m
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 a m	6:25 p m
Ar. Cincinnati	7:25 a m	6:25 p m
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a m	6:56 p m
Ar. Chicago	8:00 p m	7:30 a m
Ar. St. Louis	6:33 p m	6:30 a m

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. & W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Gen. Pass Agent, Roanoke, Va.

C. M. BOSLEY, Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

FOR SOUTHPORT

(By Harper Steamboat Line.)

STEAMER WILMINGTON

Leave Wilmington daily at 10:00 A. M.

Leave Southport daily at 2:30 P. M.

THE BEST ALWAYS

BIJOU

ALWAYS THE BEST

ROOM 513 PHONE 513

MADE BY HR Southern Map Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK

BLUE-PRINTS

SOUTHERN BUILDING

THE ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE

Sure had a frost

But it is not Wilmington's fault.

The coffee is hot at the

THE PRINCESS CAFE

DICK KENNEDY.

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of Your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

At GAYLORD'S

We are now getting ready for Spring. We have finished taking stock and the job is complete. As to our last year's profit, we are satisfied, but we want to do better this year, make greater efforts, add more customers, sell more goods. The town is growing—why not this store?

IN THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT we are receiving plenty of New Hats and Flowers and Ribbons for Spring. Our Velvet Hats and Turbans we will sell at Half Price. Our fine shapes in Felts we will sell for 50c. each. All 50c. and 75c. Felts we will sell for 25c. each. We are selling No. 60 All Silk Ribbon for 10c. And the Best 50c. Corset sold in the city. Remember our Standard Dollar Corset, the La Reine—none better and few equal to it.

ONE HUNDRED TAILOR-MADE NEW STYLE COAT SUITS TO CLOSE OUT AT A BIG REDUCTION.—A nice assortment of new Black Coats just received. We are selling an $8.00 Cloak for $4.98, bought at about half price. A big line of Children's Cloaks, to be sold at a good reduction. The Teddy Bear Coats that have been selling for $1.98 will sell for $1.48. A big line of Children's Galatea and Worsted Dresses, all new, but we want the room and will give reduction on those.

WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S KNIT UNDERWEAR DEPARTMENT—We have a lot of splendid new goods and we will sell you Ladies' Vests and Pants in good qualities as low as 19c. each. Children's long-sleeved Shirts as low as 10c. each—original price, 25c. Children's Union Suits at 25c. each. Heavy fleece-lined goods in Vests and Pants, a 50c. value for 35c. A good 12½c. Percale for 10c. a yard, in Spring colors; 15c. Galatea for 12½c., in short pieces; $1.00 Taffeta Silk for 75c. a yard. Crossett's $5.00 Shoes for Men, to close out, at $2.50 a pair. Headlight Overalls, for $1.00 a pair—the best in the world. Other $1.00 Overalls for 75c. a pair. New Washable Neckties for Spring, 25c. each. Snappy Silk Half Hose for Men, 25c. a pair.

If you don't see it, ask for it—we have it. We keep what you want, and, most of all, we want your trade. We sell goods strictly for Cash, and Save You Profit on Every Dollar's Worth of goods that you buy. We give Premiums with All Cash Purchases, with which you can help furnish your house. Remember the Place—

Big Store on Front St.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Proprietor.

1-4 Off Cash Sale

Commencing Saturday morning, we will sell All Suits and Overcoats at ¼ Off for Cash Only.

62 No. 33 Suits		57 No. 37 Suits
76 No. 34 Suits		93 No. 38 Suits
95 No. 35 Suits		44 No. 40 Suits
87 No. 36 Suits		39 No. 42 Suits

37 No. 44 Suits

These goods are Stein Bloch and Michael Stern make. Absolutely the best in the city.

Boys' and Children's Suits at the same reduction.

J. W. FLEET COMPANY

ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS.

Members Trade Extension Association.

'PHONE 673

PECK & HOLLOWAY

109 N. Front St.

NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS

EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE

Call 'Phone No. 612 for What You Want and It Will Be Sent You.

SERVICE AND QUALITY

Atlantic Paint & Varnish Works

PAINTS, VARNISHES, LEADS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, GLAZING, PLATE, GLASS, &C., &C.

21 MARKET ST.

'PHONE 343.

THRILLING RESCUE FROM THE RIGGING

(Continued from Page One.)
the boom were advised to jump overboard. They did so and were picked up by life savers. Two of them were unconscious, and it was some time after they reached the shore before they came around.

The men rescued were V. R. Philbrook, captain, of Weatherport, Me.; T. S. Smith, mate, Boston; George O. Robbins, steward, of Jonesport, Me.

Life savers made half a dozen attempts to reach the four men in the rigging yesterday and last night, but each time they were driven back and on several occasions their surf boats were half filled with water.

When at 8 o'clock Friday night the life savers, themselves exhausted, made another attempt to rescue the sailors and failed, the brave men, it is said, almost wept. Wave after wave beat over the surf boats, driving them further and further away from the sunken schooner and each one coming nearer and nearer to dashing the little boats to pieces and drowning their occupants.

When the Itasca hove in sight life boats were immediately lowered, but high seas and a strong tide drove them back every time they drew near the sunken vessel and the four men clinging to the rigging.

Early yesterday morning it was said that the tide was running ten miles and the seas were high.

The Harry Prescott, a three-master left New York January 1st and encountering rough weather, sought shelter in Delaware breakwater. Heavy ice floes beat down on the vessel and tore her anchors away. She was forced to sail, and was endeavoring to reach Beaufort when she struck the beach near Hatteras.

Her captain mistook the light at Hatteras for Diamond Shoal lightship and was hard and fast in one of the inner shoals that has claimed scores of vessels and hundreds of lives. The Prescott was loaded with salt for Wilmington.

he cargo of the Prescott consisted of 10,000 bags of salt and was consigned by the International Salt Co., of Scranton, Pa., to the D. L. Gore Company, of this city. The Gore Company has arranged for another immediate shipment of cargo from New York and has arranged locally for 20 car loads to take care of orders in hand.

Life Savers Commended.

Washington, Jan. 20.—General Superintendent Sumner I. Kimball, of the United States Life Saving Service, gave the highest praise today to Capt. Edward F. Stowe, keeper of the Cape Hatteras station; Capt. Eugene H. Peel, keeper of the Creeds Hill station, and Capt. Amalek T. Gray, keeper of the Big Kinnaket station, on the North Carolina coast and the men of their crews, for their heroic work in rescuing under the most adverse conditions three men yesterday and four men early today from the wreck of the New Haven schooner, Harry Prescott. Reports to Gen. Kimball told how the life savers had faithfully stood by the schooner since Thursday night when she went ashore and of the numerous attempts, in the high seas and swift tide that were running, to rescue the imperiled seamen. The rescue work of these men off Hatteras, Gen. Kimball said, was characteristic of the life saving crews all along the Atlantic, Pacific and Gulf coasts, as well as on the Great Lakes.

CRISIS PASSED IN CUBA.

Veterans' Association Came to Terms and Peace is Restored.

Havana, Jan. 30.—That the Gomez administration has successfully passed the crisis resulting from the veteranist agitation, appears reasonably certain from assurances given by leaders of all factions, who attended the conference at the palace last night. The terms of an agreement, to which are appended the signatures of the leaders, were announced officially tonight as follows:

First, the association of Veterans of the War of Independence, will confine its activities to such purposes as are defined in its constitution and by-laws.

Second, the National council of the Veterans of the War of Independence will chose whether the existing revising commission engaged in the examination of complaints against officeholders accused of hostility to the cause of Cuban independence, shall now dissolve—in which case its duties shall devolve upon the various members of the cabinet—or shall continue operation.

Third, in either case all prosecution of office-holders of this class shall cease on February 24th.

Fourth, the President shall then request Congress to revoke the suspension of the civil service law.

Fifth, the veterans' leaders and all the members of the association pledge themselves to act as the guardians of the moral and material peace of the country and to aid the govenment to this end.

The agreement concludes with the statement that the government is now assured that those who fought for independence will devote themselves to removing any excuse for American intervention, closing with the declaration:

"The Cuban people repose faith in the honor, loyalty and patriotism of the American Nation to protect their liberty and rights."

This agreement was fully ratified at a meeting of the veterans this evening. The Cuban Secretary of State, Senor Sanguilly, has been instructed to inform the American minister, Arthur M. Beaupre, of the terms of the agreement.

DR. PRATT RECOVERING.

Recently Underwent an Operation in Rex Hospital at Raleigh.

Chapel Hill, N. C., Jan. 20.—Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt, State Geologist, who has recently undergone an operation at Rex Hospital, is now convalescing, and expects to be able to return to his duties within the next week or ten days.

Frightful Polar Winds

blow with terrific force at the far north and play havoc with the skin, causing red, rough or sore chapped hands and lips, that need Bucklen's Arnica Salve to heal them. It makes the skin soft and smooth. Unrivalled for cold-sores, also burns, boils, sores, ulcers, cuts, bruises and piles. Only 25 cents at R. R. Bellamy.

LOT OF DYNAMITE FOUND.

Attempted Destruction of Mill Property Feared.

Lawrence, Mass., Jan. 20.—The discovery today and tonight of three lots of dynamite with fuses and caps, and the resulting arrest of several persons, are regarded by the military and police authorities as lending weight to fears of attempted destruction of mill property in connection with the textile strike.

Police Inspector Rooney, of Boston, who is in charge of the dynamite investigation, said tonight that two "bad men" are known to be in Lawrence and are being constantly shadowed. These men, he said, arrived from New York yesterday.

Tonight, in the cobbler shop of Urbano Da Prato, inspector Rooney found a bundle containing six sticks of dynamite and seven caps. The police are positive the explosive was not there when they searched the shop earlier in the day. Da Prato declared that the bundle had been left by a strange man who said he would return later. He was taken to the police station, however.

A closet in a house on Oak street in the Syrian colony, was the place in which the first lot of dynamite was found. The second lot was located in St. Mary's cemetery, lying on the snow without any apparent attempt at hiding. In this lot were 15 sticks of dynamite, with 18 percussion caps, while the first bundle contained seven sticks and about the same number of caps.

All the inmates of the Oak street house were arrested. The dynamite is declared by the authorities to be part of a large quantity brought here recently from Pennsylvania.

Through Joseph J. Ettor, their leader, the strikers tonight issued a statement charging that the dynamite was "planted."

WAKE FOREST WINS.

Captured First Game of Season for A. & M. at Raleigh.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 20.—Only after the hardest kind of work did Wake Forest win out 23 to 13 in A. & M.'s first basketball game of the season on the city auditorium floor tonight.

At the end of the first half, the score was 12 to 8 in favor of the Baptists, but in the second half the superior team work of Wake Forest spelled victory for them.

Hargrove, Capt. Chambers and LeGrand played consistent ball for A. & M. Hargrove being the bright star, while B. Holding and Capt. Beam did good work for Wake Forest. Time of halves 20 minutes. Umpire Sanborn. Referee Crozier. Attendance 950.

FROZEN AND STARVED

Young Boy Locked in Car By Practical Jokers.

Cincinnati, Jan. 20.—With both feet and hands frozen, half starved and semi-insane from his paysical condition, James Fry, a 17-year-old boy, was found in a freight car here tonight. He had been locked in the car last Tuesday at Peru, Ind., by practical jokers. When the patrolman who found him tried to feed him a roll Fry endeavored to swallow it whole, and it was only with the combined effort of four men that he could be held long enough to allow nourishment to be given to him.

He was taken to the city hospital, and the physicians hold out little hope for his recovery.

FAIR SECRETARIES MEET.

Dates Arranged for Principal South Atlantic Fairs.

Greensboro, N. C., Jan. 20.—At a well attended and entirely harmonious meeting of secretaries of fairs forming the Virginia-Carolina-Georgia Fair Circuit here today, dates were arranged as follows:

Galax, September 3-6; Tazewell, September 10-13; Roanoke, September 17-20; Lynchburg, September 24-27; Winston-Salem, October 1-4; Greensboro, October 8-11; Raleigh, October 15-18; Charlotte, October 22-25; Spartanburg, October 29, November 1; Columbia, November 5-9; Augusta, November 11-14.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—Johnny Coulon, claimant of the bantam weight championship, and Harry Forbes, formerly bantam weight champion, today ended training for their ten-round contest which will be decided before a Kenosha, Wis., club on Monday night. Coulon is a slight favorite in the betting.

Boston, Mass., Jan. 20.—Ann W. Penniman, 100 years old, a direct descendant of Peregrine White, the first child born to the Pilgrims, died at her home in Brookline today of old age

GRIP IS DREADED.

Because It Lowers Vitality—What to Do.

It is not the disease itself, but the dangerous complications that follow it, that people fear with such good reason: the lingering coughs, the terrible weakness, and the liability of being attacked by pleurisy, pneumonia or some other serious ill.

We say it is highly important to free the system of every trace of grip and nothing is so good for this as Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron preparation which increases strength and builds up the body.

Mrs. C. L. Edwards, Long Branch, N. J., says: "Last February I had a very bad attack of grip and it left me with a terrible cough. For fully six weeks I coughed a great deal, and nothing had any effect on it, until I tried Vinol, which soon gave me relief and has since brought about a complete cure.

Can anything be more convincing that Vinol is just what you need to build you up and make you strong? We guarantee it most positively. Robt. R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

The Southern National Bank

Offers to you every facility known to banking. Every department is yours for the asking.

Its officers will be glad to serve you at all times.

The Southern National Bank

REPUGNANT TO BUSINESS MEN

(Continued from Page One.)
Monday. He gave assurance that if the central bureau should be abolished, the American Bankers' Association, of which he is a member, would draft a substitute plan from which the features, regarded as objectionable, would be eliminated, but affording equal safe guards to the foreign buyer of cotton.

In the resolutions adopted, the central bureau proposal is described as an "extraordinary and unique insurance" against the negligence of European cotton buyers in dealing with irresponsible persons and firms, and the effect of the plan, it is declared, would be to "confirm the common carriers of cotton in their indefensible attitude of denying liability for the acts of their authorized agents."

The remedy, it is contended, lies in the enforcement of more careful and discriminating business methods on the part of both the carrier and the buyer of cotton.

In concluding, the resolutions absolve the Liverpool representatives of any intention of reflecting upon the integrity of the cotton exporters of the South, but it is held that in itself, the central bureau plan constitutes such a reflection.

"SHOTGUN QUARANTINE"

Meningitis Situation In Texas Under Control.

Austin, Texas, Jan. 20.—"Shotgun quarantines" in Texas towns, instituted in several places on account of the outbreak of spinal meningitis, disregard of which resulted in the killing today at Buda, of George Lock, a plantation manager, are unnecessary, in the opinion of State Health Officer Steiner. Mr. Steiner, in order to prevent possible loss of life in similar cases, will issue a statement tomorrow advising that the meningitis epidemic is under control, and that rigid quarantines are no longer vital to the situation.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dr. Culbreth—A Tooth.
Gaylord's—At Gaylord's.
Platt & Harr—Continuation.
Thos. D. Meares—Statement.
Cooper Guano Co.—Fertilizers.
Concord Chapter—Special Convocation.
Academy of Music—The Three Twins.
Southern National Bank—Offers to You.
C. W. Polvogt Co.—White Sale Continues.
Academy of Music—Advance Mail Orders.
A. D. Brown Dry Goods Co.—Just Received.
Academy of Music—Mary of Three Bar Ranch.
Atl. Trust & Banking Co.—Does a Savings Business.

Business Locals.

Wanted—Position.
Wanted—Boarders.
Wanted—Salesmen.
Wanted—Salesmen.
Bigler Co.—We pay.
Lost—Ladies' Locket.
Wanted—Typewriter.
E. S. Hancock—Notice.
Wanted—Demonstrators.
H. F. Wilder—For Sale.
For Sale—Smith Organ.
L. W. Moore—For Sale.
Wanted—Six Colored Men.
Gem Cafe—Sunday Dinner.
For Rent—Furnished Room.
R. M. Prince—Peas for Sale.
L. W. Moore—Store for Rent.
H. E. Peterson—Farm for Sale.
L. W. Moore—Offices for Rent.
James Owen Reilly—For Sale.
L. W. Moore—Cottage for Sale.
For Sale—Carolina Heights Lot.
Standard Grocery Co.—Earn $30.
James Owen ReillyHouse for Sale.
James Owen Reilly—Store for Sale.
Bradstreet System—Be a Salesman.
Moler Barber College—Men Wanted.
U. S. Calendar Co.—Sideline Salesmen.
Rnari B. & L. Association—New Series.
James Owen Reilly—Here's a Bargain.
James Owen Reilly—At Carolina Place.
James Owen Reilly—Most Desirable Home.
W. Z. Corbett—Instruction in Stenography.
Patterson C. S. School—Government Positions.

BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head one cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, one cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A. D. T. Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for the telegrams, but a small charge for strictly A. D. T. calls or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams, bills rendered to suit the sender daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call Western Union, 'Phone No. 2. But for advertisements, always call the Star office, No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

I HAVE FOR SALE one of the best located lots at Carolina Heights that can be bought at a bargain, if purchased this week. See W. G. James, with James Owen Reilly. ja21-1t

FOR SALE—Splendid investment, corner Ninth and Swann, three houses paying ten per cent rent. See L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 1-2 Princess; telephone 332. ja21-1t

FOR SALE—Cottage home on Fifth st.; 6 rooms, modern; lot 35x165. This is an exceptional opportunity to secure a conveniently arranged home in good location. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 1-2 Princess st.; telephone 332. jy21-1t

FOR RENT—Offices in Odd Fellows' Building, including light, heat and superintendence. L. W. Moore, Chairman, 123 1-2 Princess st.; telephone 332. ja21,24-2t

FOR RENT—Store, two-story, 120 Market street. L. W. Moore, 123 1-2 Princess st.; telephone 332. ja21-1t

A GENUINE BARGAIN—Smith organ in first class condition; solid black walnut case, 4 sets of reeds; cost, $125, can be bought for $25. 114 South Second street. ja21-,24-2t*

FOR RENT—3 large connecting rooms, for light housekeeping, near A. C. L. R. R. office. "R," care Star. jy21-1t*

I CAN accommodate a few more boarders at 316 Red Cross street. A. C. L. employees preferred. ja21-1t

GEM CAFE, 215 Princess street,—35c. Sunday dinner, 12 to 3: Soups, Chicken, a la Richmond; Relish, Pickles, Olives, Meats, Roast Turkey with dressing, Cranberry Sauce; Entree, Roast Pork, Apple Sauce; French Toast; Vegetables, Stewed Corn, Green Peas, Baked Yams, Mashed Potatoes, Steamed Rice. Desserts: Layer Cake, Apple Roll, Sauce. Drinks: Coffee, Cocoa, Tea, Milk.—Hall Bros., Props. ja21-4t

AT CAROLINA PEACE, there are 250 very pretty lots for sale. Price ranging from $150.00 to $800.00. You can buy these lots on the easy payment plan, $10.00 down and $5.00 per month till paid for. The very safest investment you can make. Call and let me show you these lots. James Owen Reilly, Agent, American Suburban Corporation. ja21-1t

THE RURAL Building and Loan Association will open the nineteenth series on Saturday, February 3rd, 1912. You can subscribe for the number of shares you wish now. R. C. DeRossett, President; James Owen Reilly, Sec. and Treas. Office, 118 Princess street. ja21-1t

HERE'S A REAL BARGAIN — For sale, a brand new six-room cottage; has electric lights. At Winter Park, near station. Between trolley and shell road. Lot 66 by 230. Rents for $180.00 per year. Just listen at the price. Only $1,000.00. You pay no city taxes, either. Property is really worth $2,000.00. See me at once about this. James Owen Reilly, Insurance and Real Estate. ja21-2t

ON THE NORTH SIDE OF MARKET, between 17th and 18th streets, you can buy a most desirable building lot, 50 feet front and 150 feet deep, with right of way over alley. Just think of this low price; only $2,500.00. This property increasing in value every minute. James Owen Reilly, Insurance and Real Estate. ja21-1t

A MOST DESIRABLE HOME for sale on Fifth, between Dock and Orange. Lot 33 by 165. House brand new. Has all modern conveniences, including Hot Air Furnace. Has eleven rooms and rents for $540.00 per year. Can be bought for a reasonable figure. See me at once. James Owen Reilly, Insurance and Real Estate. ja21-1t

STORE ON MARKET STREET, between Front and Second, for sale. This property is increasing in value every day. For terms apply to James Owen Reilly, Insurance and Real Estate. ja21-1t

SALESMEN — Do you want $10 a day side line deal? Snappiest proposition ever sprung. Will sell everywhere. Strong enough for main line. American Factories Co., St. Louis, Mo. ja21-1t*

TYPEWRITER WANTED — A competent typewriter and accountant. Knowledge of stenography not necessary. Address Box 37, U. S. Post Office, City. ja21-1t

FOR SALE—The property number 206 Orange street. Large, substantial dwelling in best locality; lot 66x67; price, right; must sell quick. H. F. Wilder, Agent. ja21-1t

WANTED—Immediately, six colored men to work in factory; steady employment. Apply Acme Tea Chest Co. ja21-1t*

LOOK OVER your doors, windows and blinds; they may need repairing and your furniture, if you have any broken pieces, you can get a first class workman by calling 577. I have a few pieces of antique mahogany furniture for sale. ja21-1t*

LOST — Between Grand Theatre and Front and Red Cross streets, Ladies' Locket, initial "M." on back; two pictures on inside. Reward for return to Star. ja21-1t*

MEN WANTED—To learn the barber trade. An important announcement just now. We teach by free work and save years of apprenticeship. Tools given. Wages in finishing department. No better work. Jobs always waiting. See our offer. Moler Barber College, Atlanta, Ga. ja21-3t

300 BUSHELS mixed peas for sale. Write me for prices. R. M. Prince, Gurley, S. C. ja21-1t

NOTICE—To my friends and the public generally. I am pleased to announce that I am now connected with the well known furniture dealers, A. C. Sneed & Co., at 110-112 North Front street, where I will be glad to welcome my former customers and friends. Yours very truly, E. S. Hancock. ja21-3t

INSTRUCTION in stenography and touch typewriting. Evening classes conducted by W. Z. Corbett, 209 Walnut st. 'Phone 1472. ja21-1t*

FOR RENT—One nice large front room, furnished, with bath, 407 North Seventh street. ja21-1t*

WANTED—Men to demonstrate use of a household necessity. Can earn three to four dollars per day. Personal interview will explain particulars. "Dix," care Star. ja21-1t*

WANTED—Position as locomotive engineer; prefer log train. Can give best references as to ability and experience in handling and keeping up engines. Address "Engineer," Box 213 Rocky Mount, N. C. ja21,23,26-3t*

EARN $30 weekly taking orders for cut rate groceries. Outfit free. Standard Grocery Co., Cleveland, Ohio. ja21-1t*

GOVERNMENT RAILWAY mail, departmental clerk, book-keeper, examinations everywhere soon. Get prepared by former United States Civil Service Examiner. Write now for free booklet. Patterson Civil Service School, Box 1109, Rochester, N. Y. ja21-1t*

BE A TRAVELING salesman; earn while you learn. Write for particulars of our system. Bradstreet System, Rochester, N. Y. ja21-1t*

FOR SALE—217 acres ideal farm land, well timbered, 40 acres cleared, 30 stumped; telephone, R. F. D., school, good water, good neighborhood. Don't write; come and see H. E. Peterson, Burgaw, N. C. ja21-1t

WE PAY $80 a month salary and furnish rig and all expenses to introduce guaranteed poultry and stock powders; outfit free; new plan; steady work. Bigler Co., x979, Springfield, Illinois. ja21-1t

SIDELINE traveling salesmen make $50 to $75 weekly handling our latest production of advertising fans. Liberal terms. Apply at once. United States Calendar Co., Cincinnati. ja21-1t*

WANTED — Salesmen. Earn $250 per month; sell dealers highly advertised article. Samples not necessary. Elato Co., Station L, New York, N. Y. ja21-1t*

BRAINS, BRAINS, BRAINS — Oysters, Oysters, Oysters, Oysters, Chickens, Chickens, Chickens, Turkeys, Turkeys, Turkeys, Quail, Quail, Quail, Pork Sausage, Pork Sausage, Pork Sausage, Beef, Beef, Beef, Fancy Pork, Venison. See us; we have it all. Palace Market. 'Phone 72. ja20-tf

FOR SALE—A high grade Jersey bull calf, from a four gallon cow. Price, reasonable. Address P. O. Box 296, Wilmington, N. C. ja19-3t

FOR RENT — Nice cottage on Castle Hayne road, near city. P. O. Moore. ja19-6t

FOR RENT—Store, 120 Market street; two floors. Any Real Estate Agent will rent. ja9-tf

SECOND HAND square piano for sale. In good order. Cheap to cash purchaser. Address "Piano," care Star Office. se15-1f

TAILORING—Gentlemen; see my line of Fall and Winter Suitings before you buy; popular prices. Leger Meyer, Merchant Tailor, 109 Princess st., 2nd floor; Princess Building. jy9-su-tf *to7-18

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS get $800 to $1,400 annually, paid twice monthly. Every second week off at full salary. Steady work. Spring examinations in Wilmington. Write immediately for specimen questions and dates. Common education sufficient. Franklin Institute, Dept. 289-L, Rochester, N. Y. ja7,14,21,28-4t*

WANTED—Salesman to sell line of fancy fruit ciders in small country towns; salary, $125 per month and expenses. Prefer those with experience. Red Cross Co., St. Louis, Mo. jy14-su-4t

WAKE UP! Spread out! Advertise! Multigraph imitation typewritten circulars; cheap as printing; better results. All classes typewriting and notary work. Harriss' Typewriting and Advertising Co., 114 Princess street; 'phone 708. de1-tu,su,th-tf

WANTED—Industrious colored boy, 12 to 16 years old, to run errands and make himself generally useful around building. Apply today, between 9 and 10 o'clock, or sooner, to Foreman Job Room, Star Office, No. 13 Princess street, upstairs. ja17-3t

WANTED—Prices on timber lands in Eastern North Carolina. State what tract will cut and price per acre or as whole. "Timber," care Star. ja12-tf

PLENTY OF PINE WOOD, cut to stove lengths, at our regular prices, but prompt deliveries doubtful. Your cart can get it promptly for 75c, to $1 per load; spot cash. Hilton Lumber Co.; 'Phone 321. ja19-3t

WANTED—Salesman to sell Hay, Grain and Feed on commission in your locality. Apply P. O. Box 792, Newbern, N. C. ja16-10t

DRESSED CHICKENS, turkeys and geese; extra fine beef. I will do you good to see it. Very best oysters a fseason. Fancy celery, lettuce and tomatoes. See our line before buying your supply for Sunday. We have the very nicest class in our line to be found. Palace Market; 'Phone 72. ja13-tf

THE GILBERT — Remodeled; newly furnished; all hotel conveniences. Front and Princess streets, junction of trolley lines; cars to beach and depot; steam heat; electric lights and hot water. Excellent cuisine and good service. Rates, $1.50 a day. Liberal discount to couples and people who stay longer. no4-tf

FROST PROOF Cabbage Plants, $1.40 per thousand, delivered anywhere in North or South Carolina; plants bunched and selected. Enterprise Plant Co., Meggetts, S. C. de22-2mo

OPEN! OPEN! OPEN!—We are open to the public. The Gem Cafe, 215 Princess street. Lunches sent out. Hall Bros., proprietors. ja18-6t

FREASE BROS. CO. wish to announce that in connection with their tinning business at 215 Market street, they have fitted an up-to-date plumbing establishment, and have employed the well known Thos. Schraeder as manager of this department. They will give every call immediate attention and guarantee the best work. 'Phone order will bring our man. ja11-tf

FOR SALE—White Leghorn cockerels, Blanchard strain, $1 each. Also White Leghorn eggs for hatching at $1.00 per setting, $5.00 per hundred. Pineview Poultry Farm, Winter Park; 'phone 698-3; P. O. Box 618. ja7-1mo*

BARGAINS in a fine line of trunks, suit cases and hand bags. Also all kinds of unredeemed pledges. Save money and see Uncle Charles, 16 S. Front street. ja3-tf

Diamond Resetting

and Special Order work.

Repairing of Fine Watches and Jewelry.

A particular branch of our business, to which we give special attention, and satisfactory service guaranteed.

A. O. SCHUSTER
JEWELER,
104 North Front Street.

ACADEMY

SCHLOSS THEATRE CIRCUIT

Wednesday and Thursday, Jan. 24, 25.
La Petite Viola Co.
in the
Three Act Western Comedy
"MARY OF 3-BAR RANCH."
Popular Prices, 10, 20 and 30 cents.
Ladies Free Wednesday night.
Another Dramatic Hit.
ja21-3t

Advance Mail Orders, Accompanied by Remittance for

E. H. SOTHERN
—and—
JULIA MARLOWE

in "Taming of the Shrew."

ACADEMY, WED., FEB. 21,

will be Filed in Order of Receipt.

Prices: $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50. Boxes: $3.00.
Ja21-1t

CONCORD CHAPTER NO. 1 R. A. M.
Companions:

There will be a Special Convocation Monday evening, 8 o'clock to confer the Most Excellent Master's degree.

By order of the High Priest.
W. A. MARTIN,
jb 31-1t. Secretary.

NOTICE.

Jan. 21, 1912.

The officers and members of Hanover Lodge No. 14, A. F. & A. M. are summoned to meet in their lodge room at 1 o'clock Sunday, January 21, 1912, for the purpose of funeralizing late brother, John J. Geyer, at St. Mark's P. E., 3 o'clock. By order of D. W. Chesnutt, W. M.

W. H. BLOUNT, Secretary.
All friends invited to attend.
Ja21-1t

4% Paid

Your neighbor banks with us. Why not let us say the same about you?

American National Bank
OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

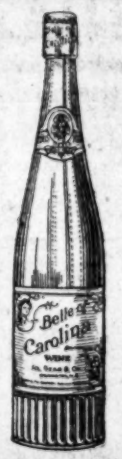
210 North Front St. W. B. Cooper, President.

Ja19-tf

The Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.

Does a Savings and Trust Business. Its officers will be glad to assist you when you need a banking service. It allows a liberal rate of interest on your savings when left three months or more.

The Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.



RECIPE FOR BEAR'S SCUPPERNONG CHAMPAGNE JELLY.

Mix one package of any good quality of gelatine with ½ cup granulated sugar. Stir thoroughly, while adding one cup of boiling water. Then add one cup of Bear's Scuppernong and one tablespoonful of lemon juice. Transfer into dishes or forms and immediately put in a cold (or cool) place to insure proper consistency. This recipe will make four portions.

SOL BEAR & CO.
7 and 9 CHESTNUT ST. 'PHONE 866
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Office Supply Department

Mr. J. E. Atkinson, formerly with the Oliver Typewriter Company of Chicago, is now in charge of the Office Supply and Typewriter Department. Mr. Atkinson will give personal attention to those wanting Office Filing Devices, Steel and Wood Cabinets and office fittings, desks, etc. We are also installing a Typewriting Repair Department for the adjustment and repairing of all makes of machines; also a full line of Carbon, Ribbons and Stenographers' supplies.

C. W. YATES & CO.
Market Street.

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47 Cases Pumpkin.
64 Cases Apples.
37 Cases Sliced Pine Apple.
47 Cases E. J. Peas.
61 Cases String Beans.
47 Cases Sliced Bacon.

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Importer and Jobber.
Wilmington, N. C.

Boat Schedule

Steamer Lisbon leaves every Tuesday morning at 6 o'clock for points along the Cape Fear river to White Oak. Returning on Wednesday. Leaves Friday morning at 6 o'clock for Clear Run on Black river, returning Saturday.

Steamer Alice leaves every Monday at 12, noon, for Long View on Black river, returning on Tuesday. Leaves Wednesday at 12, noon, for Long Creek, returning on Thursday. Leaves 6 o'clock Friday morning for Jessups Landing, on Cape Fear river, returning Saturday.

Steamer Whitlock leaves at 12, noon, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday for Town Creek, as usual.

J. W. Brooks, Agt.

SECOND SECTION

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GOSSIP OF GOTHAM TOWN

Greatest Civic Center to Cost Hundred Million—Roosevelt in Verse —Vanishing New Yorkers— Beer Versus Champagne

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, Jan. 20.—The creation of the world's finest civic centre with public buildings representing an outlay of over $50,000,000 and occupying land valued at an equal sum is likely to be brought about in this city as a result of the long and bitter controversy over the location of a new court House.

The building in which the highest judicial officers holu court is an unsightly monument to the unbridled graft of Tweed days. For years it has been denounced as a disgrace to civilization on account of its unsanitary condition and it has been held responsible for the deaths of several distinguished jurists. Controversy over the location of a new court house, however, has been so violent that no decision has been reached although several times the qusetion has seemed to be on the verge of settlement. Since the beginning of Winter, however, the matter has been brought to a head by the refusal of some of the judges to risk the lives of lawyers, witnesses and attendants, as well as their own, by holding court in the old building. Now a committee of city officials has brought forward a plan to locate a new court house at a point a short distance north of City Hall Park in an area where several streets intersect and to make this the nucleus of a civic center which shall excel in the number and cost of its public structures anything before heretofore attempted by any city in the country. The magnificent structures already erected by the city will be included within the new center as it has been designed. One of these is the $12,000,000 Hall of Records and the other is the new Municipal Building, twenty-five stories high and costing $7,000,000 which is the largest public building of its kind in the world. The site for the new court house will involve the expenditure of $6,500,000 additional and the area to be included within the civic centre will be extended gradually as the necessity for additional public structures arises. Altogether it is estimated that the carrying out of the plan will give New York ultimately a municipal center representing an outlay of $10,000,000 and containing some of the finest buildings in the world.

* * *

Future historians probably will spend years of research and waste reams of good paper in attempting to solve the mystery as to whether Col. Theodore Roosevelt, of Oyster Bay, N. Y., did or did not say at the already-famous Aldine Association dinned that he would become a candidate for President. Three hundred guests were present at the banquet and nearly three hundred versions of what actually was said already have appeared. One subject that was touched upon vociferously, however, was the attitude of the Postmaster General in relation to the second-class postage rate, the sentiments of the diners being expressed in following song with which the chief guest was greeted:

Oh, tell us Colonel, if you please
Are you a candidate?
And what would be your sure decrees
Upon the postage rate?
The times are hard, our hope is frail;
We often cogitate
Why Outlook goes by faster mail—
Review of Reviews by freight?

We wonder if your views are sound,
And what's the best you'll do?
The World must go for a dollar-a-pound,
The Evening Post for two!
For us, the best of magazines,
You'll cut the rate in two?
If we can have these nectarines,
Then, Colonel, we'll vote for you.

The railway officials who have a grievance against the Postmaster General as pronounced as that of the publishers in view of his proposal to pay for mail transportation on the basis of cost as determined by him with an allowance of six per cent on the direct cost of train operation, but with no allowance to cover capital investment terminal charges, dead space in postal cars, and all other expenses, are now looking for a poet laureate who can present their case against official discrimination with equal effectiveness.

* * *

That New Yorkers are acquiring the disappearing habit with alarming rapiditiy is indicated by figures compiled by the Police Department, which show that during the past year no less than 3,192 persons disappeared from their homes in this city. More srupisingly still is the fact that only 520 of those reported as "missing" were found. So far as any official records go the other 2,662 have vanished into the air. Occasionally, of course, a disappearance of particular note attracts the attention of the whole country as in the case of Miss Dorothy Arnold. The records show, however, many more surprising cases of which the public rarely ever hear. One of the most remarkable of these is the chase of an Italian woman with her four small children walked out of her home last April to purchase some small supplies and has never been heard from since. The fact that all five should have disappeared so completely is considered particularly remarkable by the police who point out that it is about ten times more difficult for even two persons to disappear together than for each to vanish alone, and that for five to disappear at once is almost an impossibility. With an average of nearly nine persons disappearing every day New York has undoubtedly set a new record in this particular field.

* * *

Whether New Yorkers are growing temperate or more economical is a question which is open to discussion. There is no doubt, however, that they are doing one or the other as indicated by the great shrinkage during the past year in the imports of champagne. Hardly enough of the beverage supposed to be New York's particular thirst quencher, was brought into the whole country last year to have supplied this city a few years. Less than 240,000 cases made up the total, an amount which Father Knickerbocker could pretty nearly have gotten away with himself without outside help half a decade ago. A man who knows what all the importers are doing, said that one of the big houses which imported 60,000 cases as recently as 1910, brought in only 8,000 cases in 1911. Another establishment imported 50,000 cases as against 100,000 cases a year ago. A third which imported 40,000 cases in 1910, brought 25,000 last year. Undoubtedly the panic of 1907 has had considerably effect in decreasing the consumption of "bubble water" here but New Yorkers are also shamefacedly owning up to a growing fondness for beer, the consumption of which increased greatly last year. Should the use of the supposedly aristocratic beverage continue to decrease at the present rate and the use of beer to increase, New York may yet behold the unbelievable sight of banquets at which the toasts are actually drunk in malt liquor.

* * *

New York's famous Fulton Market, where during the ninety years of its existence four generations have bought and sold hundreds of millions of dollars worth of foodstuffs is soon to pass. When New York was young, Fulton Market took the place of the old Fly Market, which got its name from the Dutch "vlei" (valley). The Fly Market in 1699 was further down the river near Maiden Lane. Many years later the market was moved to Fulton Slip so as to accommodate the Long Island farmers who brought their teams over on the Fulton Ferry. Fulton Market was established under chapter 75 of the laws of 1817 for the purpose of supplying the "common" people with the necessaries of life at reasonable prices. A big fire had swept away the buildings originally on the market site and farmers and marketmen earnestly petitioned that the land be taken for a market. Of late years, however, the market, which is still owned by the city, has not produced sufficient income to pay expenses. In addition the ancient building is in such a state of decay that only very expensive repairs could save it from condemnation.

—LONGACRE.

SOUTHERN BANKS

They Have Prospered During Past Year Phenomenally

(New York Commercial.)

Further proof of the prosperity of the Southern States is furnished by the report of the Comptroller of the Currency which shows that the Southern banks have gained in deposits and business a greater percentage than those of any other section of the country. Cotton, the chief "money crop," of the South, calls for banking facilities of a high order because most of it is exported, and banks in the cotton belt are thus brought into closer relations with foreign banks and markets than is the case with local banks in other parts of the United States.

In the South the banks keep in close touch with all classes of the people and are indispensable to the poorest of them. Though the farmers are much more proseprous than formerly, credit still plays a very important part in their lives. The farmer buys fertilizers, hires labor and. feeds and clothes his household on the credit of his growing cotton and other crops. The small shopkeeper has to wait for his money till the cotton is sold. The bank in reality carries nearly the whole load and therefore must stand or fall with the community in which it does business.

It is through the mediumship of the banks that the people of the South are now financing a large part of their own undertakings. The man that is able to get ahead deposits his surplus in a local bank and through the bank lends it to his neighbor, indirectly it is true, but to better advantage for all concerned than it could be done in any other way.

The Comptroller's report states that the average percentage of increase in individual deposits for the Southern States in the last fiscal year was 15.62, as compared with 4.07 per cent for the whole country and 5.35 per cent in the Middle Western States, which come next in order. In deposits of all classes the Southern banks also lead all the rest by a comfortable margin. Corresponding increases in loans and discounts show that these gains in deposits were used profitably in fostering business, and in the percentage of increase in these items the Southern banks are again in the front rank.

Since March, 1900, 1,185 National banks with a total capital of $72,591,500 have been organized in the Southern States, a greater number and a larger capitalization than in any other main division of the country except the Middle West.

A Hero in a Lighthouse.

For years J. S. Donahue, So. Haven, Mich., a civil war captain, as a lighthouse keeper, averted awful wrecks, but a queer fact is, he might have been a wreck himself if Electric Bitters had not prevented. "They cured me of kidney trouble and chills," he writes, "after I had taken other so-called cures for years, without benefit and they also improved my sight. Now at seventy, I am feeling fine." For dyspepsia, indigestion, all stomach, liver and kidney troubles, they're without equal. Try them. Only 50 cts. at R. R. Bellamy.

DOINGS IN FRENCH CAPITAL

Spain Disturbed by Exodus to Western Hemisphere—Stone Walls to Disappear—Changing Fashions—President's Travels.

(By Associated Press.)

Paris, Jan. 20.—Spain is beginning to be seriously troubled by the continued exodus of Spaniards to the Western hemisphere, particularly to South America.

By thousands, Spanish emigrants are embarking on steamers from the various ports of Galicia, the greater number bound for Chili, Brazil and the Argentine Republic. In some cases whole villages are leaving for the new world. It is estimated that in a recent fortnight as many as 8,000 Spaniards embarked for Buenos Ayres. The government, greatly concerned, has appointed committees to study the causes of this loss of its population, which is estimated as reaching 250,000 yearly.

The committees of investigation have already decided that a good means of diverting the emigration would be the cultivation of the vast territories of internal Spain. Renewed efforts will be made to induce the Spaniards with ambitions to emigrate to remain in their own country and turn their attention to agriculture.

* * *

The stone walls of Paris which mark the legal limits of the capital, will disappear and the fortification territory will be transformed into a garden city, according to a plan that is soon to be brought before the Municipal Council of Paris in connection with the purchtse of the fartoifications by the municipality from the State. Already it is decided in principle that the old military zone formed by the historic breastworks will be made into a broad belt of verdure, occasionally widening into pleasant parks and play grounds. What is known as the League. Open Spaces has joined forces with public spirited citizens to popularize the establishment all round the city of superb gardens modeled after the English style.

The plan of "Garden Cities" has been taken up with great enthusiasm in France and in many industrial centres efforts have been made to follow the English example of establishing model villages for work people. A big coal mining company near Douat has laid out a splendid garden village and now is rendering more beautiful the approaches to the mines themselves, masking the unsightly shafts and engine houses with rose gardens.

* * *

The Pasteur Institute at Paris, which has been studying the mysterious epidemic that recently attacked dependents in Berlin, is of the opinion that the malady is really a little known disease called "Botulism," that is to say poisoning due to the consumption of putrid pork.

Botulism, according to one of the Institute savants, is due to an anerobic bacillus, which is one that grows without air and develops particularly well in preserved food which has been badly prepared and which thrives no matter how well the food may be sealed, in cans. A scientist who has studied the development of this microbe in connection with sausages, hams, blood puddings and dried fish, has proved that it produces during its modificatory processes toxins that are excessively dangerous.

Meantime, the Institute has discovered, as a possible remedy for this formidable complaint, an animal serum which promises good results, although its full efficacy has not been definitely determined.

* * *

Changing fashion is having a serious effect upon some French industries. The prevailing narrow skirt for women caused almost an industrial crisis in the cloth industry in France. Now it is the hat that is causing difficulty and reducing to inaction many of Paris' small army of milliners. This is due to the fact that the hat has become gradually smaller in size if indeed it has not disappeared altogether in favor of a simple toque or bonnet of lace.

There have been several economic reasons for the change. Ladies who became interested in the wearing of hats of great width found themselves obliged to remove the hats while at the theatre. This in the long run proved objectionable. The theatre toque followed inevitably, and its comfort and convenience have led to its adoption in very general wear. Spot, too, has had a considerable influence on the passing of the large hat—for a cap is all that the French woman needs or wears for her long automobile ride or her flights in aeroplanes.

* * *

The travels of President Fallieres are accomplished with almost as much pomp and ceremony as those of a monarch. The President is invariably accompanied by one or more ministers, and his personal suite consists of the Secretary of the President, the Chief of the Protocol, the Naval and Military attaches and a staff of private secretaries. The Director of the National Detective force precedes the Presidential train to make the police arrangements at each town to be visited, and the chief of the railroad police of the line over which the journey is made watches over the person of M. Fallieres.

The Presidential train proper is composed of three special cars. They are painted light yellow, bordered with blue, and are picked out with gold lines intermingled with shields bearing the arms of the principal cities of France. The first car forms the President's pirvate apartment. It consists of a salon, a bedroom and a bath room. The furniture is mahogany, upholstered in velvet. The second car comprises a large reception room and two smaller ante-rooms. The third car is intended for one or more distinguished personages—foreign princes or ambassadors, ministers, etc. It has two bed rooms and two bath rooms.

In addition to these cars there are a number of ordinary cars for the use of official guests, newspapermen, etc., and the whole train is generally made up as follows: Locomotive, baggage car, three cars for the railroad officials, press representatives and lesser members of the suite, the Presidential cars, two sleeping cars for the suite, and finally another baggage car. If the journey is made in the day time a restaurant car is added.

POTASH DEPOSITS

Preliminary Report on Agricultural Department's Investigation

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—A preliminary report on the much talked of investigation that the Department of Agriculture is making on the potash deposits of the United States will soon be issued by Secretary Wilson in the form of a report from Professor Whitney, Chief of the Bureau of Soils, who is making a thorough investigation of the fertilizer resources of the country by direction of Secretary Wilson through a special appropriation authorized by the last session of Congress by an amendment from the Agricultural Appropriation introduced by Representative Lever, of South Carolina.

The report states that enormous stores of potassium exists in the United States and that quantities of these deposits will soon be utilized on a commercial scale. It further makes the following interesting deductions and recommendations: "The much increased production and wider use of commercial fertilizers must accompany or closely follow the changes and re-adjustments now taking place in the United States. The United States has within its boundaries supplies of raw materials for a standard type of fertilizers. These supplies will be ample for a long or indefinite period. Official investigation, supervision, and control of natural supplies of raw materials are very desirable—to prevent undue wastage, to encourage legitimate manufacturing, and to conserve the interests of the public, especially the farmers and small investors.

The most promising sources of potash in the United States, the report states, are the beds of seaweed or kelp groves along the Pacific coast. These groves are frequently very extensive, the most important of which lies along the southern coast from Point Sur to Magdalena Bay. The report states, however, that there are important deposits in other sections of the country and acts significantly that "conditions point to Salt Lake City and Ogden as the great fertilizer manufacturing centers of the future." "Hitherto the smelter interests have objected to converting their fumes into sulphuric acid on the two-fold ground that the people in the localities do not use fertilizers and if they did use them the production of acid would be far greater than the demand But if the smelters of Utah were to follow the suggestion here offered they could put high grade fertilizers on the market so cheaply that in a few years the agricultural interests of the surrounding territory would use their entire output, and an important industry would develop. Obviously, it would be a public work of the first national importance to develop such an industrial center midway in the territory between the Mississippi and Pacific coast."

The report says that glauconite, the characteristic of greensand marls and pronounced constituent of potash, occur in large deposits, New Jersey and the South Atlantic Gulf States. Professor Whitney is evidently reserving more definite information which will reveal the locations of potash deposits in the country for a later report on the ground that the investigation has not progressed far enough for him to give definite information regarding these deposits, as the investigators are now engaged in field investigation and laboratory analysis.

The report states that potash beds may be found in the Humboldt Basin, Nevada and the Suprise, Warner, and Christmas Valleys, of Oregon, and the Salton Basin, of California, but explaining "an enormous evaporation must have taken place to deposit any considerable quantity of potash from such natural waters as are now known entering the desert basins, and evaporation possible greater than there is any reason to believe actually took place." "There is no evidence that high concentration of potash existed in the earlier drainage, or that any selected action ever took place. The existence of potash beds in arid regions of this country cannot be predicted with any confidence.

The report, in conclusion, states that at present about 120,000,000 dollars annually is spent in this country for commercial fertilizers, of which more than 80 per cent is spent in the South Atlantic states, and about 3 per cent west of the Mississippi river. The use of fertilizers in Texas, Mississippi, and the citrous fruit regions of California, has been increasing rapidly, however, in the last few years, with this development of the use of fertilizers in the older sections of the country, and the certainty of extension into all the sections of the West, a vast industry must come into existence in the next few years of fundamental importance to the agricultural interests and to the material development of our people.

When enamel becomes discolored, scour it with a damp flannel dipped in garden mold, then rinse it in plenty of water, in this way the cleaning is effected without causing scratches or other damage.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

Tat is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

SAVING LIVES OF MINERS

Inspection and Ventilation in Mines Brought Near to Perfection—Supplemented by Efficient Rescue and First-Aid.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—Mine disasters like the recent one in Tennessee, where scores of men lost their lives, emphasize the importance of the new government Bureau of Mines, which by investigation and tests is constantly seeking to find a remedy for present unsafe conditions.

The Bureau gives its attention not only to mines where conditions are bad but also to mines where they are good, in order to learn from what has already been accomplished. And the Bureau has found that, if all the mine owners in the country had adopted the safety appliances of life-saving methods that have been adopted by some of the most enlightened, the death roll would be far shorter than it is.

The Bureau, soon after it was established, made a thorough study of the Pennsylvania anthracite mines, where protective methods have reached their highesst development, and is now helping to spread through the country many of the improvements and innovations which were found there. Notably is this true of the first-aid-to-the-injured work. First-aid in mining was originated in the anthracite fields, and the system perfected there has been made the model for other mining sections.

Up-to-date mining companies, however, realize that it is not first-aid corps and rescue squads that present the real solution of the accident problem. The real solution is not cure but prevention. Careful inspection before the men enter the mine, thorough ventilation, safe hoists, elaborate precautions against fire—these were the features in the hard coal mines in which the government investigators took most interest.

Every morning in an anthracite mine the "fire bosses" go through all gangways and chambers before work begins. They test every corner of the mine to find out if there is dangerous gas anywhere, and they examine the timbering to see if there is proper protection against falls of roof. The "fire bosses" report to the foreman at the bottom of the shaft, giving him a record of what working chambers, if any, are unsafe. The mine workers, coming down the shaft later, must pass by the foreman's office for assignment to their places, and no one is allowed to go where danger lurks.

This inspection is really the cornerstone of the life saving system, and its importance can hardly be overestimated. Along with it goes ventilation, for it is keeping the mine full of pure air, and therefore clear of gas, that removes the most serious danger to the worker. The Pennsylvania law compels a constant flow of air through the mine at a rate of 200 cubic feet a minute for each worker, but the anthracite operators provide a much larger quantity than this in order to have a wide margin of safety. Also the big fans are installed in duplicate, one being held in readiness for instant use in case of accident to the other.

All the companies have their rescue corps, regularly drilled and ready to go to the help of their comrades at any moment. A new oxygen helmet, the most effective thing of the kind yet invented, has been adopted for rescue work throughout the hard coal region. With its tanks of oxygen, it will supply air to the wearer for two hours without replenishing. The first-aid-to-the-injured corps supplements the work of the rescuers; they have a miniature hospital down in the mine, and are trained to apply splints and bandages, to dress burns and to set broken limbs with the expertness of real doctors.

Altogether, the life saving methods in the hard coal fields have been brought as near to perfection as money and expert knowledge permit. The chief of the Pennsylvania Department of Mines has said in his official report that the great majority of accidents in the anthracite mines now are either unavoidable or are caused by carelessness or disobedience of rules on the part of the workers themselves.

AFTER THE HOOKWORM

The Year's Campaign Most Successful—52,911 Cases Treated

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 20.—The annaul report of Dr. Ferrell, in charge of the State Campaign Against Hookworm Disease, sums up the activities accomplished during the year 1911. Some of the records are as follows:

Sanitary surveys have been completed in 44 counties and infection surveys in 23 counties. State and county dispensaries for the free examination and treatment of hookworm disease have been operated in sixteen counties. At these disepnsaries 63,625 have been examined and 28,202 treated. These treated cases added to 24,709 which the physicians over the State have treated show that 52,911 people have been treated since the campaign opened. The work is now being conducted in five counties and there remain on the waiting list six counties, making twenty-seven counties making the appropriation for the dispensaries.

During the year there have been distributed something like 20,000 pieces of literature concerning the disease to people from all sections of the State, and about 500 public addresses delivered to approximately 50,000 people. The work accomplished has been remarkable, not alone because of the number treated for hookworm disease, but also for the activity which has been aroused among the people for providing themselves with sanitary surface closets to replace the unsanitary ones commonly found in use.

AT PINEHURST, N. C.

Social and Other Events at State's Winter Rendezvous

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Pinherust, N. C., Jan. 20.—Numerous affairs arranged by the advertising golfers have made the week the merriest of the season, interest centered in Thursday evening's minstrel show at The Carolina. George Barnes was irrestible as interlouctor, dividing honors with the "ends,' Louis A. Hamilton, S. Keith Evans, H. E. Spaulding and Don M. Parker. Guy Pierce was the musical director, and in the black-face chorus were: Messrs. E. J. Ridgway, Robert Frothingham, Karl V. S. Howland, J. Rowland Mix, C. C. Vornam, C. R. Van Tassel, Walter Bunnell, C. B. Merrill, W. C. Kimball, W. W. Manning, W. W. Hoopes, E. F. Clymer, J. C. Platt and E. S. Barber. The hit of the evening was Mr. Parker's song, "My Loving Honey." Miss M. Elanor coming forward unexpectedly to join in the chorus. Mr. Spaulding sang "That Haunting Melody" finely, and Mr. Merrill "I'm Going Crazy" with excellent effect; the chorus full of snap and dash which caught the crowd. Nobody got by on the sly pokes and personal peculiarities, and the jokes and "daffodills" were all funny, and many of them new; the evening replete with laughter from "good evening" to "good night."

Several formal dances, a score of dinners and numerous bridge parties also added to the pleasure of the week.

SAFETY IN CONSTRUCTION

No "Skyscraper" With Wood In It Can Be Considered Safe—Tenants of High Offices Are Uneasy

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, Jan. 20.—Whether the mammoth "skyscrapers" of the Wall Street district are really fireproof has always been a subject of discussion in New York, and the destruction of the Equitable Life building has now aroused a new interest in the question. People are asking if all the big downtown buildings could be gutted by fire as easily as this one was.

The architects and engineers say the best of the buildings could not but several thousand men and women who work ten or more stories above ground are feeling uneasy since the Equitable disaster. It is certain tant many a "skyscraper" boastfully proclaimed fireproof would be burned out if a fire ever got a start, because of the open elevator shafts, which would act as flues, and the tons of wood used as 'trim.'

The Equitable building was loaded with wood from top to bottom. Besides the furniture of the tenants, the surface flooring and 'trim' were highly inflammable. The elevator shafts were not enclosed, so that the flames went up them as up a chimney, spreading out upon each floor.

Ernest Flagg, designer of the Singer Tower and the city's leading authority upon fireproof construction, was asked today what bearing this fire had upon the general question of safety.

"No building which has any parts of wood can be called fireproof," said Mr. Flagg. "Many of the 'skycrapers' labelled fireproof have wood about them, and the interior of any of these could be wiped out by fire. In the Singer building not a pound of wood was used. The frame is steel, covered by terra cotta blocks, with terra cotta floors and partitions, and the doors and window frames are of metal. We'll never have a fireproof city until people quit using wood.

The Baltimore and San Francisco fires showed that it was not enough for a building to have steel frame and brick or stone walls. Wood inside the buildings fed the flames, and even the steel frames gave way completely under the intense heat. There are dozens of lofty structures with unprotected steel frames in New York that would fail in the same way. But the newest 'skycrapers'—those put up in the last five or six years—are said to be absolutely safe from fire.

To have the structural material fireproof is only going part of the way. It is recognized now that the design of a high building is just as important as the material. The elevator shafts and stairways must be enclosed, and fireproof partititions and floors must separate the building into small units so that, even if a fire starts, it can not spread.

A Girl's Wild Midnight Ride.

To warn people of a fearful forest fire in the Catskills a young girl rode horseback at midnight and saved many lives. Her deed was glorious but lives are often saved by Dr. King's New Discovery in curing lung trouble, coughs and colds, which might have ended in consumption or pneumonia. "It cured me of a fearful cough and lung disease," writes W. R. Patterson, Wellington, Tex., "after four in our family had died with consumption, and I gained 87 pounds." Nothing so sure and safe for all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by R. R. Bellamy.

CONTINUATION

Muslin Underwear

—AND—

White Goods Sale

On account of inclement weather last week, will be continued for one week—

January 22nd to 27th

Platt & Haar

THE WEEK'S NEWS IN BRIEF

Important Happenings, Day by Day, Compiled and Republished for the Benefit of the Busy Man and the Week-End Reader—New York Markets for Each Day of the Six.

SUNDAY.

Five joy riders at Trenton, N. J., met death yesterday when the automobile in which they were riding skidded off an embankment and plunged through the ice.

The present week is generally supposed to mark a turning point in the Chinese revolution and peace will be restored or there will be much bloodshed.

The National Bank of Lillington, closed its doors yesterday and decided to go into voluntary liquidation.

The plant of the F. S. Royster Guano Co., at Tarboro, was totally destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon, entailing a loss of $100,000, which included 11,000 tons of material.

B. .C Justice, railroad agent at Maysville, N. C., after three days' illness with pneumonia, died yesterday.

Much snow and very cold weather was the rule in the South Atlantic States yesterday, many towns reporting the lowest temperatures and heaviest snows experienced in many years.

Several of the New England mills employing a total of 25,000 people, are considering the matter of closing down until the strike over the new labor law can be adjusted.

The body of Battalion Chief William Walsh, of the New York Fire Department, was yesterday recovered from the ruins of the Equitable building.

The Department of Agriculture is seeking information looking towards the standardization of cotton bales and to the uniformity of the cotton within the bale.

Frank Gladden was yesterday acquitted of the murder of the Dixons at Shelby, S. C.

New York markets: Money on call nominal. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour firm. Wheat spot easy, No. 2 red 97 7-8 elevator, export basis and 1.00 1-8 f.o.b. afloat. Corn spot easy, export new 68 3-4 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin and turpentine quiet.

TUESDAY.

Postmaster General Hitchcock's recommendation for government ownership of telegraph lines has excited much comment, and it was rumored that it had caused a break between him and Taft.

The United States Supr me Court yesterday decided that the employers' liability act was constitutional.

The reported massacre of 10,000 Manchus by Chinese rebels has been confirmed.

Senator Lorimer yesterday told the committee investigating his election the story of his life—how he rose from bootblack to bank president and United States Senator.

The striking operatives at Lawrence, Mass., engaged in a riot yesterday which necessitated the placing of the town under martial law. Over 150,000 hands are out of employment.

A hot water tank attached to the range in Mr. J. D. Langston's kitchen at Goldsboro, N. C., exploded yesterday, killing the cook and injuring two children.

Part of the stock has been subscribed for a $150,000 cotton mill in Bladenboro, N. C., and balance is in sight.

In its suit against the beef trust the government produced evidence yesterday to show that the packers were guilty of doctoring their books.

When seen at Oyster Bay yesterday, Col. Roosevelt was elated over the Supreme Court decision upholding the employers' liability act, it being one of his favorite measures.

An attempt was made this morning to assassinate the Chinese premier by throwing a bomb under his carriage.

New York Markets: Money on call, steady, 2 1-4 to 2 1-2 per cent; ruling rate, 2 3-8; closing bid, 2 3-8; offered at 2 1-2; spot cotton closed quiet; flour, steady; wheat, steady; No. 2, red, 97 3-4, elevator, export basis, and 100 f.o.b. afloat. Corn, firm; export, new, 70 cents, f.o.b. afloat. Rosin, quiet; turpentine, quiet.

WEDNESDAY.

A sharp note of warning was issued to Cuba yesterday by the State Department on account of the political activity of the Veterans' Association and the United States may intervene in Cuban affairs.

In a head-on collision between a C. & O. and L. & N. train, near Louisville, Ky., yesterday, four trainmen were killed and a large number of passengers injured.

The United Mine Workers of America are in annual session at Indianapolis for the purpose of making new wage contracts.

The striking mill operatives at Lawrence, Mass., resorted to no violence yesterday and officials are endeavoring to settle the strike by arbitration.

Chas. H. Jacobson, aged 65, a trucker near Newbern, N. C., slipped on the ice in front of a Norfolk Southern train yesterday and was almost instantly killed.

An editorial in the current issue of Harper's Weekly carries the information that Governor Wilson's name was taken from the top of its editorial column because he requested it, deeming it injurious to his candidacy.

Durham, N. C., yesterday voted $50,000 for new school buildings.

Many disorders are reported in China and the consuls at all the Chinese ports are calling for warships.

Lee county, N. C., yesterday voted a $100,000 bond issue for good roads.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 to 2 3-8; ruling rate 2 1-4; closing bid —; offered at 2 1-8 per cent. Spot cotton closed quiet, 10 points higher. Flour steady. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 98 1-4, elevator export basis, and 100 1-2 f. o. b. afloat. Corn firm; export new, 70 1-2 f. o. b. afloat. Rosin easy. Turpentine quiet.

THURSDAY.

Butchery continues in China and foreigners in the interior are in great danger.

Senator Cummins, of Iowa, may be a candidate for the Republican nomination for the Presidency.

The warning issued by the United States to Cuba will probably result in strengthening the position of President Gomez.

The Revenue Cutter Itasca rescued the steamer Northwestern, in distress off Lookout Tuesday, and towed her into the port of Wilmington yesterday.

An explosion of gas wrecked and set fire to a tenement house in Cincinnati last night and five families remain unaccounted for. The police reported that thirty persons were in the wreckage.

The United Mine Workers of America had a stormy session at their convention yesterday when the Socialists offered a resolution endorsing the Socialist party. The miners went on record as favoring government ownership of all industries.

Colonel Henry Watterson made a statement to the Associated Press yesterday, in which he declared Governor Wilson was a school master, not a statesman. The statement was called forth by the break between Wilson and Harvey, editor of Harpers Weekly.

In a message to Congress yesterday on "Economy and Efficiency in the Government Service," President Taft proposes that all administrative officers in Washington and in the field, be put under civil service, removed from politics and given terms not limited to four years, all appointments to be on merits alone.

New York markets: Money on call steady 2 1-2; ruling rate 2 1-4; closing bid 2; offered at 2 1-4. Spot cotton closed quiet, unchanged. Flour fairly active and firm. Wheat firm, No. 2 red 99 elevator export basis, and 101 1-4 f.o.b. afloat. Corn steady, export new 71 3-4 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin quiet Turpentine firm.

FRIDAY.

The Woodrow Wilson League of Wisconsin, was organized yesterday.

Fifty-three sailors were lost yesterday when the British steamer Wistow Hall foundered during a severe storm off the Scottish coast.

Governor Glasscock, of West Virginia, declared yesterday that the people of that State were overwhelmingly in favor of Roosevelt for President.

The discussion of the abdication of the throne comes up in Peking today, and as the Manchus have threatened a massacre, thousands are fleeing.

Senator Stephenson, of Wisconsin, was exonerated yesterday by the committee investigating his election, of corruption in securing his seat in the Senate.

The "get together" meeting of Northwestern Democrats at Fargo, N. D., yesterday was a disappointment, owing to the failure of Bryan and Harmon to be present.

Senator Newlands, of Nevada, declined to let his name be used as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for the Presidency, and declared he was for Woodrow Wilson.

Governor Wilson spoke at Detroit, Mich., yesterday and declined to make any statement in regard to the attitude of Colonel Watterson. The incident has created a lot of talk throughout the entire country.

The fifteen -year sentence of Chas. W. Morse, who has served two years in the Federal penitentiary at Atlanta, was yesterday commuted by the President to expire at once. The banker gets complete freedom but no restoration of his civil rights.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 to 2 1-4, ruling rate 2 1-4, closing bid 2, offered at 2 1-4. Spot cotton closed quiet, 10 points lower. Flour quiet but steady. Wheat quiet, No. 2 red 98 3-4 elevator, export basis, and 1.01 f.o.b. afloat. Corn firm, export new 71 3-4 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin quiet. Turpentine quiet, 53.

SATURDAY.

The Lancashire strike was settled yesterday and the affected English mills will re-open Monday.

Fighting broke out anew in Tripoli yesterday and the Turks and Arabs engaged in a fierce battle.

Senator Elihu Root spoke at the meeting of the New York Bar Association yesterday on the judiciary.

For the first time in history a way has been opened for State banks and trust companies to be known as "United States depositaries."

President Taft, in speaking before the New Haven Chamber of Commerce last night, made a plea for the continuance of his Economy and Efficiency Commission.

The State Department has received a cabled appeal for recognition of the Chinese Republicans, but will confer with the other interested powers before any action is taken.

General Nunez, head of the Veterans' Association in Cuba, declared yesterday he had made no pact with President Gomez and this may be a serious obstacle towards unification of the different factions.

William F. McCombs, Woodrow Wilson's campaign manager, in speaking of the Harvey-Wilson episode, declared that Col. Watterson, himself suggested to Wilson that Harper's Weekly's support was injurious to his candidacy.

Dr. Wiley, head of the Chemistry Bureau, and noted pure food exponent, was yesterday sustained in the pure food countroversy and given a clean bill of health by the House committee. He will be given a free hand in running his department.

New York markets: Money on call steady 2 to 2 1-4, ruling rate 2, closing bid 2, offered at 2 1-4. Spot cotton closed quiet, 5 points higher. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat, spot firm, No. 2 red 99 1-2 elevator export basis and 1.01 3-8 f.o.b. afloat. Corn, spot steady, export new 71 3-4 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin and turpentine quiet.

S.S.S. NATURE'S CURE FOR BLOOD POISON

S. S. S. is known as Nature's Cure for Contagious Blood Poison because it is prepared entirely from the blood purifying and healing extracts of roots, herbs and barks taken directly from the natural forests of the land. It does not contain the least particle of strong mineral ingredients, and is so prepared as to aid in the upbuilding of every portion of the system, while driving Contagious Blood Poison from the blood. No unpleasant effects ever follow the use of S. S. S., such as stomach troubles, dyspepsia, mercurial rheumatism, etc., as is so often the case where other medicines are used. S. S. S. goes down to the very bottom of the trouble and gently but surely, drives out every trace of the disease, cleanses and purifies the circulation, and by its fine vegetable tonic effects, assists the system to rapidly overcome the ravages of the disease, and regain its natural healthful condition. S. S. S. does not cover up or hide the symptoms for awhile, to break out later, but so thoroughly does it remove the cause that no signs of the trouble ever return. S. S. S., Nature's cure, is the surest and safest remedy for Contagious Blood Poison. Home Treatment Book with valuable suggestions and information, and any medical advice free to all who write.

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GOOD NEWS For Bad Stomachs

The successful European remedy, **Stomalix**, cures where all others fail.

Imparts a new digestive power to poor stomachs. Compounded by a distinguished practitioner. Prescribed by regular Physicians. Astonishes by its curative powers.

Pleasant to take and absolutely harmless.

Cures Flatulency, Heartburn, Nausea, Intestinal Disturbances, Headache, Palpitation, Constipation and other disorders resulting from a deranged digestion.

STOMALIX

has powers and qualities never brought together in any other medicine. It's a new pass-word to complete recovery for despairing stomach sufferers.

Ask Any Druggist.

E. FOUGERA & CO., Agts. U. S., NEW YORK

GIRL COULD NOT SLEEP.

Miss VanSteenburg a Brooklyn girl, lately found herself unable to sleep. Of course she was worried because there is nothing that will more quickly and certainly wreck health than to be unable to rest at night.

Now sleeplessness is just a symptom of failing health, and is caused by unequal circulation of the blood. Someone evidently gave her some good advice, for she says in a recent letter, "I had been all run down and tired out for some time and so I could not sleep nights. I heard so much about Vinol that I tried it and found it highly satisfactory.

"It has restored my strength, made me able to sleep and eat well, and I am now quite well again."

This delicious cod liver and iron preparation without oil (Vinol) does wonders in building up weak, nervous, sickly people of all ages. It makes the blood rich and pure, corrects the faulty circulation and restores appetite. We promise to give back the money in case Vinol does not please you. Robt. R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

"Pull for the Shore, Sailor."
Strong dramatic offering at The Grand Theatre tomorrow.

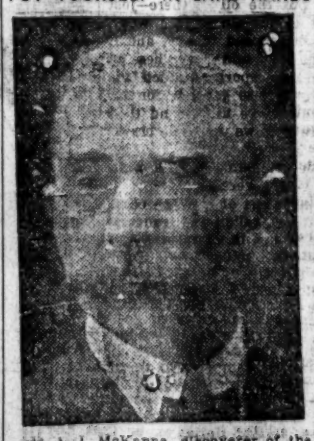
Loose coffee gathers dust and store sweepings. Paper bags leak strength, freshness and aroma.

LUZIANNE COFFEE

in its air-tight can is dust-free, strong, fresh and of perfect quality.

THE REILY-TAYLOR CO.
NEW ORLEANS, U. S. A.

PUT YOURSELF IN SAFE HANDS



Dr. J. J. McKanna, discoverer of the only permanent cure for the liquor habit. No dangerous hypodermic injections or nerve wrecking drugs used. Twenty-five years of experience and we have the best known methods. Investigate now.

Dr. J. W. McGehee, health officer, of the city of Reidsville and a reputable physician, makes affidavit to the effect that there has never been a death in Dr. McKanna's Reidsville Sanitarium.

McKANNA THREE-DAY LIQUOR CURE COMPANY
Reidsville, North Carolina.

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS

SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY

RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

WARRANTS ISSUED BY THE COUNCIL

of the City of Wilmington, for the Month of December, 1911.

663	Chas. H. White	Pay Roll	$ 933.49
664	Chas. H. White	Pay Roll Semi-monthly	2,879.50
665	J. Bryan Grimes	Copies, State Law	8.10
666	Harris Granite Quarries Co.	Crushed Rock	57.61
667	R. C. DeRosset	Stationery	14.25
668	Thos. F. Carroll	Veterinary Services	13.00
669	Furlong & Co.	Removal of Slops	60.00
670	Chas. Hvass & Co.	Street Brooms	15.00
671	Chadbourn Lumber Co.	Lumber	25.33
672	Queen City Cycle Co.	Repairs on Bicycle	7.05
673	Review Job Office	Printing	11.50
674	Jackson & Bell Co.	Printing	28.50
675	City Livery Co.	Hire of Teams, etc.	66.25
676	Wilmington Star Co.	Advertising	6.00
677	Thos. D. Meares, Tr.	Coupons Paid	757.50
678	LeGwin Printing Co.	Printing	2.50
679	A. L. White	Laying Brick	155.94
680	R. R. Bellamy	Drugs	1.00
681	Herbert McClammy	Expenses to New York	76.24
682	Thos. D. Meares	Expenses to New York	76.15
683	W. C. Curtis & M. F. Allen	Auditing Books	50.00
684	A. H. Morris	Dusters	2.10
685	Chas. H. White	Weekly Pay Roll	904.20
686	R. J. Sikes	Repairing Pest House	200.00
687	J. D. Lowry	Work on Deep Well	100.00
688	E. R. Austin	Grading	300.00
689	Furlong & Co.	Removal of Slops	60.00
690	J. W. Buck	Photographing Prisoners	32.50
691	Jno. H. Whiteman	Hauling Brick	104.25
692	Chas. H. White	Weekly Pay Roll	836.26
693	Jno. H. Whiteman	Hauling Brick	59.25
694	Chas. H. White	Sundries, Postage, etc.	45.57
695	J. W. Brooks	Feed for Teams	116.56
696	Southern Clay Mfg. Co.	Vitrified Brick	2,748.42
697	Library Bureau	Supplies for Library	26.96
698	Furlong & Co.	Removal of Slops	60.00
699	Schloss, Bear & Davis	Purchase of Horse	200.00
700	Jas. Walker Mem. Hospital	Appro. for December	500.00
701	J. W. H. Fuchs	Uniforms for Fire Dept.	600.50
702	Cudahy Packing Co.	Soap Powder	3.00
703	West Dininfecting Co.	Disinfectant	20.00
704	Chas. H. White	Monthly Pay Roll	5,732.54
705	LeGwin Printing Co.	Printing	51.00
706	Meares Harriss	Circulars	12.30
707	Chas. H. White	Weekly Pay Roll	931.89
708	Furlong & Co.	Removal of Slops	60.00
709	Columbia Trust Co.	Prtg. and Certifying Bonds	200.00
710	Branch's Detective Agency	Detective Work	562.95
711	Branch's Detective Agency	Detective Work	225.00
712	H. Mueller Mfg. Co.	Supplies, W. & S. Dept.	21.30
713	Oil Well Supply Co.	Supplies, W. & S. Dept.	192.30
714	Hersey Mfg. Co.	Supplies, W. & S. Dept.	68.40
715	The Ashcraft Mfg. Co.	Supplies, W. & S. Dept.	5.00
716	Hays Mfg. Co.	Supplies, W. & S. Dept.	95.21
717	Wm. Barnett & Sons	Supplies, W. & S. Dept.	6.60
718	Valvoline Oil Co.	Supplies, W. & S. Dept.	38.25
719	F. Imhauser & Co.	Supplies, W. & S. Dept.	2.00
720	Tidewater Power Co.	Lighting Streets, etc.	1,589.41
721	J. G. Wright & Sons	Rent of Lot	8.00
722	DePree Chemical Co.	Disinfectants	129.60
723	J. V. Grainger	Pch. Bonds, Skng. Fund	2,553.12
724	Peck & Holloway	Tools and Nails	5.50
725	Wilmington Star Co.	Advertising	17.52
726	Jno. D. Taylor, C. S. C.	Costs in Tax Suits	130.00
727	Jackson & Bell Co.	Printing	16.75
728	J. W. H. Fuchs	Police Uniforms	855.00
729	R. C. DeRosset	Stationery	4.75
730	Western Union Tel. Co.	Telegrams	5.38
731	Southern Bell Tel. Co.	'Phone Service	44.45
732	H. W. Konig	Supplies, W. & S. Dept.	4.16
733	Pomona Terra Cotta Pipe Co.	Terra Cotta Pipe	492.00
734	Barber Asphalt Paving Co.	Asphalt	792.98
735	S. A. L.	Freights	1,897.71
736	Jno. H. Whiteman	Hauling Brick	50.25
737	Alfred White	Laying Brick	88.14
738	Southern Paving & Con. Co.	Laying Brick (Contract)	6,079.38
739	W. L. DeRosset	Sidewalks	914.53
740	Harris Granite Quarries Co.	Crushed Rock	378.70
741	E. R. Austin	Grading	296.00
742	Wm. L. DeRosset	Storm Sewers	1,417.88
743	A. C. L.	Freights	1,383.17
744	Carolina Cut Stone Co.	Rock	465.80
745	Postal Tel. Co.	Telegrams	2.17
746	Holmes Grocery Co.	Brooms	10.50
747	Hyman Supply Co.	Supplies, W. & S. Dept.	22.14
748	Orrell Livery Co.	Hire of Team	1.75
749	Cape Fear Machine Works	Repairs Machinery	60.88
750	J. O. Brock	Electrical Work	10.50
751	A. C. Sneed & Co.	Chairs	18.00
752	Wilmington Iron Works	Repairs Machinery	68.98
753	Springer Coal Co.	Coal	887.47
754	C. H. Daniels & Co.	Hire of Teams	4.00
755	Standard Supply Co.	Supplies, W. & S. Dept.	40.28
756	Cape Fear Oil Co.	Oil	16.24
757	Hodges Bros.	Repairs Bicycle	3.00
758	Jno. S. McEachern & Sons Co.	Feed for Teams	404.45
759	D. Quinlivan	Shoeing Teams	31.75
760	N. Jacobi Hardware Co.	Tools, etc.	26.64
761	B. F. Mitchell Co.	Feed for Teams	186.77
762	M. W. Divine & Co.	Oil, Waste, etc.	24.14
763	W. B. Thorpe & Co.	Brick, Cement	23.33
764	J. T. Brown	Repairs to Carts	9.90
765	Wm. E. Springer & Co.	Tools	12.35
766	Thos. B. Carroll	Veterinary Services	11.50
767	Thos. Quinlivan & Son	Shoeing Teams	26.50
768	J. E. G. Brown	Repairs, Carts, etc.	3.00
769	L. A. Bilbro	Repairs, Harness, etc.	5.28
770	Chadbourn Lumber Co.	Lumber	666.93
771	Furlong & Co.	Removal of Slops	60.00
772	W. H. Turley	Groceries, Quarantine	2.97
773	Jarman & Mintz	Prescriptions	17.73
774	Brunswick Wood & Coal Co.	Lumber	7.00
775	Wilmington Grocery Co.	Brooms	1.50
776	Navassa Guano Co.	Acid	.75
	Total for December		$ 42,661.17
	Total Previous		228,701.12
	Total Audited to Date		$271,362.29

Published by order of the Council.

THOS. D. MEARES, Clerk.

Wood's Seeds For 1912.

Our New Descriptive Catalog is fully up-to-date, and tells all about the best

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Every farmer and gardener should have a copy of this catalog, which has long been recognized as a standard authority, for the full and complete information which it gives.

We are headquarters for Grass and Clover Seeds, Seed Potatoes, Seed Oats, Cow Peas, Soja Beans and all Farm Seeds.

Wood's Descriptive Catalog mailed free on request. Write for it.

T. W. WOOD & SONS,
Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

Shad Tables FOR RENT

The shad tables at the Front Street Market will be rented at auction to the highest bidders, on Monday, January 22nd, 1912, at 12 o'clock, Noon, at said market. Premium plan.

JOSEPH D. SMITH,
Mayor.

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Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.

Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Richmond	2:00pm	6:35pm	11:00pm
Ar. Louisville	11:00am		7:30pm
Ar. Cincinnati	8:15am	9:50am	5:00pm
Ar. Chicago	5:00pm	5:55pm	7:10am
Ar. St. Louis	6:15pm	9:15pm	7:17am

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Hazelain Cream, the daintiest, nicest and most refreshing preparation on the market for chapped hands and lips and after shaving. Heals and cures roughness. Makes the skin soft and smooth.

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Wholesale and Retail Druggists.
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MEIER'S MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

Wilmington, N. C.

Monuments, Headstones, Tiles, Mantels and Grates.

Let us show you our line.

All classes of stone work for buildings. Write us for prices.

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and get one of

OUR :: CALENDARS.

J. F. LEITNER

ARCHITECT

27-28-29 Carroll Building.

Gems of Thought

(By T. W. C.)

Seek to make the failures of 1911 your steppingstones of 1912.

* * *

A new year gives a chance to finish up some leftovers from last year.

* * *

It is never hard to do the right thing; it is in deciding to do it that the tug comes.

* * *

The oldest duty is now every morning. Doing it as a new thing makes it fresh.

* * *

A lion has to take a back seat when the lioness is at home.—Ram's Horn.

* * *

Stick to your business, but don't be a stick in it.—Ram's Horn.

* * *

Christianity santifies sorrow and magnifies merriment.

* * *

Pride is as great a beggar as want, and a great deal more saucy.—Franklin.

* * *

There is always a mighty famine in the land for the man who is not in earnest.—Ram's Horn.

* * *

The man is very short-sighted who lives so that God must be against him.—Ram's Horn.

* * *

The man who goes out to set the world on fire will need all the matches he can carry.—Ram's Horn.

* * *

The man who is proud of what he knows, does not know much to be proud of. Wisdom tumbles.

* * *

If honesty has prevented you from acquiring a competency, you may be thankful; if laziness, "get busy."

* * *

A great soul shows its nobility in affection, a small one its littleness. In some way every soul is tested.

* * *

Three ciphers, for instance, are just three nothings, and their sum is nothing. But place the digit "one" before them and nothing is converted into one thousand. That digit is a leader.

* * *

The day of miracles has not passed. The greatest miracle of all the ages, is a regenerated heart.

* * *

You may as well expect a horse to appreciate a golden shoe, as expect some people to appreciate kindness.

* * *

We all made many mistakes in the past year, but let us see to it that they shall be less numerous for the good year of grace, 1912.

* * *

When God told Abraham to sacrifice his son, the command and promise seemed at right anlge, but as ever always, God was right.

* * *

"Anyone could write such proverbs as Solomon wrote," remarked a college student. "Write a few" was the prompt reply of the professor.

* * *

It is a good thing to have the feeling of a fresh start even if the days are just the same.

* * *

A year is a long time fore a short task; but for the workman who nurses his job, it slips away too fast.

* * *

For more than one of us the duty of the New Year is to repair as well as we may the mistakes of last year.

* * *

It is easy to make the mistake of trying to store up last year's rubbish instead of putting it where it may do the most good.

* * *

The best use for some of last year's accumulation is to burn it; for some to give it away; and for most of us it must be seed for this year's harvest

* * *

You can't keep a good man in a bad business.—Ram's Horn.

* * *

The lazier a man is today, the more he intends to do tomorrow.—Ram's Horn.

* * *

A man's wife is a better judge of his religion than his pastor is.—Ram's Horn.

* * *

Let us give it (the new year) nothing to keep which will not prove an honor to God's name and a blessing to the world; nothing which we shall not be willing to learn of again when we stand before the great white throne.—J. P. Miller, D. D.

* * *

The man who always pleased himself, is usually displeasing to others. The man who is content with his achievements, has never achieved much.

* * *

If this is a happy year, a year of usefulness, a year in which we shall live to make this earth better, it is because God will direct our pathway. How important, then, to feel our dependence upon him.

* * *

Let the new year be a year of freedom from sin, a year of service, a year of trust in God, and it will be a happy year from first to last. It may be the hardest year we have known, but it will be the happiest.

* * *

To be calm when others about you are troubled; to dream dreams and yet not to be mastered by them; to think and yet not to make thoughts an end; to meet triumph without pride and disaster without being embittered; to walk with the many and keep virtuous, to hold converse with the mighty and yet not lose the common touch; to be influenced neither by the criticism of foes nor the flattery of friends; to endeavor to be of service and helpfulness to others; to keep in mind the transitions of life's experiences; to love humanity and to trust in God—these are guideposts on the highway to happiness.—A. T. Fowler

* * *

Almost every one has an enemy. All enemies are not equally savage and cruel. Many enemies grow out of little misunderstandings in social commercial or political life. These small beginnings often become bitter feuds. How may one meet and overcome an enemy? By physical force and violence? This is one way—a very uncertain way. By ridicule and scorning? The best way is to meet him in love, and conquer him with kindness. Jesus said, "Love your enemies." Paul said, "Be not overcome of evil, but overcome evil with good."

Most of us think we have a hard time with other folks, but many of us have a harder task nearer home. We buy and sell in our own bushel. It

THE FORTUNE HUNTER

Novelized by Louis Joseph Vance From the Play of the Same Title. By Winchell Smith.

Copyright 1910 by Winchell Smith and Louis Joseph Vance.

Synopsis

Nat Duncan, discharged for incompetency by his employer, goes to the home of his friend Kellogg, who has helped him in the past.

Kellogg sympathizes with Duncan, who meets some of his old time acquaintances at the home of his friend.

Kellogg wants to help Duncan, who is discouraged, and outlines a novel scheme whereby Duncan can repair his shattered fortunes.

The scheme is that Duncan should go to a country town, dress well, go to church, work steadily and thus attract and marry the wealthiest girl in the town.

Duncan decides to follow Kellogg's suggestion and with an array of newly made city clothes departs for and arrives at Radville.

(Continued from Last Sunday.)

CHAPTER IV.

THE 21st of June was a day of memorable triumph to me, a day of memorable events for Radville.

Only the evening previous Will Bigelow and I had indulged in acrimonious argument in the office of the Bigelow House, the subject of contention being the importance of the work to which I am devoting my declining years—to wit, the recording of the history of Radville township, Westerly county, in Pennsylvania. Will maintaining with that obstinacy for which he is famous that nothing ever had happened, does happen, can or will happen in our community, I insisting gently, but firmly, that it knows no day unmarked by important occurrence (for it would ill become me, as the only literary man in Radville, to yield a point in dispute with the proprietor of the town tavern). Besides, he was wrong, even as I was indisputably right, only he had not the grace to admit it. We ended vulgarly with a bet, Will wagering me the best five cent clear Havana in the Bigelow House sample room that nothing worth mentioning would take place in Radville before sundown of the following day.

I left him, returning to my room at Miss Carpenter's (Will and I are old friends, but I refuse to eat the food he serves his guests), warmed by the prospect of certain triumph if a little appalled by the prospect of winning the stake and sympathizing a little with Will, who, for all his egregious stubbornness, has some excuse for upholding his unreasonable and ridiculous views.

At 5:45 the evening train lurched in, bearing the mysterious stranger.

Tracey Tanner saw him first, having driven down to the station with his father's surrey on the off chance of picking up a quarter or so from some drummer wishing to be conveyed to the Bigelow House. Only outlanders pay money for hacks in Radville. Everybody else walks, of course. Naturally Tracey took the mysterious stranger for a drummer. He had three trunks and a heavy packing box, so

"THE MYSTERIOUS STRANGER."

Tracey's misapprehension was pardonable. Instinctively he drove him to the Bigelow House. Will now and again makes Tracey a present of a bottle of sarsaparilla or lemon pop, with the result that Tracey calls Tannehill, who runs the opposition hotel, a skinflint and never takes strangers there except on their express desire. The mysterious stranger merely asked to be driven to the best hotel. This is not like most commercial travelers, who, as a rule, know where they want to go, even in a strange town, having made inquiry in advance from their brothers of the road.

Will Bigelow was dozing behind the desk, lulled by the sound of Hi Nutt's voice in the barroom as he explained to all and sundry just how he had inadvertently permitted Watty the tailor to best him at checkers that morning; otherwise the office was deserted. Tracey wakened Will by stamping heavily across the floor, and Will mechanically pushed down his spectacles and dipped a pen in ink, slewing the register round for the guest's signature. He says he knew at a glance that the mysterious stranger was no traveling man. But this is a moot point. Tracey's memory being minutely accurate and at variance with Will's assertion.

The mysterious stranger was a young man, rather severely clothed in a dark suit which excited no interest in Bigelow's understanding, although I, when I saw him later, had no difficulty in realizing that it had never been made by a tailor whose place of business was more than five doors removed from Fifth avenue. He was tallish, but not really tall, and carried himself with a slight stoop which took away from his real height. Tracey says he had a way of looking at you as if he was smiling inside at some joke he'd heard a long time ago, and I don't know but that's a fairly apt description of his ordinary expression. He had a way, too, of nodding jerkily at you—just once—to show he recognized you or understood what you were driving at; at other times he carried his head a trifle to one side and slightly forward. He was a man you wouldn't forget, somehow, though what there was about him that was remarkable nobody seemed to know.

He nodded that jerky way in answer to Will Bigelow's "G'devenin'," and without saying anything took the pen and started to register. He had to stop, however, for Tracey was pressing him so close upon the right that he couldn't get any play for his elbow, and after a minute or two he asked Tracey politely would he mind stepping round to the left, where he could see just as well. So Tracey did. Then he wrote his name in a good round hand, "Nathaniel Duncan, N. Y."

"I'd like a room with a bath," he told Will, "something simple and chaste, within the means of a man in moderate circumstances."

Will thought he was joking at first, but he didn't smile, so Will explained that there was a bathroom on the third floor at the end of the hall, though there wasn't much call for it. "I could give you a room next to that," he said, "but you wouldn't want it, I guess."

"Why not?" asked the mysterious stranger.

"Because," said Will, "'taint near the sample room."

"That doesn't make any difference. I'm on the wagon."

The only sense Will could get out of that was that the young man was traveling for a buggy house and hadn't brought any samples with him. "I thought," he allowed, "as how you'd be wantin' a place to display your samples, but of course if you're in the wagon business"—

"Oh," said Mr. Duncan, "I thought you meant the 'sample room' over there." He nodded toward the bar. "That's what you call the dispensaries of intoxicating liquors in this part of the country, is it not?"

Will made a noise resembling an affirmative and as soon as he got his breath explained that traveling men generally wanted a sort of a show room next to theirs and that that was called a sample room too.

"But I'm not a traveling man," said the mysterious stranger. "So I shall have as little use for the one as the other."

"Then the room on the third floor'll do for you," said Will. "How long do you calculate on stayin'?"

"That will depend," said Mr. Duncan, "a day or so, perhaps longer, until I can find comfortable and more permanent quarters."

In his amazement Will jabbed the pen so hard into the potato beside the ink well that he never could get the nib out and had to buy a new one. "You don't mean to say you're thinkin' of coming here to live?" he gasped.

"Yes, I do," said the young man apologetically. "I don't think you'll find me in the way. I shall be very quiet and unobtrusive. I'm a student looking for a quiet place in which to pursue my studies."

"Well," said Will, "you've found it, all right. There ain't no quieter place in Pennsylvania than Radville, Mr. Duncan. I hope you'll like it," he said, sarcastic.

"I shall endeavor to," said the young man. "And now may I go to my room, please? I should like to renovate my travel stained person to some extent before dinner."

"You'll have time," said Will. "Dinner's at noon tomorrow. I guess you're thinkin' about supper. That's ready now. Here, Tracey, you carry this gentleman's things up to No. 43."

I have never been able to understand how we failed to hear of it at Miss Carpenter's before 7 o'clock. That was the hour when, having finished supper and my first evening pipe, I started down town to the Citizen office, intending to stop in at the Bigelow House on the way and confound Will with the list of the day's happenings. Main street was pretty well crowded for that hour, I remembered noticing, and most of the townsfolk were grouped together on the corners, underneath the lamps, discussing something rather excitedly. I paid no particular attention, realizing that between Caesar, Pete Willing, Roland Burnette's suit and the checker game they had enough to talk about. So it wasn't until I walked into the Bigelow House office that I either heard or saw anything of the mysterious stranger.

Will Bigelow was in his usual place behind the desk and looked, I thought, rather disgruntled. His reply to my "Howdy, Will?" sounded somewhat snappish. But he got out of his chair and moved round the end of the desk just as the young man came out of the dining room door. Then Will pulled up, and I realized that he was calling my attention to the stranger.

Will grabbed my arm without saying anything and pulled me into the bar.

"Hello!" I said as he went round behind and opened the cigar case. "What's up?"

He took out two boxes of the finest five-centers in town and placed them before me. "Them's up," he said. "You win. Have one."

It staggered me to have him give in that way. I had been looking forward to a long and diverting dispute. "I guess you've heard everything worth hearing about today's history," I said, disappointed, as I selected the least unpleasant looking of the cigars.

"No, I haven't," he said. "I didn't have to hear anything. What earned you that smoke took place right here in this office. Here," he said, striking a match for me.

I had been trying to put the cigar away so that I might dispose of it without hurting Will's feelings, but he had me, so I recklessly poked the thing into the automatic clipper and then into my mouth. "What do you mean?" I asked, puffing.

"Come 'long outside," said Will, and we went out on the porch just in time to see Mr. Duncan going wearily upstairs to his room. "I mean," said Will, "him." And then he told me all about it.

"But things like that don't happen every day," he wound up defensively. "I'll go you another cigar on tomorrow."

"No, you won't," I said indignantly and furtively dropped the infamous thing over the railing.

CHAPTER V.

THE next morning I went out for a walk. I lingered a moment outside Sam Graham's old and much neglected drug store, thinking of the change that had come over it since the death of Margaret Graham, Betty's mother, for, despite its out of the way location, the shop had not always been unprofitable. While Margaret lived (my heart still ached with the memory of her name) Sam's business had prospered. She had been one of those women who can rise to any emergency in the interest of her loved ones. The first to realize Sam's improvidence and lack of executive ability, she had taken hold of the business with a firm hand and made it pay—while she lived.

During Margaret's regime, as I say, the shop had thrived. Sam had few ill wishers in Radville. The trade came his way. Then Betty was born, and Margaret died.

Most of this I have on hearsay. I left Radville shortly after their marriage and did not return until some months after Margaret's burial. By that time the shop had begun to show signs of neglect. Its stock was decimated, its trade likewise. Sam was struggling with his inventions more fiercely than ever—seeking forgetfulness, I always thought. The business was allowed to take care of itself. He had always a serene faith in his tomorrows.

Now, the little shop had been far distanced by the competition of Sothern & Lee. It was twenty years behind the times, as the saying is. Small, darksome, dreary and dingy, it served chiefly as a living room for Sam, his daughter and his cronies as well as for his workshop. He had a bench and a ramshackle lathe in one corner, where you might be sure to find him futilely pottering at almost any hour. He owned the little building—or that portion of it which it were a farce to term the equity above the mortgage—and Betty kept house for him in three rooms above the store.

I pushed the door open and entered. He looked up with his never failing smile of welcome and a wave of his hand.

"Howdy, Homer! Come in. Well, well, I'm glad to see you. Sit down. I think that chair there by the stove will hold together under you."

"What are you doing, Sam?" I asked.

"Fixin' up the sody fountain. Meant to get it workin' last month, Homer, but somehow I kind of forgot."

He rubbed away briskly at the single faucet which protruded above the counter, lathering it briskly with a metal polish that smelled to heaven.

"Do much sody trade, Sam?"

He paused, passing his worn old fingers reflectively across a chin

SAM GRAHAM.

snowy with a stubble of neglected beard. "No," he allowed thoughtfully, "not so much as we used to now that Sothern & Lee 've got this newfangled notion of puttin' ice cream in a nickel glass of sody. Most of the young folks go there now, but still I get a call now and then, and every little bit helps." He rubbed on ferociously for a moment. "Course I'd do more, likely, if I carried a bigger line of cigars."

"How many do you carry?"

"One," he admitted—with a sigh, "usually."

While I filled my pipe he continued to rub very industriously.

"Why don't you get more?"

He flashed me one of his pale, genial smiles. "I'm thinkin' of it, Homer, soon's I get some money in—next week, mebbe. There's a man in N' York that mebbe can be int'rested in one of my inventions, Roland Barnette says. Mebbe he'd be willin' to put a little money in it, Roland says, and of course if he does I'll be able to stock up considerable."

I sighed covertly for him. He rubbed, humming a tuneless rhythm to himself.

"Roland's goin' to write to him about it."

"What invention?" I asked, incredulous.

Sam put down his bottle of polish and came round the counter, beaming. Nothing pleases him better than an opportunity to exhibit some one of his innumerable models. "I'll show you, Homer," he volunteered cheerfully, shuffling over to his workbench. He

"I'LL SHOW YOU, HOMER."

rasped a match over its surface and applied the flame to a small gas bracket fixed to the wall. A strong rush of gas extinguished the match, and he turned the flow half off before trying again. This time the vapor caught and settled to a steady brilliant flame as white as and much softer than acetylene.

"There!" he said in triumph. "What d'ye think of that, Homer?"

"Why," I said, "I didn't know you had an acetylene plant."

"No more have I, Homer."

"But what is that, then?" I demanded.

"It's my invention," he returned proudly. "I've been workin' on it two years, Homer, and only got it goin' yestiddy. It's goin' to be a great thing, I tell you."

"But what is it, Sam?"

"It's gas from crude petroleum, Homer. See!" he continued, indicating a tank beneath the bench which seemed to be connected with the bracket by a very simple system of piping, broken by a smaller, cylindrical tank. "Ye put the oil in there—just crude as it comes out of the wells, Homer. It don't need refinin', and it runs through this and down here to this, where it's vaporized—much the same's they vaporize gasoline for automobile engines, ye know—and then it just naturally flows up to the bracket, and there ye are."

"It's wonderful, Sam," said I, wondering if it really were.

"And the best part of it is the economy, Homer. A gallon will run one jet six weeks, day in and out. And simple to install. I tell ye"—

"Have you got it patented yet?"

"Yes, siree! Took out patents just as soon as it struck me how simple it 'ud be—more than two-years ago. Only, of course, it took time to work it out just right, specially when I had to stop now and then 'cause I needed money for materials. But it's all right now, Homer; it's all right now."

"And you say Roland Barnette's writing to some one in New York about it?"

"Yes; he promised he would. I explained it to Roland, and he seemed real int'rested. He's kind, very kind."

I was inclined to doubt this and would probably have said something to that effect had not a shadow crossing the window brought me to my feet in consternation. But before I could do more than rise Colonel Bohun had flung open the door and stamped in. He stopped short at sight of me, misguided by his nearsighted eyes, and singled me out with a threatening wave of his heavy stick.

"Well, sir," he snarled. "I've come for my answer. Have you sense enough in your addled pate to understand that, man? I've come for my answer!"

"And may have it, whatever it may be, for all of me," I told him.

His face flushed a deeper red. "Oh, it's only you, is it, Littlejohn? I took you for that fool Graham in this dirty dark hole. Where is he?"

I looked to Graham, and he followed the direction of my gaze to the work bench, where Sam stood with his back to it, his worn hands folded quietly before him. He seemed a little whiter than usual, I thought, and perhaps it was only my fancy that made him appear to tremble ever so slightly, for he was quite calm and self possessed—so much so that I realized for the first time there was another man in Radville besides myself who did not fear old Colonel Bohun.

"I'm here, colonel," he said quietly. "What is it you wish?"

The colonel swung on him, shaking with passion. But he held his tongue until he had mastered himself somewhat, a feat of self restraint on his part over which I marvel to this day.

"You know well, Graham," he said presently, "you got my letter—the letter I wrote you a week ago?"

"Yes," said Sam, with a start of comprehension. "Yes, I got it."

"Then why the devil, man, don't you answer it?"

Sam's apologetic smile sweetened his face. "Why," he said haltingly, "I'm sure I meant no offense; but, you see, I'm a very busy man. I forgot it."

"The devil you forgot it! D'ye expect me to believe that, man?"

"I'm afraid you'll have to."

Bohun was speechless for a moment, stricken dumb by a second seizure of fury. But again he calmed himself.

"Very well; I'll swallow that insolence for the present"—

"It wasn't meant as such, I assure"—

"Don't interrupt me! D'you hear? I've come for my answer. Yes, I've come down to that, Graham. If you can't accord me the common courtesy of a written reply I've come to hear it from your mouth."

Sam nodded thoughtfully. "Mebbe," he said, "you forget you have failed to accord me the common courtesy of any sort of communication whatever for twenty years, Colonel Bohun. Even when my wife, your daughter, died you ignored my message asking you to her funeral."

"Be silent!" screamed the colonel. "Do you think I'm here to bandy words with you, fool? I demand my answer."

"And as for that," continued Sam as evenly as if he had not been interrupted, "your proposition was so preposterous that it could have come only from you and deserved no answer. But since you want it formally, sir, it's no."

For a moment I ared Bohun would have a stroke. The back of the chair I had just vacated and his stick alone supported him through that dumb, terrible transport. He shook so violently that I looked momentarily to see the chair break beneath him. There was insanity in his eyes. When finally he was able to articulate it was in broken gasps.

"I don't believe it," he stammered. "It's a lie! I don't believe it. It's madness. The girl wouldn't be so mad."

"What is it, father?"

I don't know which of us three was the most startled by that simple question in Betty Graham's voice. Sam, at all events, showed the least surprise. The old colonel wheeled toward the back of the store, his jaw dropping and his eyes protruding as though he were confronted with a ghost—as, in a way, he was. Even I had been struck by that strange, heartrending similarity to her mother's tone, and even I trembled a little to hear that voice, as it seemed, from beyond the grave.

Betty stood at the foot of the staircase. Alarmed by the noise of the colonel's raging, she had stolen down, unheard by any of us. And in that moment I realized as never before that the girl had more of her mother

SHE HAD STOLEN DOWN UNHEARD.

in her than lay in that marvelous reproduction of Margaret Graham's voice. As she waited there one detected in her pose something of her mother's quiet dignity, in her eyes more than a little of Margaret's tragedy. Of Margaret's beauty I saw scant trace, I own, but in those days my eyes were blinded by the signs of overwork and insufficient nourishment that marred her young features, by the hopeless dowdiness of her garments.

Abruptly she moved swiftly to her father's side and slipped her hand into his. "What is it, father?" she repeated, eying Colonel Bohun coldly.

"Why, Betty," he said, tremulous—"why, Betty, your grandfather here has been kind enough to offer to take you and educate you and make a lady of you, and—and we were just talking it over, dear—just talking it over."

"Do you mean that?" she flung at Bohun.

He straightened up and held himself well in hand. "Is it the first you have heard of it?"

"Yes." She looked inquiringly at her father.

"Why didn't you tell her?" Bohun persisted harshly. "Were you afraid?"

"No." Sam shook his head slowly. "I wasn't afraid, but it was unnecessary. You see, Betty, Colonel Bohun is willing to do all this for you on several conditions. You must leave me and never see me again. You mustn't even recognize me should we meet upon the street. You must change your name to Bohun and never permit yourself to be known as Betty Graham. Then you must"—

"Never mind, daddy, dear," said the girl. "That is enough. I know now. I understand why you never told me. It's impossible. Colonel Bohun knew that when he made the offer, of course. He made it simply to harass you, daddy. It's his revenge."

"And that's your answer, miss?" snapped the colonel, livid with wrath.

"I would not," she told him slowly, "accept a favor from you, sir, if I were starving."

Bohun drew himself up. "Then starve," he told her and walked out of the shop.

CHAPTER VI.

ON my way back from my walk I came across Duncan sitting on the wall of the bridge. I introduced myself to him, and we walked along together. Finally I asked him the reason for his presence in the town.

"I'm reading law, Mr. Littlejohn; that I shall continue. In the meantime I shall keep my eyes open for a job," he answered. "At any day, at any amount, the opportunity may present itself, the opportunity I'm looking for."

"Probably you're right," I assented, impressed, as we turned a corner.

A young woman in a very attractive linen gown was strolling toward us, quite prettily engaged with a book which she read as she walked, her fair young head bowed beneath a sunshade which tinted her face becomingly. She gave me a shy smile, and a low voiced greeting as we passed. Only my knowledge of the young woman prevented me from being blinded by her engaging appearance.

"That," said I when we were out of earshot, "shows you what a furore a good looking young man can create in a town like this. Josie Lockwood has

JOSIE LOCKWOOD.

put on her best bib and tucker to go walking in this afternoon on the off chance of meeting you, Mr. Duncan."

"Flattery note," he commented. "Who's Josie Lockwood?"

"Daughter of Blinky Lockwood, the richest man in Radville."

"Ah!" he said cryptically.

I managed to hear much of Mr. Duncan while I myself was engaged in formulating an estimate of the young man. He left the hotel and took modest accommodations at the house of Hetty Carpenter. He engaged the popular imagination no less than mine own, although I was more intimately associated with him as a fellow resident at Hetty Carpenter's. My professional duties making their habitual demands upon my time, I saw, it may be, less of him than many of our people. Certainly I learned less of his ways from first hand knowledge. But from my desk—it's the nearest to the window right above the postoffice door—I was enabled to keep a pretty close line upon his habits and movements during the first fortnight of his stay in Radville.

At home I saw him with unvarying regularity at mealtimes and less frequently after supper. Between whiles he seemed to observe a fairly regular routine. In the morning after breakfast he walked abroad for his health's sake. In the afternoon and evening he sequestered himself in his room for the pursuit of his legal studies. About the genuineness of these latter I was long without a question. Having been privileged to inspect his room, I found it redolent of an atmosphere of highly commendable application. His writing table was a model of neatness, and his store of legal treatises impressed one vastly. That no one, not even Hetty Carpenter, ever saw the room with-

"HE'S GOT SIX SUITS OF CLOTHES."

out remarking the open volume of "The Law of Torts," with its numerous pages painstakingly spaced by slips of paper by way of bookmarks, is an attested fact. That it was always the same volume is less widely known.

Less directly—that is to say, via my window—I learned of him compendiously from sources which would have been anonymous but for my long acquaintance with the voices of the townspeople. I write these pages at my desk at home and, if truth's to be told, somewhat surreptitiously. But with these voices ringing in my memory's ear I seemed still to be sitting at my erstwhile desk by the window, looking out over Courthouse square, chewing the rubber heel of my pencil the while I listen.

(To be Continued Next Sunday.)

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Candor is the brightest gem of criticism.—Disraeli.

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NEW SOUTHERN ENTERPRISES

Number of Important Undertakings Announced in This Week's Issue of Manufacturers' Record of Baltimore

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 20.—Among the many Southern industrial and other developmental announcements in this week's issue of the Manufacturers' Record are the following:

Illinois-Louisiana Alluvial Company, New Orleans, La., was chartered and with Alluvial Land Company, is controlled by New Orleans capitalists; they have purchased 51,000 acres of St. Bernard Parish land 25 miles from New Orleans, and will construct navigable canals, drain land in 5,000 acre units, build roads to New Orleans, divide into 10-acre farms for colonization, etc., will first develop 6,000 acres for experimental farm; arranged for $550,000 for immediate development.

Consolidated Reservoir Company, Grandfalls, Texas, is being organized to acquire three irrigation companies which have expended about $500,000 for facilities and to invest from $800,000 to $1,000,000 for constructing further facilities so that 62,500 acres can be irrigated.

Cameron County Drainage District No. 1, Brownsville, Texas, awarded contract for constructing three canals eight miles long converging into main canal from 24 miles long, for draning 80,000 acres of land; bonds for $204,500 issued for this improvement.

Jefferson Manufacturing Company, New Orleans, La., was organized with $250,000 capital stock to build plant, costing $110,000, with daily output of 8,000 gallons of proof spirits from blackstrap molasses; buildings to be of mill construction.

Ozark Power & Water Company, St. Louis, Mo., awarded contracts for constructing dam and furnishing water wheels and electrical machinery for waterpower-electrical plant on White River near Forsyth, Ark., about $1,000,000 reported as to be expended.

Eastern Panhandle Orchard Company, Keyser, W. Va., was chartered with $5,000 capital stock; proposes to purchase 336-acre orchard of 28,000 apple trees and 8,400 peach trees, also 200 acres unimproved and develop entire property.

Seaboard Air Line Railway, chief engineer's offices at Portsmouth, Va., awarded contract for constructing shops to replace plant recently burned at Savannah, Ga., cost probably over $75,000; contract includes 110 by 130-foot building, 10 stall round house with 20 engine pits, 40 by 60 foot power house, etc.; reinforced concrete and steel construction.

Southern Blau Gas Company, Louisville, Ky., organized and will build six unit brick and steel construction plant, costing about $800,000 with daily capacity of 600 bottles of gas.

Alabama Power & Development Company, Talladega, Ala., awarded contract for construction of $200,000 waterpower-electrical plant developing 2,000 horsepower for transmission by electricity.

Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company, Richmond, Va., was reported as to build $75,000 sulphuric acid plant at Shreveport, La.

Spruce Bend Coal Company, Bend, W. Va., recently incorporated with $200,000 capital stock, will develop 823 acres of land to an ultimate daily capacity of 1,000 tons of coal.

Great Falls Power Company, Nashville, Tenn., plans to begin construction of waterpower-electrical plant developing power at Great Falls of Caney Fork River near Falls City, Tenn., will build dam 110 feet high, developing maximum of 42,000 horsepower for transmission by electricity to Nashville, 68 miles distant, and other cities.

Central Georgia Power Company, Macon, Ga., has plans for constructing $85,000 substation at Atlanta and awarded contract for constructing substation at Bibb, Ga., in connection with its plans for transmitting electricity to Atlanta.

Southern Electro-Chemical Company of New York and Charlotte, N. C., will soon complete nitro acid plant utilizing 4,000 electrical horsepower and has in view construction of additional plant using about 20,000 horsepower, at Nitrolee, S. C.

W. S. Wilson Lumber Company, Zebulon, N. C., was incorporated with $100,000 capital stock to manufacture lumber.

North Pole Ice Cream Freezer Company, Charlotte, N. C., was incorporated with $50,000 capital stock to manufacture ice cream freezers.

American Box & Lumber Company, Norfolk, Va., was incorporated with $25,000 capital stock to manufacture lumber and boxes.

American Radiator Company, Chicago, Ill., was reported as to build $1,000,000 plant at Birmingham, Ala.

Pratt Consolidated Coal Company, Birmingham, Ala., will construct facilities for coaling vessels at Mobile, Ala.

Catawba Ice & Cold Storage Company, Salisbury, N. C., will build 75-ton ice and 4,000-ton cold storage plants at Salisbury and Spencer, N. C., buildings of fireproof construction.

Industrial Cotton Oil Company, of Houston, Texas, will build cottonseed oil mill to replace plant recently destroyed by fire at loss of more than $500,000.

Boston Oil & Guano Company, Boston, Ga., was incorporated with $68,000 capital stock to manufacture cottonseed oil and fertilizer.

Barrett Manufacturing Company, New York, and other cities, appropriated $850,000 to build cold tar distilling plant at Birmingham, Ala.

SPANISH CRUISER DISABLED

Pump Burst Yesterday While Off the Moroccan Coast

Melilla, Morocco, Jan. 19.—The starboard centrifugal pump on the Spanish protected cruiser Reina Regente burst today when the vessel was off Cala Azenan, causing a bad leak in the engine which was rapidly flooded. As the cruiser seemed in imminent danger of sinking the captain beached her. He hopes to effect temporary repairs which will enable him to reach Cartagena, where the Reina Regente can be dry docked.

The cruiser Reina Regente is a steel cruiser 237 feet long and displaces 5,870 tons. She is used as a training ship and has a completement of 470 men.

Home Health Club

By Dr. David H. Reeder, La Porte, Indiana.

Pneumonia:—This is the time of the year when pneumonia—commonly known as lung fever—prevails to the greatest extent and is most severe. It is an alarming affliction and yet under simple treatment is readily cured in the average case. It is most dangerous to those persons who have been addicted to intemperate habits, of any kind, though the individual may seemingly be very strong and generally healthy. In the cases of persons who are constitutionally frail any disease is proportionally more dangerous, and pneumonia, of course, is no exception.

Always the very best advice that can be given concerning any disease is to avoid having it, which may be done—everything else being equal—by steadfast precaution, which, for the most part, is careful living; the avoidance of intemperance in all things; not only intemperance in the use of stimulants and narcotics, but in that of heedless and unnecessary exposure to bad weather; over-eating, or the eating of foods that are notoriously hard on the stomach; to any sort of unnecessary overdoing.

The Home Health Club method of treatment is simple and practical and may be used with equal success far out in the wilderness, in the humblest cabin, or in the mansion of the millionaire. It has been successfully tried in almost all conditions of life, and has been adopted by many able physicians, who heretofore relied—often disastrously—upon more complicated methods. And yet the method of the Home Health Club is from the oldest of all the schools, being Nature's simple method. This remedy is Water. Hydrotherapy, is the big word by which it is known, scientifically, but simple Water Cure is a better name.

The crisis in pneumonia may appear either at the third, fifth, seventh or even as late as the ninth day, and this must be remembered when treating it, so as to be prepared to meet it. The greatest danger at this period is the liability of heart failure and nervous break-down. The temperature of the patient must also be carefully watched, because persistent high fever is a great tax on the heart's power, demanding of it extra action, and it also increases the discomfort of the patient at a time when discomfort decreases his ability to withstand his other sufferings. If the patient's temperature is more than 102 Fahrenheit, efforts should be made to reduce it.

Previously, certain drugs derived from coal tar were used as the means of reducing fever temperature. They were known as anti-febrile agents—meaning "against fever." To some extent these coal tar products are still used, but not nearly so much. The best remedy to reduce temperature in the patient without distressing him, is to place a hot water bottle at his feet—and when we say hot, that is just what is meant—H-O-T. Then apply a cold compress—a cold water pack—to the base of the brain—the back of the head, renewing it as soon as it becomes the least bit warm. In this manner of reducing the temperature, a too sudden reduction must be carefully avoided. This can be done by simply using the treatment with less vigor.

Of course, it is absolutely necessary that those in charge of a pneumonia patient must have a clinical thermometer. The temperature should be taken with this instrument every three or four hours, while there is any fever, and while the treatment for reducing the temperature is proceeding, as directed above, it should be taken very frequently. Sometimes it runs to 108, and even to 110 degrees, but from 102 to 106 is the average. It is safe to reduce this at the rate of two or three degrees per hour.

A highly important matter in this treatment is the ventilation of the sick room. Keep it well supplied with pure fresh air, even at the expense of the room's temperature. It is a great mistake to think that patients suffering from pneumonia must not be allowed to breathe a particle of cold air, on account of the weakened condition of the lungs. Cold air is not desirable, but when it must be either cold or impure, choose the cold and pure by all means. Pure air, and lots of it, should be the watchword.

The temperature may, at any time after the third day, be found very high, and the overburdened heart unequal to its task. Unless relieved and that quickly, it will soon become exhaused and cease its efforts. What to do under such circumstances, and before it is possible to obtain the services of a physician, is of vital importance. The skilful use of cold water is now imperative, and the person in charge must not only employ cold water but common sense and good judgment. First see that the hot applications have been carefully placed at the feet—a hot fomentation well up to the knees—preceded by a sponging with hot vinegar. Then have a bowl of cold water handy, and two cloths, about the size of a gentleman's handkerchief, folding them to about six inches square. Wring one of them out of the cold water and lay it over the heart next to the skin. Then place over this an ordinary towel to protect the clothing from moisture.

Relief is almost instantaneous, and perhaps in five minutes, or sooner, in some cases, after the second compress is applied, the pulse beats will be found much nearer normal. In two acute cases these compresses were applied every two minutes for six or eight times, with the best results. There may be serious danger in applying a large compress in this way, and changing it too frequently, but a linen handkerchief is comparatively safe.

After the fever has been broken it is necessary to prepare the vitality for the collapse that is sure to come. It is very difficult to get pneumonia patients to take nourishment. If caution is not exercised the collapse finds them so weak as to be unable to withstand it. Nothing but liquid nourishment should be given while the case is serious. Pure milk is excellent, but malted milk is preferable, because it contains more nutriment and is more readily assimilated. The patient will probably not take more than a few swallows at a time, but it should be repeated every two hours or so.

The feet should be kept moist and warm. If they become dry and cold, or both, they should be immediately bathed with a solution of acetic acid and made very warm. This acetic acid bath should be continued, even to the whole body, as it will open the pores and keep the eliminating process vigorous, thus maintaining the general vitality.

Judiciously used, the cold water treatment will reduce the mortality in cases of pneumonia to smaller per cent. than has ever been supposed possible and the disease made to be little feared by the readers of the Home Health Club.

All readers of this publication are at liberty to write for information pertaining to the subject of health at any time. Address all communications to the Home Health Club, or Dr. David H. Reeder, LaPorte, Ind., with name and address in full and at least four cents in postage.

ATLANTA AUTO SHOW.

More Space for Big Exhibit to Take Place Next Month.

Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 20.—Insistent demands from prospective exhibitors not already located, for space in the Atlanta automobile show, have resulted in the show's executive committee taking in 4,000 square feet that it had not expected to use, and lifting the limit by just that much above the 18,700 square feet (all that was then available) which was apportioned, to the last square inch, at the drawing on January 5th. The management declares that further provision may yet be necessary to care for all of the exhibitors who want to enter. It is contemplating the construction of a mezzanine floor, which would increase the space by 10,000 more feet, making a total of 32,700.

Space has already been engaged for the following makes of car: Buick, Velie, Overland, E. M. F., Flanders, Columbia, Maxwell, White, National, Everitt, Brush, Liberty Brush, Locomobile, Ford, Mitchell, Peerless, Marmon, American, Hudson, Stodoard-Dayton, Courier, Case, Chalmers, Cadillac, Detroit electric, Pierce Arrow, Apperson, Stevens-Duryea, Baker electric, International truck, R. C. H., Hupp, Yeates electric, Firestone-Columbus, Columbus electric, Autocar truck, Winton, Rausch and Lang electric, Pope-Hartford, Cole, Krit, Stearns Mac truck, Thomas and Mercer.

Forty-three exhibitors are now enrolled, with more to follow. Among the exhibitors are 15 Southern factory branches, three Southern agencies, one State branch and a number of local agencies. Twenty-five of the exhibitors have Georgia in their territory, 14 have Florida; 12 Alabama, nine South Carolina, seven Tennessee, six Mississippi, four North Carolina, four Louisiana, one Virginia, one Texas. This list will be enlarged before the doors of the show open on February 10th.

GRAY HAIRS QUICKLY VANISH

Harmless Remedy Made From Garden Sage Restores Color to Gray Hair Stops Falling Hair and Makes Hair Grow.

A feeling of sadness accompanies the discovery of the first gray hairs, which, unfortunately, are looked upon as heralds of advancing age. Gray hairs, however, are not always an indication of advancing age, for many people have gray hair quite early in life. Of course, it is unnatural, and indicates that there is something wrong with the individual, and that Nature needs assistance in correcting the trouble. The same is true of hair that is constantly falling out and becoming thinner every day. If everything is right with Nature, the hair, even in comparatively elderly people, should be long, thick and glossy, without even a streak of gray.

The ideal assistant to Nature is restoring and preserving the hair is Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy, a clean and wholesome dressing for daily use. It not only removes dandruff, but strengthens weak, thin and falling hair and promotes its growth. A few applications will restore faded or gray hair to its natural color.

Get a bottle today, and let it do for you what it has done for thousands of others.

This preparation is offered to the public at fifty cents a bottle, and is recommended and sold by all druggists.

Special Agents: J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., Front and Grace streets.

State of Ohio, city of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County,

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Hoop Iron and Rivets

25 Bundles 1 1-4 inch Iron.
50 Bundles 1 1-2 inch Iron.
300 Bundles 1 inch Iron.
1,000 Pounds Rivets.
25 Barrels Glue.
25,000 Bungs; all sizes.
600 Second-hand Empty Machine Casks.

Also many car loads of other goods. Let us have your orders.

D. L. GORE COMPANY
Wholesale Grocers and Importers.
WILMINGTON, : : N. C.

CIVIC IMPROVEMENT.

Prizes Again Offered Under Auspices of Sorosis.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Civic Department of Sorosis, held on January 16th, one of the important matters under discussion was the annual prize contest. This was inaugurated last year, and, with a few changes which experience has suggested, it is expected that even more interest and success will result this season.

The Tidewater Power Co., has repeated its liberal offer of last year, and this will again be supplemented by subscriptions from some of our public spirited citizens.

It is time now for all contestants to make plans for planting, place orders for plants, seeds, shrubs, etc., and fertilize the ground. The rules governing the contest are as follows:

All entries should be made by April 1st, each contestant specifying the prize which will be competed for. All prizes will be awarded June 1st.

Yards entered for bulbs will be judged only when they are at their best.

In order to make the contest of interest to a greater number of people, it has been decided to make the amount of prizes smaller in some instances.

Following the plan of last year, there will be two sets of prizes: One for yards along car lines in the city and as far as Lumina, and a similar set for yards not on car lines.

For most attractive yards:
First prize, $15.00.
Second prize, $10.00.
Third prize, $5.00.

For best display of Climbing Roses:
First prize, $10.00.
Second prize, $5.00.

For best display of standing roses:
First prize, $10.00.
Second prize, $5.00.

For best kept lawn, $10.00.

For most beautiful hedge, $10.00.

For best display of bulbs, first prize $10.00; second prize $5.

For most attractive mass of shrubs, $10.

Five prizes of $2.50 each will be given for the most beautiful single vine of wistaria, jessamine, bamboo, moonflower and ampelopsis or Boston Ivy.

Cottage gardens will be divided into three districts; along car line, north of Market street; south of Market street. First prize $10; second prize $5; third prize $2.50 for each district.

For the best window boxes in each of the schools: First and second prizes of $5 and $2.50 will be offered.

Those who won are eligible for a blue ribbon this year and those who won second and third prizes can compete for the next highest. Other details bearing on the contest will be given from time to time through these columns, but it was deemed expedient to announce without further delay that the contest will take place again so that ample time be given for planning and planting.

There is hardly an experience in fiction more thrilling than that of Captain John W. Harper and his crew on the foundered steamer, Medeleine, off New River, last week. Harper is a man of fine physique, a splendid swimmer and has saved perhaps a dozen lives from the river and the beach. It looks an act of providence for somebody to pick him up when nature was exhausted and the terror of death confronted him. We salute Capt. Harper on his safe return to his family and friends in Wilmington. The loss of his vessel is as nothing compared to the saving of his life.—Charlotte Chronicle.

Handsome china ramekins should not be used as baking dishes, but reserved for creamed entrees. To put in the oven have a set of the most attractive individual earthenware dishes you can find. Many of these now come with silver cases for table use.

WELCOME WORDS TO WOMEN

Women who suffer with disorders peculiar to their sex should write to Dr. Pierce and receive free the advice of a physician of over 40 years' experience—a skilled and successful specialist in the diseases of women. Every letter of this sort has the most careful consideration and is regarded as sacredly confidential. Many sensitively modest women write fully to Dr. Pierce what they would shrink from telling to their local physician. The local physician is pretty sure to say that he cannot do anything without "an examination." Dr. Pierce holds that these distasteful examinations are generally needless, and that no woman, except in rare cases, should submit to them.

Dr. Pierce's treatment will cure you right in the privacy of your own home. His "Favorite Prescription" has cured hundreds of thousands, some of them the worst of cases.

It is the only medicine of its kind that is the product of a regularly graduated physician. The only one good enough that its makers dare to print its every ingredient on its outside wrapper. There's no secrecy. It will bear examination. No alcohol and no habit-forming drugs are found in it. Some unscrupulous medicine dealers may offer you a substitute. Don't take it. Don't trifle with your health. Write to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, President, Buffalo, N. Y.,—take the advice received and be well.

Brick! - Brick!

Large Stock, Quick Delivery and Best Quality.
LIME, CEMENT and PLASTER.

Roger Moore's Sons & Company

PHONE 154.

The Advantage of Greensboro

WHEN I am asked why a patient should come to the Keeley Institute at Greensboro, I cannot help pointing out the manifest advantage of its location. For you know North Carolina has long been famous as a winter resort. And the season has gradually lengthened until many of the best hotels keep open all the year round.

Now Greensboro has the same altitude, climate and beautiful country as the other North Carolina health resorts—and is unusually accessible besides. Only a few hours ride from all the large cities of the South, East and Middle West, it is a railway center with more than 50 trains a day, several of them fast through trains.

Then again, everything about the Institute is calculated to make a man forget that he is a patient.

You can indulge in riding, driving, motoring, golfing or any other out-door recreation. And you find the Institute itself as homelike and comfortable as any hotel at which you ever stayed. The whole purpose and aim of our management and attendants is to make a patient's stay as pleasant and comfortable as possible. I have laid the greatest emphasis on this phase of our treatment in all the eighteen years I have been president of the Institute.

Whatever your interest in the Keeley Treatment—whether for your self or someone else—write us. We will treat your letter with strictest confidence.

W. H. OSBORN, President

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE

Greensboro — Regularly authorized by Leslie E. Keeley Co. — North Carolina

The Pair of Rubbers You Buy Tomorrow Won't Keep Your Feet Dry Today.

Procrastination is positively dangerous at times, and particularly so when RUBBERS are NOT purchased until wet feet have brought on a cold. It is usually a good time then to call in the family doctor.

We sell the famous Wales-Goodyear brand Rubbers, reliable, comfortable and good wearing. Buy now and be ready.

Men's	65c to $1.00
Women's	50c to 75c
Boys' and Girls'	50c to 75c
Children's	50c

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109 Market Street.

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We Offer the Trade the Following Well Known and Popular Brands:

Cooper's Reward, C. S. M., 8-2-2.	Cooper's Lenox, 8-3-3.	Cooper's Acid Phosphate, 14%.
Cooper's Waccamaw, 8-2-2.	Cooper's Sunset, C. S. M., 8-3-3.	Cooper's Acide Phosphate, 16%.
Cooper's Sterling Complete, 8-2-2.	Cooper's Clifford, 8-3-3.	Cooper's Grain Grower, 10-2.
Cooper's Recorder, 8.85-2-2.	Cooper's Horto, C. S. M., 8-4-4.	Cooper's Grain Producer, 10-4.
Cooper's Crusoe, 8-2½-2.	Cooper's Helmar, 8-4-4.	Cooper's German Kainit, 12%.
Cooper's Potato, 8-2-10.	Cooper's Chadbourn Trucker, 8-3-10.	Cooper's Muriate Potash, 48%.
Cooper's Peanut Bouncer, 8-1.21-4.	Cooper's Finis, 7-5-5.	Cooper's Sulphate Potash, 50%.
Cooper's Zenith, 8-2-3.	Cooper's Kibe, 8-5-7.	Cooper's Nitrate Soda, 18%.
Cooper's Bunker Hill, 8-2½-3.	Cooper's High Grade, 7-6-5.	Cooper's Bone, 4½%.
Cooper's Swamp Fox, 8-3½-2.	Cooper's Bald Head Island, 8-2-2.	Cooper's Fish Scrap, 10%.

TIME TRIED. CROP TESTED. UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION.

Sold only through our Regular Representatives. For Prices or other information, please see our agents, in your town.

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Manufacturers High Grade Fertilizers.

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